MODEL: SC 1-75, SC 1-76

YEAR: DECEMBER 1986 & UP

SERIAL NO: 84337 & UP

MANUAL NO: MD-175-01

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## IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This vehicle conforms to applicable portions of ANSI B56.8 (American National Standard Personnel and Burden Carriers). This manual is designed for use by Vehicle Operators and Service Personnel alike. Throughout the manual, there are various WARNINGS, CAUTIONS, and NOTICES which must be carefully read to help reduce the possiblitiy of personal injury. Maintenance personnel must understand that if a service procedure or method is used that is not recommended by Taylor-Dunn, it then becomes the personal responsibility of the person performing the work to first satisfy himself that neither his safety, the safety of others, or the safety of the vehicle will be endangered. ANSI B56.8 applies to only those vehicles with Serial Numbers dated after July 31, 1982.

Definitions of the three terms are as follows:

WARNING - There is a potential for injury to yourself and others.

CAUTION - There is a potential for damage to the vehicle.

NOTE - Specific information clarifying or giving the reason for a particular maintenance or service procedure.

Before operating your Taylor-Dunn vehicle, it is your responsibility to read, understand and follow the safety and operating instructions contained in this manual to help ensure your safety and comfort. If this car is to be used for rental purposes, it is your responsibility to explain to the operator about the various controls and vehicle operating characteristics. Equally important is the operators need to know the basic rules required for safe operation of the vehicle in day to day usage. Sections 5 and 6 of ANSI B56.8 have been inserted in Section 3 page 3 of this manual for your specific operating guidelines.

- Vehicle is to be operated only by qualified persons and only in designated areas.
- Vehicle will not be started until all occupants are seated.
- 3. Occupants must remain seated while vehicle is in motion.
- 4. Arms, legs and feet must be kept inside while vehicle is in motion.
- 5. Slow down making a turn.
- 6. Drive slowly straight up and down inclines.
- Set parking brake before leaving vehicle.
- Forward/Reverse lever must be in the correct position for direction of travel desired.

WARNING: FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ABOVE INSTRUCTIONS COULD RESULT IN INJURY TO THE VEHICLE OCCUPANTS, BYSTANDERS AND TO PROPERTY.

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# INSPECTION, SAFETY AND INTRODUCTION ARRIVAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Visual Inspection should be made to determine that the truck has remained in good condition during transit. If any damage is found, the details should be noted on the delivery receipt immediately. After delivery the truck should be most carefully checked for HIDDEN DAMAGE. Any concealed damage not noted on the delivery receipt should be reported, in writing, to the delivering carrier within 48 hours.

The following checklist has been prepared to aid you during arrival and inspection of your vehicle.

- A. Open all packages and examine any accessories which may be shipped detached from vehicle.
- B. Examine wiring for visible evidence of damage. Check all connections to insure that none have loosened during transit.
- C. Check all battery connections and electrolyte level in each cell.
- D. Inspect battery charger in accordance with manufacturers installation instructions.
- E. Check tires for damage and proper inflation. check wheel lugs to insure they are tight.
- F. If vehicle is equipped with hydraulic brakes, check hydraulic lines for evidence of damage.
- G. Check brake fluid level in master cylinder.
- H. Examine entire vehicle for damage such as dents or cracks.
- I. Check operation of controls to see that they are working freely.

Upon completion of the Visual Inspection, an operational test should be made after a thorough review of Sections 1, 2 and 3.

NOTE: Occasionally you may receive a "Power Traction" equipped vehicle with the oil level below the oil level point. This is a perfectly normal situation and it is not harmful to the unit. It occurs during vehicle transit when oil drains from the chain case into the drive axle housing. A short period of normal operation will restore the chain case oil level to the proper point. To hurry the process, drive the vehicle in reverse for a few minutes then proceed with normal operation.

# INSPECTION, SAFETY AND INTRODUCTION (continued) SAFETY

The safe and satisfactory use of any vehicle is a responsibility shared by many persons.

As the manufacturer, we feel that it is our responsibility to emphasize vehicle characteristics and make safety recommendations regarding those characteristics. That is the primary purpose of this portion of the manual.

Persons who operate this vehicle need to be aware of, and to observe, the safe driving rules established in their locality, and need also to be aware of the vehicle operating characteristics and safety recommendations of the manufacturer, to assist them in exercising the judgement necessary to prevent injury to themselves or to others.

IMPORTANT: Persons who service and maintain the vehicle need to be aware of how their activities relate to safe vehicle operation, and of potential hazards involved in the service and maintainance processes, to assist them in applying sensible judgement to those processes.

STEBRING: This vehicle has a very small minimum turning radius, and low ratio steering leverage.

CAUTION: These characteristics, so desirable for maneuverability at slow speeds, require that great care be exercised at high speeds to avoid turning so sharply that one or more wheels lose contact with the ground, or that the vehicle is caused to overturn. Be especially careful while traveling on an incline. Avoid sharp turns, even at slow speeds.

SPEED: This vehicle is designed to attain its maximum safe operating speed on level ground. That speed can easily be exceeded when traveling down hill. If this is allowed to occur, vehicle stability and braking performance become unpredictable. CAUTION: DO NOT exceed, under any circumstances, the maximum design speed of the vehicle.

CONTROLS: Bring the vehicle to a complete standstill before operating the forward/reverse switch to change direction of travel. Operation of this control while the vehicle is in motion can result in complete loss of power. DO NOT use the accelerator to hold the vehicle at a standstill on an incline. Use only the brakes to hold the vehicle at rest while on a hill. CAUTION: Intentional/unintentional mis-use of controls could result in an accident.

BRAKES: The brake system relies on contact of rear tires with the ground for effectiveness. As tire to ground contact is reduced, braking effect is reduced. While driving, the operator must consider terrain, speed and steering maneuvers to prevent tires from losing contact with the ground, with consequent reduction of braking action.

MAINTENANCE: Many operating characteristics relate to maintenance in ways which are not readily obvious. Those maintenance characteristics most closely related to vehicle operating safety are indicated in Section 3 & 4.

CAUTION: Also to be considered is the safety of personnel who perform service and maintenance duties. Two characteristics need special emphasis.

- 1. This electric vehicle does not "idle" noisily, is <u>never</u> "out of gear", and is set into motion whenever the battery to the motor circuit is closed, intentionally or otherwise. Whenever practical, disconnect battery leads to avoid unintentional starting of the motor during servicing or maintenance.
- 2. Batteries emit gasses which can be explosive, especially while they are being charged. Personnel who are involved with servicing vehicles, or maintaining vehicles, need to be made familiar with this hazard. A detailed explanation is contained in Section 8.

# INSPECTION, SAFETY AND INTRODUCTION continued SAFETY

#### CAUTION:

- When performing maintenance on any part of the vehicle electrical system, disconnect main battery leads, place forward/reverse switch in neutral. Remove key from keylock in dash panel.
- Never replace a circuit fuse with one having a higher rating than the original equipment fuse. Fuses have been selected to provide full circuit protection for all operating conditions. A FUSE WILL ONLY BLOW DUE TO A SHORT CIRCUIT. Therefore, always locate and correct the cause of short-circuit before replacing a blown fuse. Using a fuse of higher rating is an UNSAFE PRACTICE and could cause serious damage to equipment.

#### INTRODUCTION

**GENERAL:** The Taylor-Dunn SC 1-75, 1-76, are special purpose vehicles designed for use on smooth surfaces in and around industrial plants. They are used primarily for stock chasing and order picking of heavy parts, pallets and containerized pallets etc. Both models are controlled from the rear by a stand-up operator.

CAUTION: These vehicles are not designed to be driven on public highways.

DRIVE CONFIG	GURATION	LOAD CAPACITY RATING				
MAXIMUM SPEED	MOTOR RATING	SOLID CUSHION TIRES	PNEUMATIC TIRES 6 PLY LR-C 4 PLY LR-B			
5.5 MPH 6.5 MPH 8.0 MPH 8.0 MPH	6.7 HP 6.7 HP 6.7 HP 4.5 HP	3,000 LBS. 2.600 LBS. 1,500 LBS 1,000 LBS.	2,200 LBS. 1,500 LBS. 2,200 LBS. 1,500 LBS. 1,500 LBS. 1,500 LBS. 1,000 LBS 1,000 LBS.			

# CAUTION:

Speeds or loads in excess of rated capacity may adversely affect vehicle stability and/or steering control and could result in an accident. In addition motor windings may be damaged even though the motor circuit is not engaged.

#### MODEL NUMBER:

The following model numbers are covered by this manual: Models 1175 SC and 1176 SC starting with Serial Number 84337.

#### SERIAL NUMBER:

The serial number is stamped on the upper surface of the angle frame member which supports the rear of the deck board, approximately six inches from the left side. The model and serial numbers are on a name plate riveted to the console panel situated forward of the operator's platform.

# REPLACEMENT PARTS:

Replacement parts may be purchased directly from your local authorized Taylor Dunn dealer. See Section 19 for procedure.

# SERIAL NO.

The model number and serial number are on a decal attached to the cowl panel left of the steering column. In ordering parts or referring to your unit, please use these numbers. Replacement parts can be purchased directly from your local authorized dealer. This manual applies to model SC 1-75 starting with serial number

## TAYLOR-DUNN LIMITED 90 DAY WARRANTY

TAYLOR-DUNN MANUFACTURING COMPANY (TDMC), warrants each new Taylor-Dunn vehicle for ninety (90) days according to the following terms:

This warranty provides coverage for the original retail purchaser only and becomes effective on the date of the original retail purchase.

Any part of the Taylor-Dunn vehicle manufactured or supplied by TDMC and found in the reasonable judgment of TDMC to be defective in material or workmanship will be repaired and/or replaced at the business location of an authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor only without charge for parts and labor. The Taylor-Dunn vehicle (including any defective part) must be delivered to an authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor within the warranty period.

All costs of a service call regarding warranty-related repairs and/or replacements on the Taylor-Dunn vehicle at the owner's location, the labor performed by the distributor at the owner's location, all costs of delivering the Taylor-Dunn vehicle to the distributor for warranty work and the costs of returning the Taylor-Dunn vehicle back to the owner after repair or replacement will be paid for by the owner. Proof of purchase will be required by the authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor to substantiate any warranty claim. All warranty work must be performed by an authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor.

TDMC does not provide a warranty related to SCR's, tires, batteries, chargers, or other parts not of their manufacture as such parts are usually warranted separately by their respective manufacturers.

This warranty does not include service items subject to normal wear such as brake linings, seals, belts, light bulbs and fuses.

This warranty does not provide coverage for any Taylor-Dunn vehicle that has been subject to misuse, neglect, negligence, accident, or operated in any way contrary to the operating or maintenance instructions as specified in the TDMC operator's manual. The warranty does not apply to any Taylor-Dunn vehicle that has been altered or modified so as to adversely affect the vehicle's operation, performance or durability or that has been altered or modified so as to change its intended use. In addition, the warranty does not extend to repairs made necessary by normal wear, or by the use of parts or accessories which in the reasonable judgment of TDMC are either incompatible with the Taylor-Dunn vehicle or adversely affect its operation, performance or durability.

Repairs or replacements qualifying under this warranty will be performed by an authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor following delivery of the vehicle to the distributor's place of business. TDMC's responsibility in respect to claims is limited to making the required repairs or replacements. No claim of breach of warranty shall be cause for cancellation of the contract of sale of any Taylor-Dunn vehicle.

TDMC assumes no liability or responsibility for loss of use of the Taylor-Dunn vehicle, loss of time, inconvenience, or other damage, consequential or otherwise, including, but not limited to, all costs for delivering the Taylor-Dunn vehicle to the distributor and all costs of returning the vehicle back to the owner, mechanic's travel time, telephone or telegram charges, trailering or towing charges, rental of a like vehicle during the time warranty repairs are being performed, travel, lodging, loss or damage to personal property, or loss of revenue.

TDMC reserves the right to change or improve the design of any vehicle without assuming any obligation to modify any TDMC vehicle previously manufactured.

All implied warranties are limited in duration to the ninety (90) day warranty period. Accordingly, any such implied warranties

including merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or otherwise, are disclaimed in their entirety after the expiration of the ninety (90) day warranty period. TDMC's obligation under this warranty is absolutely and exclusively limited to the repair or replacement of defective parts, and TDMC does not assume, or does not authorize anyone to assume for them, any other obligation.

This warranty applies to all TDMC vehicles sold in the United States.

#### WARRANTY SERVICE

To make a claim under warranty, contact an authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor immediately upon realizing a problem exists. We recommend having the warranty work performed by the distributor who originally sold you the vehicle; however, warranty work can be obtained from any authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor. Remember, your Taylor-Dunn vehicle must be delivered to an authorized distributor within the warranty period, and all warranty work must be performed only by an authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor. Your proof of purchase will be required by the dealer to verify any warranty claim.

#### **Examples of Items Not Covered by Warranty**

Provisions of the warranty will not apply to:

Normal service requirements occurring during the warranty period, such as adjustment and cleaning or wear of a drive belt, drive chain, brake or rheostat.

Normal service work over and above the repair and replacement of defective parts. Vehicles subject to misuse, neglect, negligence, or accident.

Vehicles that have been altered or modified so as to adversely affect their operation, performance or durability or to change their intended use.

Repairs made necessary by the use of parts or accessories which are either incompatible with the vehicle or adversely affect its operation, performance or durability.

Vehicles not operated or maintained in accordance with the instructions in the Taylor-Dunn Operator's Manual.

Periodic checking, lubricating the vehicle or service check-up.

All costs of delivering the vehicle to the distributor and all costs of returning the vehicle back to the owner, mechanic's travel time, trailering or towing charges, or rental of a like vehicle during the time warranty repairs are being performed.

This warranty applies only to the original retail purchaser. Second-owner or subsequently owned vehicles are not covered under the warranty.

# Owner's Obligation and Responsibility

Normal maintenance service and replacement of service items are the responsibility of the owner and as such are not considered defects in material or workmanship with the terms of this warranty. Individual operating habits and usage may contribute extensively to the need for maintenance service.

Consult with your authorized Taylor-Dunn distributor for advice on proper maintenance and care of your vehicle. Proper maintenance and care will be very helpful in keeping your overall operating costs at a minimum.

To assure warranty coverage, it is the owner's responsibility to maintain all components in proper adjustment and to service the vehicle as specified in the Taylor-Dunn Vehicle Operator's Manual. It is the owner's responsibility to provide proper lubrication for all components and provide correct recommended battery maintenance, to maintain the battery liquid level and charge as specified, as well as maintain the correct pressure in the tires of the vehicle.

SECTION 3 Page 1

#### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The controls on your Taylor-Dunn vehicle have been designed and located for convenience of operation and efficient performance. Before driving your vehicle for the first time, familiarize yourself with each of the controls. Read the following instructions and with power OFF, operate each control.

#### STEERING

The steering wheel and steering system is similar to automotive types. Turn the steering wheel to the right (clockwise) for a right turn and left (counterclockwise) for a left turn.

#### KEY LOCK

Your vehicle is equipped with a keyed lock located on the instrument panel. It is designed to lock the switch in the neutral position only. The key will remove from the lock in the locked position (neutral) only.

# BRAKE AND ACCELERATOR

The foot treadle is a combination brake and accelerator control. It is pivoted near the center so that application of heel pressure to the rear of the treadle applies braking action, while application of toe pressure to the front of the treadle releases the brakes and controls the amount of power delivered to the motor. Full power is achieved when the front of the treadle is depressed as far as it is allowed to travel, and minimum power is achieved when the front of the treadle is partially depressed. intermediate speeds occur between those two positions.

Spring pressure holds the treadle in the braked position when no foot pressure is applied. This provides automatic braking when the vehicle is parked and left unattended.

#### FORWARD-REVERSE SWITCH

The forward-reverse switch is located on the console, to the right of the driver. To travel forward, move the operating handle to the position marked "FORWARD". To travel rearward, move the operating handle to the position marked "REVERSE".

# FORWARD-REVERSE SWITCH (PWR-TRON II)

The forward-reverse switch is located on a separate panel with the key lock. It is a rocker type switch. Depressing the upper part moves the vehicle forward. Depressing the lower part moves the vehicle in reverse.

CAUTION: The forward-reverse switch serves the same purpose as the transmission in your automobile. Treat it with the same respect and care. DO NOT SHIFT from forward to reverse or vice-versa while the vehicle is in motion, especially near top speed, this causes great strain to your entire vehicle and will eventually cause severe damage, complete loss of power and could cause an accident.

# HORN BUTTON

The horn button is located to the right of the steering wheel on the Model SC, and on the console for Model AN when so equipped. Depressing button will cause the horn to sound. Releasing button will immediately silence horn.

#### LIGHT SWITCH

The light switch that controls headlamps and taillamps is located in the control console. It is labeled for On-Off positions.

# BATTERY CHARGER

Refer to SECTION 9 for proper instructions to operated your battery charger.

# SPECIAL ACCESSORIES:

Refer to the appropriate section of this manual for separate operating instructions pertaining to any special feature or accessory your vehicle may have.

#### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS continued

## OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE

To put your vehicle into operation, unlock forward-reverse switch by turning key lock counterclockwise. Select direction you wish to travel by moving handle of forward-reverse switch into position. Slowly depress treadle until vehicle is moving at the desired speed, controlling direction of travel by using the steering wheel or tiller. Stop the vehicle by applying heel pressure to the rear of the treadle.

For greatest efficiency it is recommended that you travel at the fastest speed that you can safely maintain. You will find that your vehicle will consume almost as much current at low speed as it does at higher speeds. Therefore, while it is important to avoid taking any unnecessary risk, traveling at the faster speed will deliver more miles per battery charge than continual use in the lower speed range.

- To hold vehicle at a standstill on a hill or incline, use the brake, depressing the rear of the treadle with heel pressure. DO NOT hold vehicle at a standstill by applying motor power. Frequent or continued stalling of the motor will damage the motor and other electrical devices. Continued "stalled" condition as described will damage motor and electrical controls. Use your foot brake to hold the vehicle on a hill safely.
- CAUTION: When you leave your vehicle, it is best to always place forward/reverse switch in neutral position lock and remove key. The parking brake is automatically set when the operator steps off the treadle.

Drive safely and enjoy your Taylor-Dunn vehicle.

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# OPERATING RESPONSIBILITIES AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD PERSONNEL AND BURDEN CARRIERS ANSI B 56.8-1981 SECTION 5

# OPERATING RULES AND PRACTICES

## 501 OPERATOR QUALIFICATIONS

Only trained and authorized operators shall be permitted to operate a Personnel and Burden Carrier. Operators of Personnel and Burden Carriers shall be qualified as to visual, auditory, physical, and mental ability to safely operate the equipment according to Section 5 and all other applicable parts of this standard.

#### 502 PERSONNEL AND BURDEN CARRIER OPERATORS' TRAINING

- (a) The carrier owner, lessee, or employee of the carrier operator shall conduct an operators' training program for the carrier operators.
- (b) Successful completion of the operators' training program shall be required by the owner, lessee, or employer of the carrier operator before operation of the Personnel and Burden Carrier by any operator.
- (c) An effective operator's training program should center around user company's policies, operating conditions, and their Personnel and Burden Carrier by any operator.
- (d) Information on operator training is available from several sources, including carrier manufacturers.
- (e) The carrier owner, lessee, or employer of the carrier operator should include in the operators' training program the following:
- (1) Careful selection of the operators, considering physical qualifications, job attitude and aptitude.
- (2) Emphasis on safety of stock, equipment operator, and other employees.
- (3) General safety rules contained in this standard and the additional specific rules determined by the carrier owner, lessee, or employer of the carrier operator in accordance with this standard, and why they were formulated.
- (4) Introduction of equipment, control locations and functions, and explanation of how they work when used properly and when used improperly; and ground and floor conditions, grade, and other conditions of the environment in which the Personnel and Burden Carrier is to be operated.
- (5) Operational performance tests and evaluations during, and at completion of the program.
- (6) Rules of the employer and any applicable labor contract governing and dealing with discipline of employees for violation of employer's rules, and including safety rules.

# 503 OPERATOR RESPONSIBILITY

Operators of Personnel and Burden Carriers shall abide by the following safety rules and practices in 504, 505, 506, and 507.

# 5Ø4 GENERAL

- (a) Safeguard the pedestrians at all times. Do not drive carrier in a manner that would endanger anyone.
- (b) Riding on the carrier by persons other than the operator is authorized only when personnel seat(s) are provided. Do not put any part of the body outside the outer perimeter of the carrier.
- (c) When a Personnel or Burden Carrier is left unattended, stop carrier, place directional controls in neutral, apply the parking brake, stop the engine or turn off power, turn off the control or ignition circuit, remove the key if provided, and block the wheels if machine is on an incline.

# OPERATING RESPONSIBILITIES continued ANSI B56.8-1981

## 504 GENERAL continued

- (d) A Personnel and Burden Carrier is considered unattended when the operator is 25 ft. (7.6 m) or more from the carrier which remains in his view, or whenever the operator leaves the carrier and it is not within his view. When the operator of a Personnel and Burden Carrier is dismounted and within 25 ft. (7.6 m) of the carrier still in his view, he still must have controls neutralized, and brakes set to prevent movement.
  - (e) Maintain a safe distance from the edge of ramps and plataforms.
  - (f) Use only approved Personnel and Burden Carriers in hazardous locations.
- (g) Report all accidents involving personnel, building structures, and equipment.
  - (h) Operators shall not add to, or modify, the Personnel or Burden Carrier.
- (i) Five aisles, access to stairways, and fire equipment shall be kept clear.
- (j) Operators and personnel shall be warned of the hazards of long hair and loose clothing.

#### 505 TRAVELING

- (a) Observe all traffic regulations, including authorized plant speed limit. Under normal traffic conditions keep to the right. Maintain a safe distance, based on speed of travel, from the carrier or vehicle ahead; and keep the Personnel and Burden Carrier under control at all times.
- (b) Yield the right of way to pedestrians, ambulances, fire trucks, or other carriers or vehicles in emergency situations.
- (c) Do not pass another carrier or vehicle traveling in the same direction at intersections, blind spots, or at other dangerous locations.
- (d) Keep a clear view of the path of travel, observe other traffic and personnel, and maintain a safe clearance.
- (e) Slow down and sound the audible warning device at cross aisles and other locations where visibility is obstructed.
  - (f) Ascend or descend grades slowly.
- (g) Use extra caution when operating on grades. Never turn on any grade, ramp, or incline; always travel straight up and down.
- (h) Under all travel conditions the carrier shall be operated at a speed that will permit it to be brought to a stop in a safe manner.
- (i) Make starts, stops, turns, or direction reversals in a smooth manner so as not to shift the load, overturn the carrier, or both.
  - (j) Do not indulge in stunt driving or horseplay.
  - (k) Slow down when approaching, or on, wet or slippery surfaces.
- (1) Do not run carrier onto any elevator unless specifically authorized to do so. Approach elevators slowly, and then enter squarely after the elevator car is properly leveled. Once on the elevator, neutralize the controls, shut off power, and set brakes. It is advisable that all other personnel leave the elevator before a carrier is allowed to enter or leave.
  - (m) Avoid running over loose objects on the roadway surface.
- (n) Prior to negotiating turns, reduce speed to a safe level, turning hand steering wheel or tiller in a smooth, sweeping motion.

## 506 LOADING

- (a) Handle only stable or safely arranged loads. When handling off-center loads which cannot be centered, operate with extra caution.
- (b) Handle only loads within the capacity of the Personnel and Burden Carrier as specified on the nameplate.
- (c) Handle loads exceeding the dimensions used to establish carrier capacity with extra caution. Stability and maneuverability may be adversely affected.

# OPERATING RESPONSIBILITIES continued ANSI B56.8-1981

## 507 OPERATOR CARE OF MACHINE

- (a) At the beginning of each shift during which the Personnel and Burden Carrier will be used, the operator shall check the carrier condition and inspect the tires, warning devices, lights, battery, controller, brakes, and steering mechanism. If the carrier is found to be in need of repair, or in any way unsafe, or contributes to an unsafe condition, the matter shall be reported immediately to the designated authority, and the carrier shall not be operated until it has been restored to safe operating condition.
- (b) If, during operating the carrier becomes unsafe in any way, the matter shall be reported immediately to the designated authority, and carrier shall not be operated until it has been restored to safe operating condition.
- (c) Do not make repairs or adjustments unless specifically authorized to do so.
- (d) The engine shall be stopped and the operator shall leave the carrier while refueling.
- (e) Spillage of oil or fuel shall be carefully and completely absorbed or evaporated and fuel tank cap replaced before starting engine.
  - (f) Do not operate a carrier with a leak in the fuel system or battery.
- (g) Do not use open flames for checking electrolyte level in storage batteries or liquid level in fuel tanks.

# SECTION 6 MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

# 601 INTRODUCTION

Personnel and Burden Carriers may become hazardous if maintenance is neglected. Therefore, maintenance facilities, trained personnel, and procedures shall be provided.

### 602 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

- (a) Maintenance and inspection of all Personnel and Burden Carriers shall be performed in conformance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the following practices.
- (b) A scheduled preventive maintenance, lubrication, and inspection system shall be followed.
- (c) Only qualified and authorized personnel shall be permitted to maintain, repair, adjust, and inspect Personnel and Burden Carriers.
- (d) Before leaving the Personnel and Burden Carrier, stop carrier, place directional controls in neutral, apply the parking brake, stop the engine or turn off power, turn off the control or ignition circuit, and block the wheels if carrier is on an incline.
- (e) Before undertaking maintenance or repair on carrier, raise drive wheels free of floor or disconnect battery, and use chocks or other positive carrier positioning devices.
  - (f) Block chassis before working under it.
- (g) Before disconnecting any part of the engine fuel system of a gasoline or diesel powered carrier with gravity feed fuel systems, be sure shutoff valve is closed, and run engine until fuel system is depleted and engine stops running.
- (h) Before disconnecting any part of the engine fuel system of LP gas powered carriers, close the LP gas cylinder valve and run the engine until fuel in the system is depleted and the engine stops running.
- (i) Operation to check performance of the Personnel and Burden Carrier shall be conducted in an authorized area where safe clearance exists.

# MAINTENANCE PRACTICES continued ANSI B56.8-1981

## 602 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES continued

- (j) Before starting to operate the carrier:
  - 1) Have operator in the operating position.
- Depress clutch (or brake pedal on automatic transmission and electric carriers).
  - 3) Place directional controls in neutral.
  - 4) Start engine or switch electric carrier to "on" position.
- 5) Check functioning of directional speed controls, steering, warning devices steering, warning devices, and brakes.
- (k) Avoid fire hazards and have fire protection equipment present in the work area. Do not use an open flame to check level or leakage of fuel, electrolyte, or coolant. Do not use open pans of fuel or flammable cleaning fluids for cleaning parts.
  - (1) Properly ventilate work area.
- (m) Handle LP gas cylinders with care. Physical damage, such as dents, scrapes, or gauges, may dangerously weaken the tank and make it unsafe for use.
- (n) Brakes, steering mechanisms, control mechanisms, warning devices, lights, governors, guards, and safety devices shall be inspected regularly and maintained in a safe operating condition.
- (o) Special Personnel and Burden Carriers or devices designed and approved for hazardous area operation shall be inspected to ensure that maintenance preserves the original approved safe operating features.
- (p) Fuel systems shall be checked for leaks and condition of parts. Action shall be taken to prevent the use of the carrier until the leak has been corrected.
- (q) The Personnel and Burden Carrier manufacturer's capacity, operation and maintenance instruction plates, tags, or decals shall be maintained in legible condition.
- (r) Batteries, motors, controllers, limit switches, protective devices, electrical conductors, and connections shall be inspected and maintained in conformance with good practice.
- (s) Carriers shall be kept in a clean condition to minimuze fire hazards and facilitate detection of loose or defective parts.
- (t) Modifications and additions which affect capacity and safe machine operation shall not be performed by the customer or user without manufacturer's prior written authorization; where authorized modifications have been made, the user shall ensure that capacity, operation, warning and maintenance instruction plates, tags, or decals are changed accordingly.
- (u) Care shall be taken to assure that all replacement parts are interchangeable with the original parts and of a quality at least equal to that provided in the original equipment.

# MAINTENANCE GUIDE CHECKLIST

This checklist is provided for your convenience as a guide for servicing your vehicle. If followed you will enjoy a good running and trouble free unit. It has been set up for average normal use. More frequent service is recommended for extreme or heavy usage. If desired your Taylor-Dunn dealer will gladly perform these services for you as he has expert service men in the field for this purpose. Do not hesitate to call your Service Manger if any questions arise.

CAUTION: When performing maintenance on any part of the electrical system, turn key to off position and remove from switch, disconnect main battery leads and place Forward/Reverse switch in neutral.

MAINTENANCE	REFER SECTION	EVERY WEEK	EVERY MONTH	EVERY 3 MONTHS	EVERY YEAR
Check and fill batteries. If necessary fill with distilled water only.	8	Х	Х	х	х
Check Tire pressure	10	x	х	Х	Х
Adjust Motor Mount & Chain (Refer to chart Section 11).	11		X	Х	X
Lubricate all Zerk Fittings.	5			X	X
Lubricate all moving parts without Zerk Fittings. Use all purpose engine oil.	5			x	х
Wash off batteries with water (Use soda if necessary)	7			X	Х
Check all wire connections. Be sure they are all clean and tight.	13,14			Х	х
Check hydraulic brake system for leaks also check brake fluid level in master cylinder.	12			X -	х
Check rear axle differential oil	5,11				Х
* Check brake system, adjust as necessary	11		х	X	X
Check drive axle oil level (Refer to lubrication diagram)	4				Х
<ul><li>* Lubricate front wheel bearings (2 zerk fittings)</li></ul>	5				X
* Check brake lining for wear	11			Х	X
Drain differential and refill with SAE 30 oil (refer to Lubrication diagram)	5,11				

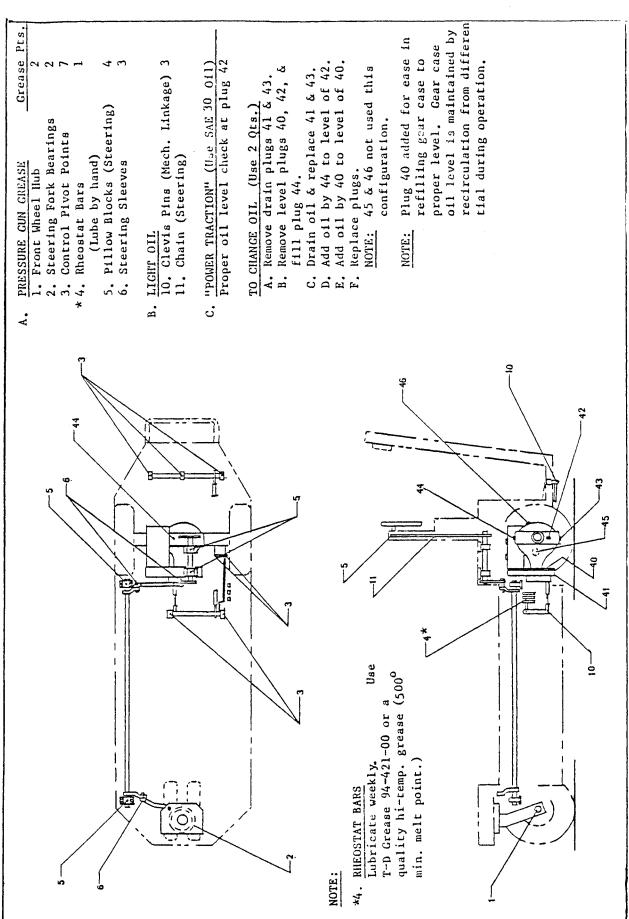
# MAINTENANCE GUIDE CHECKLIST continued

MAINTENANCE	REFER SECTION	EVERY WEEK	EVERY MONTH	EVERY 3	EVERY YEAR
Repack front wheel bearings (Use wheel bearing grease)	5,10				х
Lubricate steering gear box	5				х
* Check and adjust front wheel bearings	10			х	X
* Examine battery terminal connect Clean and tighten as necessary, not while batteries are being ch	<u>but</u>	X	X	x	Х
* Clean off all dirt and grease on and between power bars and J-hoo Apply lube to sliding contact ar with electrically non-conductive applicator. Use T-D grease 94-421-00 or a quality hi-temp grease with a 500 degree Farenhemin. drop pt.	ok. rea	х	х	<b>X</b>	X
* Check rheostat adjustment.	16	Х	X	х	x
* Wash off batteries with water, ( soda if necessary) Check all wir connections. Be sure they are a clean and tight, but not while batteries are being charged.	е		Х	х	х

CAUTION: Never bend the brake anchor bolt. Any bending of the bolt may result in unexpected failure of the bolt and complete loss of drive line braking action.

<sup>\*</sup> Items related to safety recommendations.

# LUBRICATION DIAGRAM



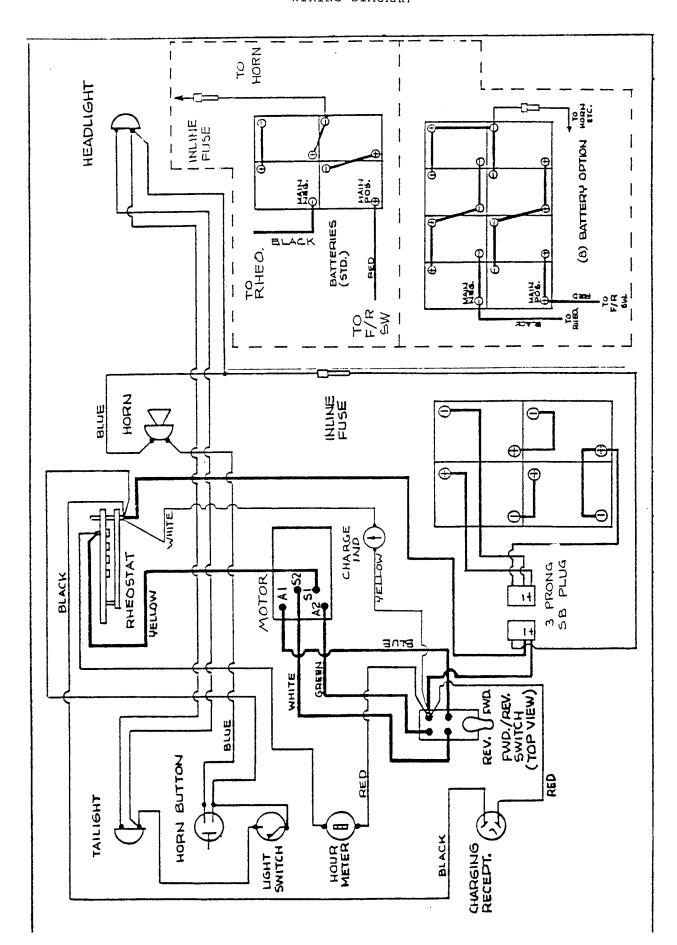
# \*TROUBLE SHOOTING PROCEDURES

SYM	IPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
1.	Steering:		
	a) Hard Steering	1. Low tire pressure	Inflate to recom- mended pressure
	b) Sloppy or loose	2. Loose wheel bearing	Adjust
2.	Brakes:		
	a) Soft brakes	1. Check for worn lining	Adjust or replace when 1/16 or less of lining left
		<ul><li>2. Alignment of brake shoes</li><li>3. Oil on brake lining</li></ul>	Realign Find oil source and correct, wash brake band
		<ol> <li>Dirt on brake lining</li> <li>Bind in linkage</li> <li>Weak spring</li> <li>Air in hydraulic brake</li> <li>Bad seals in brake</li> </ol>	Clean Loosen or realign Replace Bleed brakes Replace
	b) No Brakes	<ol> <li>Broken shoe</li> <li>Broken Connection in linkage</li> </ol>	Replace Replace
		3. Broken axle 4. Break in hydraulic line 5. Seal failure in brake cylinder	Replace Repair Replace
3.	Drive axle		
	a) No power	<ol> <li>Disconnect batteries for recharging</li> <li>Check motor brushes for contact</li> <li>Check for loose wire</li> <li>Check continuity through motor</li> </ol>	Recharge or replace Clean or replace Tighten or replace Repair or replace
	b) Lack of power or slow operation	<ol> <li>Dragging brake</li> <li>Tight front wheel bearing</li> <li>Loose connection in</li> </ol>	Re-adjust Re-adjust Tighten
		wiring 4. Partially burned out motor or thrown lead 5. Weak batteries 6. Bind or drag on differential	Replace or Re-solder Replace Repair
	c) Thump or grinding	<ol> <li>Motor bearing</li> <li>Loose motor on base</li> <li>Worn sprockets</li> <li>Defective bearing in differential</li> </ol>	Replace Tighten & adjust Replace sprocket and chain Replace
		5. Defective gears in differential	Replace
		6. Slack drive chain	Adjust (See Sec. 11)

# TROUBLE SHOOTING PROCEDURES

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
4. Power System: a) No power to motor in forward or reverse	<ol> <li>Batteries discharged or defective</li> <li>Forward-reverse switch maladjusted or worn</li> <li>Motor brushes not contacting armature</li> </ol>	Recharge or replace batteries Adjust or repair forward-reverse contacts Adjust or replace
	<ul><li>4. Loose or broken wire</li><li>5. Motor defective</li><li>6. Check rheostat for contact</li></ul>	Tighten or replace wire Replace or repair motor Adjust or replace bars (see section 16)
b) Erratic Operation	<ol> <li>Batteries discharged</li> <li>Forward-reverse switch maladjusted or worn</li> <li>Loose wire or wires</li> </ol>	Recharge batteries Adjust or repair forward-reverse contacts Tighten
	4. Motor brushes worn	Replace brushes

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: See Section 15 for PWR-TRON II Trouble Shooting



# IMPORTANT FACTS ON BATTERIES AND CHARGERS

To determine whether or not a battery is properly charged, a measuring device known as hydrometer is used. A hydrometer measures the specific gravity of a liquid and a battery hydrometer is graduated to measure the specific gravity of battery electrolyte. The electrolyte in your battery becomes heavier as it is charged, therefore, a higher specific gravity reading indicates a higher charge condition of your battery. The specific gravity reading will range from 1100 for a completely discharged battery to 1260 for a fully charged battery. No amount of overcharging will raise the specific gravity above 1260 on the electric vehicle type of battery. Both overcharging and undercharging can cause a premature failure of a battery. Overcharging destroys the positive plates. Consistent undercharging causes a buckling of the plates.

Do not discard a good battery as being defective because its specific gravity does not show an increase immediately upon applying a charge. Many good batteries require a charging period as long as three hours before they show any increase in the specific gravity. Do not charge a battery if the electrolyte temperature could rise above 120 degrees F. This could damage both battery and charger. As a rule of thumb, the electrolyte temperature during normal charging will rise about 25 degrees above the temperature in the charging area.

Failure to keep the battery electrolyte to the proper level will result in a crumbling (abnormal sulfation) of the plates and cause failure of the battery. Distilled water must be added to the battery regularly to make up for the loss due to evaporation. Prior to charging, the electrolyte level should cover the battery plates. Fill the battery to the proper level only after it has been fully charged.

# BATTERIES, INSPECTION

# WARNING - HAZARD OF EXPLOSIVE GAS MIXTURE

Batteries being charged or discharged will give off hydrogen gas. If this gas is concentrated it can cause an explosion. Concentrations of gas may remain for several hours if ventilation is not provided. DO NOT have any fire in the vicinity and do not tamper with circuits that might cause sparking while charging or discharging batteries.

# INSPECTION OF BATTERIES AND ASSOCIATED CIRCUITS

An inspection of batteries and associated circuits is required to assure that the batteries are being properly charged. For this inspection we recommend the use of a hydrometer and a continuity tester.

- Verify that all connections within the unit to be charged are clean and right.
- 2. Check each battery for loose terminal posts.
- Test for continuity between all battery terminals and the charging receptacle.
- 4. Verify that the top of each battery is free of moisture, grease and acid film, which may cause terminal corrosion and current leakage.
- 5. After the battery has been recharged, test each individual cell in each battery with the hydrometer to verify that all specific gravity readings are within 10 points of each other.

# IMPORTANT FACTS ON BATTERIES AND CHARGERS continued

# BATTERIES, INSPECTION continued

- 6. Using the hydrometer, pull out acid from a cell and then vigorously expel the acid back into the cell to cause a violent stirring action. Immediately draw out another sample of acid and visually inspect it to see if it contains a brownish sedimednt (indicates positive plates are deteriorated).
- 7. When testing battery condition with hydrometer, always return electrolyte solution to the same cell from which it was removed. DO NOT MIX electrolyte from one cell to another.

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES BATTERIES

WARNING: Lead acid batteries continuously emit highly explosive gases.

Flame or sparks must be kept away from the batteries at all times.

This emission is greatly increased during the charging process. Any area in which charging batteries are confined must be well ventilated, and flame or sparks must be kept out of the charging area and away from ventilator openings. DO NOT disturb battery connections while batteries are being charged.

The lead acid battery (or batteries) will furnish all power required by your vehicle. Two types are generally employed. The electric vehicle type battery pack, commonly used, can be expected to have a life of approximately 2 years, or 350 to 400 cycles. One cycle is the discharging and charging of the battery within proper limits. The heavy duty industrial type of battery has a life of approximately 7-1/2 years, or 1800 cycles, with appropriate use and care.

It cannot be over emphasized how important good maintenance procedures and judicious care of your batteries will affect their useful life. It is therefore recommended that a comprehensive maintenance program be established and adhered to throughout the life of your vehicle. A 5 point program is outlined below to assist you in understanding and establishing good battery care.

SECTION 8
Page 3
Page 3

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES BATTERIES

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It can not be over emphasized how important good maintenance procedures and careful care of your batteries will affect their useful life. It is therefore recommended that a comprehensive maintenance program be established and adhered to throughout the life of your vehicle. A 5 point program is outlined below to assist you in understanding and establishing good battery care.

# 1. CORRECT CHARGING

Poor charging practices are responsible for more short battery life than any one other item. The charging equipment must be properly maintained and adjusted to give a charge which the battery will accept with maximum efficiency. Two things are involved in correct charging. These are the charging rate in amperes and the termination of the charge at the correct time. No amount of overcharging will increase the battery capacity or raise the specific gravity above its full charged condition.

Overcharging will reduce battery life. Undercharging will cause poor vehicle performance, and shorten the life of all electrical components, including the batteries. Refer to Section 8 for proper methods to determine charge condition.

# 2. DISCHARGING - CAPACITY

Batteries are commonly rated in ampere hours at the six hour discharge rate to final voltage of 1.75 per cell. They will deliver additional capacity in an emergency, but should not be required to do so regularly. The best way to avoid discharging is to prepare a rigid schedule for charging batteries which will insure against their being discharged beyond the limits of their capability.

# 3. WATERING

Water must be replaced from time to time. The frequency and quantity depends upon the watering space above the plates and the amount of gassing which the batterty does on charge. Only approved or distilled water should be added to the battery. Water should be added after hydrometer or voltmeter readings have been taken. The liquid level within the battery raises as the gassing occurs. Thus filling after charging minimizes over-filling. However, the water level should cover the plates prior to charging.

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES, BATTERIES, continued

# 4. CLEANING

Batteries pick up various kinds of dirt and dust, depending on their surroundings and the type of service they are subject to. This is usually dry dirt, which can be blown off with low pressure air or brushed off. However, if cells are overfilled and electrolyte collects on the covers, the top of the battery becomes wet and stays wet, since the acid in the electrolyte does not evaporate. This moist surface in combination with certain kinds of dirt becomes electrically conductive and permits stray currents to flow externally over the top of the battery. These currents cause corrosion of cell posts, nuts, connectors and steel trays, which eventually become troublesome and expensive to repair.

When wet dirt accumulates on top of the battery, remove it by washing the battery with a strong solution of baking soda and hot water (1 lb. soda to 1/2 gallon of water). A convenient brush to use is one having flexible bristles like an old paint brush. Continue the application of the soda solution until all fizzing stops, which indicates that the acid has been neutralized. Then rinse thoroughly with clear water.

Wet covers can be indication of overfilling, leaky seals at posts and covers or of excessive gassing during charge. When observed the cause should be determined and the abusive conditons corrected.

# 5. RECORDS

A battery record system is recommended for all vehicles. It is considered essential for large operations, and where minimum battery operating cost is desired. A properly supervised record system can be made to detect and call attention to such operating irregularities as:

a. Overcharging, b. Undercharging, c. Overdischarging, d. Excessive Water Consumption, e. Cleanliness, f. Worn Out Batteries, g. Excessive Current Consumption on Trucks

It is not advisable to allow a battery to stand for a long period of time in a low state of charge. Doing so subjects the battery to excessive plate erosion and in cold conditions the battery will freeze at a much higher temperature. For example, a fully charged battery will not freeze at temperatures near 60 degrees below zero. Yet a battery in a very low state of charge may freeze at temperatures around 10 to 15 degrees above zero.

A battery not in use maintains small amounts of chemical action which slowly tends to dissipate the charged condition. It is wise to re-charge a battery not in use every 1 to 2 months. If possible, store the battery in a cool place as the self discharge rate is increased with warmer temperatures.

### BATTERY MAINTENANCE RECORD

VEHICLE NO.

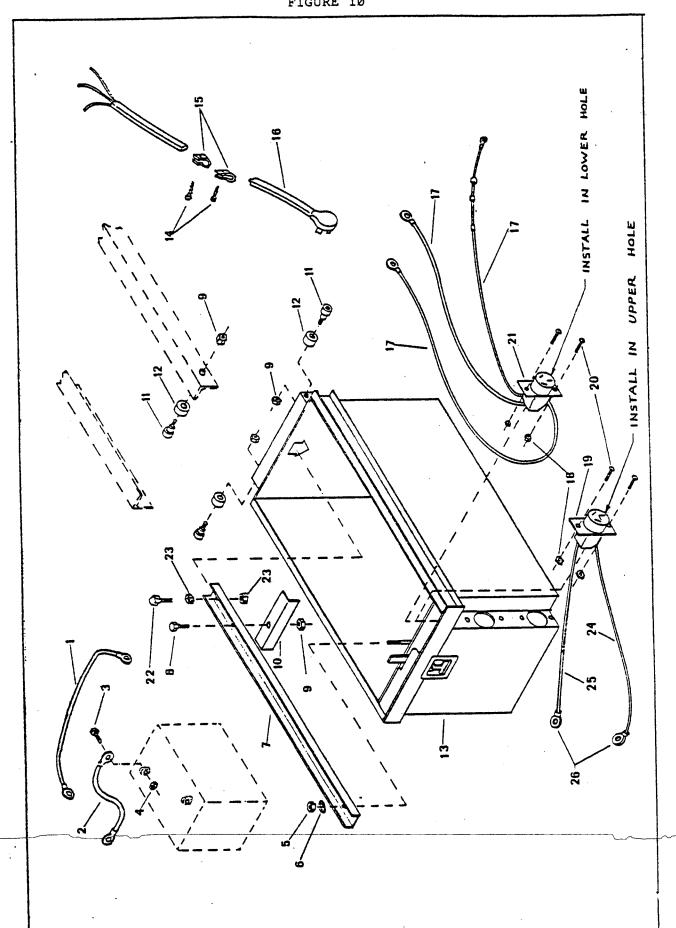
		Date			Date			Date		
Battery	Cell	Water	Gravity	Gravity	Water	Gravity	Gravity	Water	Gravity	Gravity
No.									Before	
		Low	Charge	Charge	Low	Charge	Charge_	Low	Charge	Charge
	1									
1	2		l	T T						
	3									
2	2									
	3									
	1									
3	2			1						
	3									
	11_			T						
4	2									
	3			[						
	1									
5	2									
	3									
	1									
6	2				l					
	3				1					

- 1. CAUTION: Batteries emit explosive gases. During normal operation the concentration of these gases is rarely sufficient to be considered dangerous unless flame or sparks occur in the battery compartment close to the vent holes in the battery caps. It is important that this not be allowed to occur at anytime. During the charging process, emissions are greatly increased. Any area in which charging batteries are confined must be well ventilated, and flame, sparks or lighted cigarettes must be kept out of the charging area and away from ventilator openings associated with the charging area. Battery connections must not be disturbed while batteries are being charged.
- 2. Do not fill an uncharged battery. Bring water level up to just cover the plates, and complete filling after battery is fully charged. Use distilled water. Fill only to level indicated on battery.
- 3. Batteries which require unusually frequent watering may indicate overcharging. Review charging practices and/or adjustment of transformer taps in charger.
- 4. Gravity should be kept between 1175 (30% charged) and 1260 (100% charged), and gravity readings of all cells should be within 10 point range. When they are not, an equalizing charge should be applied. Refer to information under "Charging Time Chart" in Charger Handbook.
- 5. Periodically check for loose terminal posts or loose connections to terminal posts, but not while batteries are being charged.
- 6. Keep tops of batteries clean, and free of moisture, grease, and acid films. Any of these can cause current leakage.
- 7. Keep weekly (or oftener) record as shown in sample chart, for a new vehicle or when charging results seem unsatisfactory, until satisfactory charging continues for a four week period, then keep record on a monthly basis.

# BATTERIES AND CHARGER

NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY. REQ.
77-200-00	HYDROMETER	1
77-201-00	BATTERY FILLER	
79-300-05	CHARGER, 24 VOLT, 25 AMP	1 1 1
76-012-00	CHARGING RECEPTACLE, 30 AMP, 3 PRONG	ī
NOTE:	FOR CHARGER COMPONENTS, SEE SECTION 9	-
	MODEL SC 1-75	
77-970-50	LIFT-OUT BATTERY BOX FOR FOUR 217 A.H. BATTERIES	
	BOX ONLY, PAINTED BLACK	
77-854-00	BATTERY HOLD-DOWN STRAP FOR LIFT-OUT BATTERY BOX	
77-245-00		
77-978-5Ø	GUIDE, BOLT-IN, FOR LIFT-OUT BATTERY BOX	
76-004-00	3 POLE CONNECTOR FOR LIFT-OUT BATTERY BOX	
76-005-00	MOUNTING BRACKET FOR 3 POLE CONNECTOR	
79-568-12	CHARGING ADAPTER FOR LIFT-OUT BATTERY BOX. FOR USE ONLY	
	WHEN BATTERY BOX IS OUT OF VEHICLE	
77-042-00	BATTERY 6 VOLT, 217 A.H.	
77-048-00	BATTERY 6 VOLT, 250 A.H.	
77-981-00	DOLLY, BATTERY BOX, FOR ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX	
	MODEL SC 1-76	
77-978-00	BOLT-IN BATTERY BOX FOR EIGHT 110 A.H. BATTERIES	1
76-999-00	BATTERY, 6 VOLT, 110 A.H.	1 8 3
50-242-00	BATTERY ROD, 31-1/2 LONG	3
75-231-00	BATTERY JUMPER, 10-1/4 INCHES LONG	11

OPTIONAL ROLL OUT BATTERY BOX FIGURE  $1\emptyset$ 



# OPTIONAL ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX REFER TO FIGURE 10

FIG.I.D.	PART_NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1		BATTERY JUMPER, 18-1/4	1
2		BATTERY JUMPER. 10-1/4	· 2
3	88-080-11	5/16 X 1 NC HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	8
4	88-Ø89-8Ø	5/16 NC HEX HEAD NUT	8
· 5	88-Ø69-87	1/4 NC FASTITE NUT	1
6	88-068-60	1/4 CUT WASHER	1
7	77-870-00	BATTERY HOLD-DOWN CHANEL FOR ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX	1
8 9	88-100-13	3/8 X 1-1/4 NC HEX HEAD BOLT	1
9	88-109-87	3/8 NC FASTITE NUT	9
1Ø	77-903-00	BATTERY HOLD-DOWN ANGLE FOR ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX	1
11	96-301-10	1/2 X 1/2 SHOULDER SCREW	8
12	30-172-00	ROLLER, BATTERY BOX	8
13	77-979-10	KIT, ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX WITH WIRING, HOLD DOWNS,	
	•	HARDWARE, AND RECEPTACLE, LESS BATTERIES. SPECIFY	
		PAINT COLOR	
14		3/16 X 1 ALUMINUM RIVET	2
15	96-631-00	CLAMP, RUBBER LINED 3/4 I.D.	2
16	75-240-12	3 PRONG PLUG & CORD, ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX	1
17	75-125-00	WIRE HARNESS, POWER & ACCESSORY FOR ROLL-OUT	1
		BATTERY BOX	
18		8/32 FLEXLOCK NUT	4
19	76-012-00	CHARGING RECEPTACLE, 3 PRONG, 30 AMP	1
2Ø	88-025-06	8/32 X 1/2 TRUSS HEAD MACHINE SCREW	4
21	75-241-00	3 PRONG RECEPTACLE, ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX	1
	77-981-00	DOLLY, BATTERY BOX, FOR ROLL-OUT BATTERY BOX	
22	88-100-20		1
23	88-109-80	3/8 HEX HEAD NUT	3
24		#8 WIRE, BALCK X 1.5 FOOT	1
25	75-208-10	#8 WIRE, RED X .83 FOOT	1
26	75-408-54	#8 LUG, 5/16 DIAMETER HOLE	2

# CHARGER MAINTENANCE, SERVICE AND ADJUSTMENT

# TAYLOR-DUNN / LESTER-MATIC BATTERY CHARGER

Line voltage compensation achieved by flux oscillator circuit applied to battery chargers by Lester in 1962 for high reliability "Minute Man" missile standby applications. Compensates automatically for AC supply voltage variations 105-128 volts. Supply voltage variation + 10% from 117 volts = + 1% maximum battery voltage variation, decreasing to + 1/2% at finish rate with constant electrolyte temperature. No taps or rate controls to set.

Automatic taper of charge rate for superior battery life through good equalization of cells and low water use rate.

Silicon diodes with inherent surge protection operated at a conservative percentage of their rating.

Convection cooled design for maximum reliability and minimum maintenance.

#### LESTRONIC II BATTERY CHARGERS

The all new automatic Lestronic chargers eliminate over and undercharging for new, old or defective batteries, whether hot or cold. Precise charging is achieved by patented Electronic Timer, utilizing state of the art integrated circuits.

Charger turns on automatically by simply connecting D.C. cord to batteries. The ammeter indicates charge rate. The charge rate tapers gradually to a finish rate of 5 to 10 amps. The Electronic Timer monitors the rate of voltage change during the charge period. When this rate levels off, the charger automatically shuts off.

## OPERATION OF "LESTER MATIC" BATTERY CHARGERS

# INTRODUCTION

The Lester-Matic battery charger is a highly reliable, line compensating unit. When used according to instructions, the Lester-Matic will tend to lengthen battery life with less frequent additions of water.

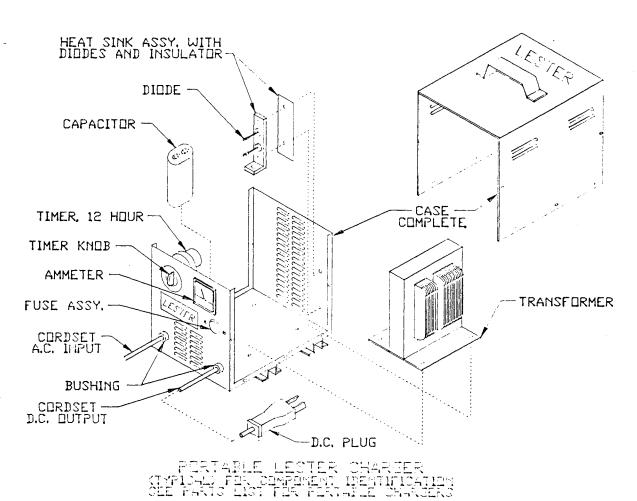
# INITIAL INSTALLATION:

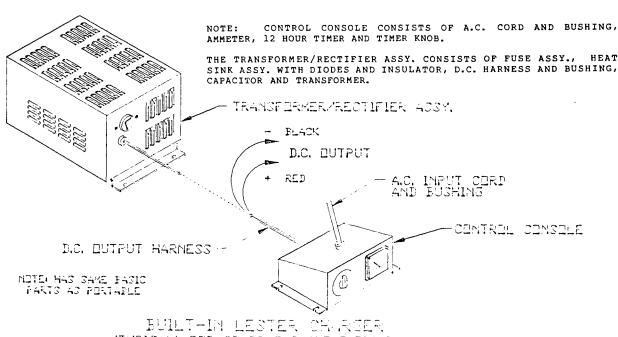
Circuit breaker or fuse protection in the AC line to which the charger is to be plugged should allow at least 15 amps per charger. When it is necessary to use an AC extension cord to the charger, use a three conductor No. 12 AWG cord with ground, and keep as short as possible. Instructions printed on the cover of the charger are for daily reference.

# NORMAL OPERATION

The state of discharge of the batteries will be slightly different every time they are put on charge, but the Lester-Matic varies automatically the initial charge rates, and taper of charge rate over the charge period. Thus momentary initial charge rate will vary from 18-30 amps, dropping quickly to a lower value, and then tapering gradually over the charge period to a finish rate of 1-4 amps (in the green shaded area of the ammeter dial) for the last 1-3 hours. When batteries are slightly discharged, the ammeter needle will be in the green shaded area for 7-8 hours, but the specific gravity will not rise to full charge until the cells have been equalized. The normal charging with the ammeter needle in the green shaded area is important to achieve equalization of all battery cells, every time the batteries are charged. Since the taper of the charging rate (in amps, as indicated by the ammeter needle) is controlled

# LESTER PORTABLE AND BUILT IN CHARGERS





# OPERATION OF "LESTER-MATIC" BATTERY CHARGERS continued

# NORMAL OPERATION continued

by the rising voltage of the batteries being charged, proper performance of the charger and resulting good battery life is dependent upon the following factors:

- An adequate AC line to handle the power required (see "Initial Installation").
- 2. All cells of the batteries must be good, rising to approximately 2.5 DC volts per cell while still on charge or near the end of a 12-hour charging period. When in doubt, check each cell with a single voltmeter while still on charge. If a low reading is obtained; check the low cells with a temperature corrected hydrometer. NOTE: Hydrometer float must be thoroughly clean to obtain accurate specific readings.
- 3. All electrical connections of the vehicle must be clean and tight.
- 4. Batteries should be charged just enough to bring them to full charge because overcharging is harmful. The state of charge can be tested accurately in each cell with a hydrometer or cell tester (voltmeter), but to simplify maintaining a fleet of cars, which normally require charging at least once a day, the following "CHARGING TIME CHARTS" can be used for daily charging. Set timer knob to desired charging time shown in chart. Charger shuts off automatically at end of set period.

# CHARGING TIME CHART

==		=====	===		=====	=======	=	
!	COMMERCIAL USE							
==	=====	=====	===	=====	=====	=======	=	
	Less	than	1	Hour	7	Hours	1	
	More	than	1	Hour	12	Hours	- 1	

Commercial cars should be charged after use each day, or as charge becomes low as indicated by hydrometer or voltmeter test.

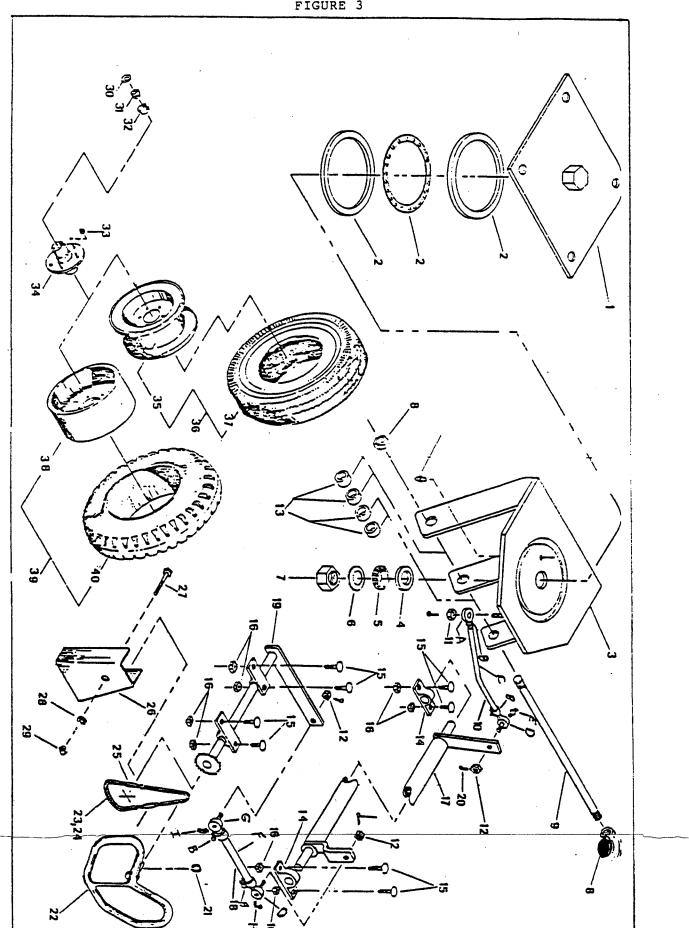
The necessity of adding water more frequently than two or three weeks, and/or hot battery cases at the end of the charging cycle, indicates the finish rate is too high, due to one or both of the following:

- 1. One or more bad cells in the batteries.
- Batteries are starting to age to a point where hours of charge should be reduced gradually to obtain prolonged battery life.

## STORAGE

Charger may be left connected to the batteries and should be turned on for the 12-hour period once a month. In extremely cold conditions it may be necessary to charge more frequently. Check with your battery manufacturer. After each charge cycle the charger should be checked to ensure that it has turned off. Severe overcharging and possible damage to the batteries could result if the charger remains on for prolonged periods of time.

SC 1-75 & SC 1-76 FRONT FORK, WHEELS AND STEERING FIGURE 3



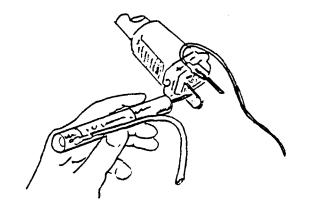
# FRONT FORK, WHEELS AND STEERING REFER TO FIGURE 3

E		PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
	1	14-319-00		I
	2	80-308-00	THRUST BEARING, 5.25 I.D.	1
	3	14-086-00	FRONT FORK, DUAL WHEEL	1
	4	80-102-00	TAPERED BEARING RACE FOR 1-1/4 I.D. BEARING	1
	5	80-011-00	TAPERED BEARING, 1-1/4 I.D.	1
	6	16-410-00	SPACER, .020 THICK	7
		88-389-86	1-1/4 NC FLEXNUT. PLATED	1
	8	88-229-81	1-1/4 NC FLEXNUT, PLATED LOCKNUT, 3/4 NC FRONT AXLE, 3/4 OD X 16-1/4 LONG	ī
	9	15-011-00	EDONE AVER 3/4 OD V 16-1/4 TONG	i
	าด	18-036-10	STEERONG SLEEVE ASSEMBLY, 10 INCH	1
		10-520-15	SILLRONG SLLEVE ASSEMBLI, 10 INCH	7
	1ØA	86-521-98	ROD END - SPHERICAL - LEFT	1
	10B	86-510-00	BALL JOINT CLAMP STEERING SLEEVE, 10 INCH WITH BEND	4
	10C	18-036-00	STEERING SLEEVE, 10 INCH WITH BEND	1
	100	86-501-99	BALL JOINT, RIGHT HAND	2 1
	10E	87-074-00	GREASE FITTING 1/4-28 STRAINGT	1
	11	88-189-81	LOCK NUT 5/8 NC	1
	12	88-159-85	NUT, 1/2-20 NF SLOTTED HEX	1 3
	13	16-307-00	SPACER, 1/2 PLATED	4
			PILLOW BLOCK	4 2
			CARRIAGE BOLT, 3/8 X 1-3/4 NC	8
	16	88-109-87	FASTITE NUT 3/8	p
	17		STEERING SHAFT, 69 INCH WHEEL BASE	7
	17	20-151-11	STEERING SHAFT, 48 INCH WHEEL EASE	i
		20-151-11	CORPORATO CUARM OF THE CUERT SICE	7
	17	20-151-13	STEERING SHAFT, 80 INCH WHEEL BASE STEERING SHAFT, 105 INCH WHEEL BASE	8 1 1 1
		18-028-10	STEERING ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE ASSEMBLY, 7-1/2	1
	185	18-028-00	STEERING ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE, 7-1/2 BALL JOINT, LEFT HAND	1
	100	86-501-98	GREASE FITTING, 1/4-28, 90 DEGREE ANGLE	1
	101	87-050-00	GREASE FITTING, 1/4-28, 90 DEGREE ANGLE	1
	101	87-076-00	GREASE FITTING, 1/4-28, 45 DEGREE ANGLE	1
	19	20-147-00	STEERING JACK-SHAFT COTTER PIN, 1/8 x 1 EXTERNAL SNAP RING FOR 3/4 SHAFT	1
	2Ø	88-527-11	COTTER PIN, 1/8 X 1	1
	21	88-840-09	EXTERNAL SNAP RING FOR 3/4 SHAFT	ī
	22	19-008-00	CLOVERLEAF STEERING WHEEL, SHAFT & SPROCKET ASSEMBLY	1
	23	30-223-00		ī
	23	30-258-00	CHAIN, #40, 47 PITCHES	1
		30-400-00	LINK MASTER FOR #40 CHAIN	1
	25	96-900-00		2
	26		CHAIN GUARD	1 2 1
	27		1/4 X 3 NC HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	i
	28	00 000 00	1/4 va toar maran	
	29		1/4 NC LOCK WASHER	1
	29 30	88-069-83	1/4 NC BRASS ACORN NUT	1
	30		OIL SEAL FOR 3/4 BEARING	Ţ
			3/4 I.D. TAPERED ROLLER BEARING	1 1 1
	32	80-105-00	TAPERED BEARING RACE FOR 3/4 I.D. BEARING	T
	33	97-236-00	-,,,	.5
	34	12-120-00	WHEEL HUB WITH 3/4 ROLLER BEARING OIL SEALS,	1
			4 LONG, WITH 5 HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	_
	35	12-012-00	WHEEL, DEMOUNTABLE FOR 4.80 X 8 TUBELESS	1
			TIRE, 5 HOLES 1/2 INCH ON 4-1/2 INCH CIRCLE	

# FRONT FORK, WHEELS AND STEERING REFER TO FIGURE 3

FIG.I.D.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
36	13-734-00	TIRE AND DEMOUNTABLE WHEEL, 4.80 X 8, 4 PLY TUBELESS TIRE, 5 HOLES 1/2 INCH ON 4-1/2 INCH CIRCLE	I
36	13-739-00	TIRE, TUBE AND DEMOUNTABLE SPLIT RIM WHEEL, 4.80 X 8 6 PLY STEELGUARD TIRE WITH 5 HOLES 1/2 INCH ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
37	10-075-00	TIRE, 4.80 X 8 LOAD RANGE B HIGHWAY TREAD, TUBELESS	1
37	11-030-00	TUBE, 4.80 X 8 STRAIGHT VALVE STEM	1
38	12-050-00	WHEEL, FOR 16 X 4 X 12-1/8 SOLID CUSHION, DEMOUNTABLE CAST IRON WHEEL, FIVE 1/2 INCH HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
38	12-054-00	WHEEL FOR 15 X 3-1/2 X 11-14 SOLID CUSHION DEMOUNTABLE, CAST IRON, FIVE 1/2 INCH HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
39	13-952-10	TIRE AND DEMOUNTABLE CAST IRON WHEEL \$12-050-00 WITH 16 X 4 X 12-1/8 SOLID CUSHION SMOOTH TIRE AND FIVE 1/2 INCH HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
40	10-250-00	TIRE, SOLID CUSHION, SMOOTH, 16 X 4 X 12-1/8	1
41	87-073-00	GREASE FITTING, 45 DEGREE - 3/16 DRIVE	1

#### MALFUNCTION SYMPTOMS AND THEIR REMEDIES continued



Typical plug. Check same polarity on other plugs.

FIGURE 2
D.C. PLUG CHECK FOR PORTABLE CHARGERS ONLY

(b) If the circuit in Figure 2 is complete, reverse test tight leads as shown in Figure 3. CIRCUIT SHOULD NOT BE COMPLETE. If circuit is complete, check DC cord for a "short" between the two wires. More probably, one or both diodes have "shorted". Refer to "Fuse Link Blowing" part (b) for continuity test of diodes.

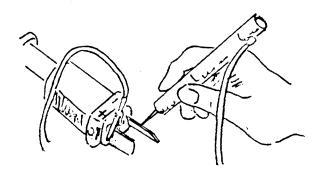


FIGURE 3
D.C. PLUG CHECK FOR PORTABLE CHARGERS ONLY

# CAUTION: Discharge capacitor before proceeding with (c).

(c) If (a) Figure 2 and (b) Figure 3 check good, assume the capacitor is shorted. Remove one wire from a capacitor terminal and place continuity tester clip to one terminal and probe to other. If circuit is complete, capacitor is "shorted" and must be replaced.

CHARGER DC FUSE LINK(S) BLOWS
This condition is caused by:

- (a) Reverse polarity between charger and batteries, such as incorrect installation of batteries, wiring of DC receptacle or charger plug.
- (b) A short circuit failure of one or both diodes. First disconnect one diode. Using a low voltage continuity tester check each diode as shown in Figure 4. Then reverse the tester leads and check each diode again. If the diode conducts current in both directions the diode is shorted and must be replaced. Replace either the entire heat-sink assembly or the defective diode. When replacing a single diode be sure the new diode is pressed squarely into the hole and does not extend beyond the rear surface of the heat-sink plate.

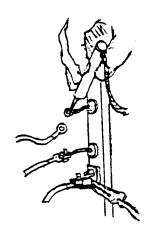


FIGURE 4

(c) If (a) and (b) fail to reveal the malfunction, check wiring of both charger and vehicle against their respective wiring diagrams.

# CHARGER OUTPUT IS LOW

The most probable cause is one diode shorting and blowing one fuse. Refer to "Fuse Link Blowing" part (b) to check the diodes. If a diode is shorted both the heat sink and fuse assemblies must be replaced.

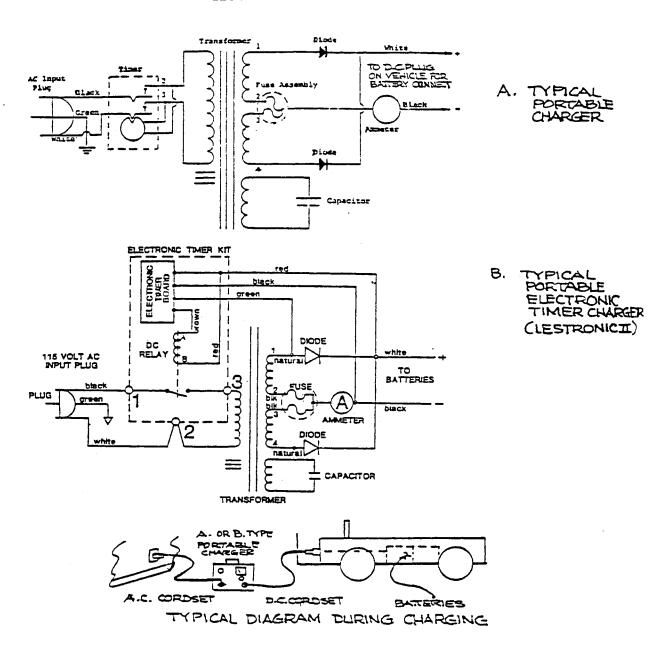
# CHARGER DOES NOT TURN OFF

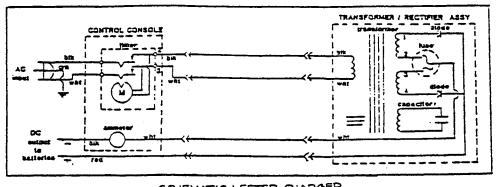
In models equipped with timers, this is due to an inoperative timer. In this case replace timer assembly.

# AC LINE FUSE OR CIRCUIT BREAKER BLOWS

If this occurs when charger is turned on without being plugged into the vehicle, the AC cord, timer motor coil, or the transformer may be shorted. To check the AC cord, ensure that the timer is "OFF" and connect the continuity tester across the AC plug prongs. If circuit is complete the AC cord is shorted and must be replaced. To check the time motor coil, disconnect the white timer motor wire and connect continuity tester to the motor coil leads. If the lamp glows, the coil is shorted. To test the transformer, disconnect secondary leads #1 and #4. If the AC fuse or breaker still blows, the transformer is shorted internally and must be replaced.

## LESTER CHARGER SCHEMATIC





SCHEMATIC, LESTER OWRGER

# PARTS LIST, BUILT-INS

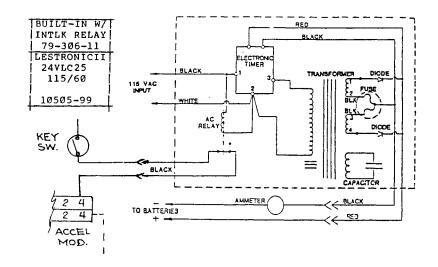
# RECOMMENDED REPLACEMENT PARTS

Taylor-Dunn Part No.	79-300-95	79-300 <b>-</b> 05 
	24LC25-3T12	24LC25-3T12
Lester Model No.	230/50	115/60
	767Ø	7675
TRANSFORMER/RECTIFIER		
ASSEMBLY, COMPLETE	j	
	ļ	
   Transformer	79-644-13	79-644-11
Trumbror mor	1 2 2 2 2 2 2	
Capacitor	79-902-00	79-902-00
Heat Sink Assy.		
with diodes	79-749-11	79-749-11
Diode Replacement	79-745-10	79-745-10
Fuse Assembly	   79 <b>-</b> 831-00	79-831-00
CONTROL CONSOLE		
ASSEMBLY	j	
Bushing, for		
Cordsets	79-530-00	79-530-00
Housing	79-599-10	79-599-10
Timer	   79-805-11	79-805-00
1111161	19-003-11	79-003-00
Knob, Timer	79-806-00	79-806-00
Ammeter	79-851-10	79-851-10
Cordset, A.C.	   79-575-20	79-575-10
COLUBEL, A.C.	19-313-20	19-313-10

# PARTS LIST, BUILT-INS

## RECOMMENDED REPLACEMENT PARTS

	BUILT-IN W/	PORTABLE
Taylor-Dunn Part No.	INTLK RELAY	79-301-00
	79-306-11	*79 <b>-</b> 301 <b>-</b> 05
	LESTRONICII	PORTABLE
	24VLC25	LESTRONIC II
Lester Model No.	115/60	24LC25
1		115/60
	10505-99	*BUILT-IN
TRANSFORMER/RECTIFIER		
ASSEMBLY	1	1
Transformer	l İ	1
		PORT & BLT IN
Capacitor	79-902-00	79-902-00
Heat Sink Assy.		79-749-00
with Diodes	79-749-11 J	79-749-11
		PORT & BLT IN
Diode Replacement	79-745-10 I	79-745-10
	İ	PORT & BLT IN
Fuse Assembly	79-831-00	79-831-00
CONTROL CONSOLE	INTLK RELAY	
ASSEMBLY	79-809-00	Í
Bushing, for	ii	†
Cordsets	79-530-00	79-530-00
		T
Housing		
	79-805-66	79-805-64
Timer		<b>*79-805-66</b>
Knob, Timer		<u> </u>
Ammeter	   79-851-10	   79-851-10
		<del>                                     </del>
Cordset, A.C.	79-575-10	79-575-10



# PARTS LIST, PORTABLE

# RECOMMENDED REPLACEMENT PARTS

Taylor-Dunn Part No.	79-302-90	79-302-00	79-300-00	79-300-90
Lester Model No.	24LC40-4T12 230/50 7665	24LC40-4T12 230/50 8781	24LC25T12  115/60  8824	24LC25T12  230/50  8875
Case				
Transformer	79-644-15	79-644-14	79-644-10	79-644-12
Capacitor	79-902-00	79-902-00	79-902-00	79-902-10
Ammeter	79-852-00	79-852-00	79-851-10	79 <b>-</b> 851 <b>-</b> 10
Timer	79-805-11	79-805-11	79-805-00	79-805-11
Knob, Timer	79-806-00	79-806-00	79-806-00	79-8Ø6-ØØ
Heat Sink Assy. with Diodes	   79 <b>-</b> 749-10	79-749-00	74-749-10	79-749-00
Diode Replacement	   79 <b>-</b> 745 <b>-</b> 11	79-745-10	79-745-10	79 <b>-</b> 745-10
Fuse Assembly	   79-831-10	79-831-10	79-831-10	79-831-10
Cordset, A.C.	79-575-20	79-575-10	79-575-10	79-575-20
Cordset, D.C.	79-567-10	79-567-10	79-566-10	79-566-10
Bushing for Cordsets, A.C.	79-530-00	79-530-00	79-530-00	79-530-00
Bushing for Cordsets, D.C.	79-531-00	79-531-00	79-530-00	79-530-00

SECTION 9 Page 13

## RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS

COMPONENTS	SPARES	FOR VEHICLES
	1 - 20	20 or MORE
TRANSFORMERS	1	2
CAPACITORS	1	2
AMMETERS	1	2
TIMERS	1	2
KNOB - TIMER	2	5
HEAT SINK ASSEMBLY	1	2
DIODES	2	4
FUSE ASSEMBLY	2	4
CORDSET A.C.	2	4
CORDSET D.C.	2	4
PLUG D. C.	2	4
HOUSING, CONTROL CONSOLE	1	2
TIMER, BOARD ELECTRONIC	1	2

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FRONT AXLE, FORK, STEERING AND TIRES REFER TO FIGURE 3

#### GENERAL

The front wheel assembly consists of a dual wheel steering fork which rotates on a 5-1/2 inch diameter thrust bearing and tapered roller bearing. The front wheels are mounted on a single 3/4 inch diameter axle. Each wheel rotates on a set of two roller bearings.

The steering linkage consists of a steering wheel, roller chain and sprockets, bearing mounted transfer shafts and bearing mounted steering shaft. The roller chain and sprockets are used to gain mechanical advantage for smooth easy steering. Occasional adjustment of chain tension will be required, as outlined in this Section of the Manual. Periodic lubrication of steering system is essential as describle in Sections 4 and 5, for reliable trouble-free steering.

#### TIRE CARE

 $\overline{16}$   $\overline{X}$   $\overline{4}$   $\overline{X}$   $\overline{12}$ -1/8 Solid Smooth Tires require only an occasional inspection for overall satisfactory condition.

Pneumatic tire pressure is governed by load, vehicle speed and terrain over which the vehicle most travels.

Slightly lower tire pressure will assist traction on soft terrain without undue wear.

The chart below will assist in determining the correct tire pressure for your needs.

TIRE SIZE	TYPE	LOAD RANGE	PLY RATING	MAX. COLD PSL	MAX LOAD POUNDS
4.80 X 8	STEELGUARD	С	6	100	123Ø
4.80 X 8	HWY. TREAD	В	4	70	1000

<u>CAUTION:</u> Do not overinflate tires. This will promote increased wear. Under inflated tires on hard surfaces also promotes undue wear and should be avoided.

## ADJUSTMENT OF WHEEL BEARINGS

1. Adjust wheel bearings by holding I axle nut and tightening the other until drag is felt on wheel. Then back off nut approximately 1/4 turn. Wheel should turn free but not have excess play in bearings.

#### REMOVAL OF WHEEL AND AXLE ASSEMBLY

- Remove 1 axle nut by holding nut on one end of axle and unscrewing nut on opposite end.
- Slide axle from fork and wheel, being careful to catch spacers and wheel as they come free.
- Wheel bearings may be flushed, cleaned and repacked without removing from hub, unless, damaged or embedded with foreign material.
- 4. To remove wheel bearings and seals:
  - A. Pull seals from hub.
  - B. Remove taper roller bearings.
  - C. If necessary, press bearing races from hub with suitable press or with flat punch by hitting back and forth one side or other.

#### MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FRONT AXLE, FORK, STEERING AND TIRES REFER TO FIGURE 3

## RE-ASSEMBLY OF WHEEL AND AXLE

- Press bearing races into hub with suitable press, taking care that they are seated against stops within the hub.
- Generously lubricate wheel bearings with wheel bearing grease and insert into bearing races.
- Press or tap seals into place. (Proper position is when face of seal is flush with hub). NOTE: It is recommended that new seals be installed whenever bearings are removed from wheel hub, or whenever seals are worn or damaged. Worn or damaged seals allow dirt and foreign matter to enter wheel bearings, shortening bearing life.
- Install wheel and hub assembly into fork by starting axle through one side of fork, inserting I spacer then sliding axle through wheel bearings. Insert other spacer and slide axle through remainder of wheel assembly.
- Install locknut.
- Adjust wheel bearings as outlined above.
- Wheel hub has 2 zerk fittings for grease lubrication.

## ADJUSTMENT OF STEERING FORK BEARINGS

- Elevate front of vehicle using suitable hoist or jack.
- Remove locknut from steering sleeve at steering fork.
- Adjust steering fork bearings by tightening nut on king bolt until drag is felt when turning steering fork. Loosen nut on king bolt until steering fork rotates freely, approximately 1/16 turn. Bearings should not have any play when adjusted.

NOTE: Any excessive play in bearings can lead to bearing failure due to shock effect when vehicle encounters bumps or uneven terrain.

Replace steering sleeve back on steering fork, tighten nut and secure with cotter pin.

## REMOVAL OF STEERING FORK

- 1. Elevate front of vehicle using a suitable hoist or jack.
- 2. Remove lock nut from steering sleeve and swing clear of fork.
- Remove lock nut from steering fork king bolt.
- 4. Remove steering fork from king bolt taking care not to drop thrust bearing or tapered roller bearing on ground.

- RE-ASSEMBLY OF STEERING FORK

  1. Generously pack both bearings with wheel bearing grease.
- Carefully replace thrust bearing in steering fork and slide fork into place 2. over king bolt.
- Slide tapered roller bearing into position over king bolt.

## ADJUSTMENT OF STEERING CHAIN TENSION

- Remove steering chain cover. (Access to bolt securing chain cover can be obtained from inside walk-along control box for models so equipped).
- 2. Remove locking wires from both steering chain turnbuckles.
- If steering wheel is not centered with front wheels straight ahead, proceed as described in sub-section that follows.
- If steering wheel is centered with front wheel straight ahead, adjust chain tension by tightening each turnbuckle an equal amount, to draw chain taut with slight tension while being careful not to disturb position of steerinng wheel.

NOTE: Do not apply excessive tension to chain as undue bearing and chain wear will result.

Replace locking wires on turnbuckles and replace chain cover.

SECTION 10 SECTION 10 Page 3

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FRONT AXLE, FORK, STEERING AND TIRES REFER TO FIGURE 3

# COMPLETE STEERING SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

- 1. Adjust front steering sleeve (front wheel well) as short as possible.
- 2. Place clamp opening at top of sleeve. Insert bolt through sleeve from front to rear and secure with slotted hex nut and cotter pin.
- 3. Turn fork full left against "stop".
- 4. Align jack shaft so that lever points toward steering shaft arm.
- 5. Adjust steering sleeve so that all slack is removed from steering system. Insure that steering fork is firmly against left turnstop during adjustment. When properly adjusted, jack shaft lever will not strike frame in either direction however, thje fork must contact both left and right stops at full left or right turn of ssteering wheel. Check that the jack sprocket (chain installed), is approximately 1/4 to 1/2 inch minimum clearance between jack shaft lev er and rheostat assembly.
- 6. To center steering wheel, align front wheels straight ahead. Loosen chain turnbuckle on same side that steering wheel is turned (low side). Tighten each turnbuckle, as appropriate, to draw chains taut with slight tension while being careful not to disturb position of steering wheel.

NOTE: Do not apply excessive tension to chain as undue bearing and chain wear will result.

- 7. Re-check steering system for unrestricted travel of all steering components.
- 8. Replace locking wires and check all steering components are tight.

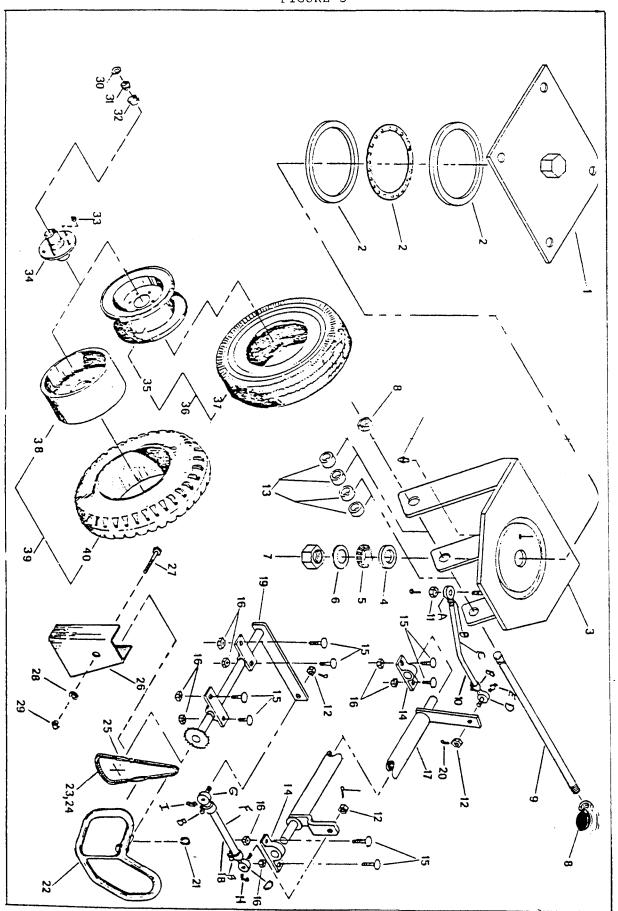
# REMOVE AND REPLACE STEERING CHAIN AND STEERING WHEEL

- 1. Remove steering chain cover. (Access to bolt securing chain cover can be obtained from inside walk-along control box, for model so equipped).
- 2. Remove locking wire from one turnbuckle and relieve chain tension by turning center of turnbuckle.
- Remove chain master link and remove chain from sprockets. Note position of turnbuckle relative to sprocket for proper reassembly.
- 4. Pry retaining ring from groove on forward end of steering wheel shaft and remove ring from shaft.
- 5. Remove steering wheel and sprocket assembly.
- 6. Replace components in reverse order of removal. When assembly turnbuckle front wheels and steering wheels should be centered and turnbuckles in approximate original position mid-way between sprockets.
- Adjust steering chain tension as described in preceeding sub-section.

### REMOVE AND REPLACE STEERING SHAFT

- 1. Disconnect front and rear steering sleeves at steering shaft.
- Remove two nuts and bolts from steering shaft pillow blocks and loosen set screws.
- 3. Remove front pillow block from steering shaft.
- 4. Slide steering shaft forward out of rear pillow block and remove through opening in front well.
- 5. Replace steering shaft and associated parts in reverse order.
- Re-check all connections for security.

SC 1-75 & SC 1-76 FRONT FORK, WHEELS AND STEERING FIGURE 3



# FRONT FORK, WHEELS AND STEERING REFER TO FIGURE 3

FIG.I.D.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	14-319-00		1
2	80-308-00	THRUST BEARING, 5.25 I.D.	1
3	14-086-00		1
	80-102-00	·	1
. 5	80-011-00	TAPERED BEARING, 1-1/4 I.D.	1
6	16-410-00		1
7	88-389-86	1-1/4 NC FLEXNUT, PLATED	1
8	88-229-81		1 1
9	15-011-00	FRONT AXLE, 3/4 OD X 16-1/4 LONG	
10	18-036-10	STEEROMG SLEEVE ASSEMBLY, 10 INCH	1
	86-521-98		1
10B			4
1ØC	18-036-00	STEERING SLEEVE, 10 INCH WITH BEND	1
1ØD	86-501-99	BALL JOINT, RIGHT HAND GREASE FITTING 1/4-28 STRAINGT	2
10E	87-074-00	GREASE FITTING 1/4-28 STRAINGT	1
11	88-189-81	LOCK NUT 5/8 NC	1
12	88-159-85	NUT, 1/2-20 NF SLOTTED HEX	3
		SPACER, 1/2 PLATED	4
		PILLOW BLOCK	2
15	88-102-15	CARRIAGE BOLT, 3/8 X 1-3/4 NC	8
16	88-109-87	FASTITE NUT 3/8	8
17	20-151-10	STEERING SHAFT, 69 INCH WHEEL BASE	1
17		STEERING SHAFT, 48 INCH WHEEL BASE	1
17	20-151-12	STEERING SHAFT, 80 INCH WHEEL BASE	1
17	20-151-13	STEERING SHAFT, 80 INCH WHEEL BASE STEERING SHAFT, 105 INCH WHEEL BASE	1
18	18-028-10	STEERING ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE ASSEMBLY, 7-1/2 STEERING ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE, 7-1/2	1
18F	18-028-00	STEERING ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE, 7-1/2	1
18G		BALL JOINT, LEFT HAND	1
18н		GREASE FITTING, 1/4-28, 90 DEGREE ANGLE	1
181	87-076-00	GREASE FITTING, 1/4-28, 45 DEGREE ANGLE	1
19	20-147-00	STEERING JACK-SHAFT	1
2Ø	88-527-11	COTTER PIN, 1/8 X 1	1
21	88-840-09	EXTERNAL SNAP RING FOR 3/4 SHAFT	1
22	19-008-00	CLOVERLEAF STEERING WHEEL, SHAFT & SPROCKET ASSEMBLY	1
23	30-223-00	CHAIN, #40, 39 PITCHES	1
23	30-258-00	CHAIN, #40, 47 PITCHES	1
24	30-400-00	LINK MASTER FOR #40 CHAIN	1
25	96-900-00	TURNBUCKLE, STEERING CHAIN	2
26	30-702-00	CHAIN GUARD	1
27	88-060-20	1/4 X 3 NC HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	1
28	88-068-62	1/4 NC LOCK WASHER	1
29	88-069-83	1/4 NC BRASS ACORN NUT	1
3Ø	45-308-00	OIL SEAL FOR 3/4 BEARING	ī
31	80-015-00	3/4 I.D. TAPERED ROLLER BEARING	1
32	80-105-00	TAPERED BEARING RACE FOR 3/4 I.D. BEARING	ī
33	97-236-00	1/2 LUG NUT, TAPERED	5
34	12-120-00	WHEEL HUB WITH 3/4 ROLLER BEARING OIL SEALS,	ĩ
		4 LONG, WITH 5 HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	
35	12-012-00	WHEEL, DEMOUNTABLE FOR 4.80 X 8 TUBELESS	1
		TIRE, 5 HOLES 1/2 INCH ON 4-1/2 INCH CIRCLE	

# FRONT FORK, WHEELS AND STEERING REFER TO FIGURE 3

FIG.I.D.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
36	13-734-00	TIRE AND DEMOUNTABLE WHEEL, 4.80 X 8, 4 PLY TUBELESS TIRE, 5 HOLES 1/2 INCH ON 4-1/2 INCH CIRCLE	I
36	13-739-00	TIRE, TUBE AND DEMOUNTABLE SPLIT RIM WHEEL, 4.80 X 8 6 PLY STEELGUARD TIRE WITH 5 HOLES 1/2 INCH ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
37	10-075-00	TIRE, 4.80 X 8 LOAD RANGE B HIGHWAY TREAD, TUBELESS	1
37	11-030-00	TUBE, 4.80 X 8 STRAIGHT VALVE STEM	1
38	12-050-00	WHEEL, FOR 16 X 4 X 12-1/8 SOLID CUSHION, DEMOUNTABLE CAST IRON WHEEL, FIVE 1/2 INCH HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
38	12-054-00	WHEEL FOR 15 X 3-1/2 X 11-14 SOLID CUSHION DEMOUNTABLE, CAST IRON, FIVE 1/2 INCH HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
39	13-952-10	TIRE AND DEMOUNTABLE CAST IRON WHEEL #12-050-00 WITH 16 X 4 X 12-1/8 SOLID CUSHION SMOOTH TIRE AND FIVE 1/2 INCH HOLES ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
40	10-250-00	TIRE, SOLID CUSHION, SMOOTH, 16 X 4 X 12-1/8	1
41	87-073-00	GREASE FITTING, 45 DEGREE - 3/16 DRIVE	1

SECTION 11
Page 1
Page 1

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES "POWER TRACTION" REAR AXLE MOTOR AND BRAKES FIGURE 5

Your "Power Traction" direct drive assembly is a highly efficient unit. Great care was taken in its design to promote long life with a minimum of maintenance. It employs an automotive type differential unit which operates within an enclosed housing. The gears, bearings etc. are lubricated from within by oil which when maintained at its proper level insures complete coverage of all moving parts. This oil level should be checked on a regular basis as outlined in the Maintenance Guide (Section 4) of this manual. If the oil level is allowed to drop below normal limits serious damage to the differential and drive unit result.

An adjustable motor mount has been provided to extend normal chain life. Refer to Section 11 for proper adjustment procedures. It is important to adhere to the adjustment schedule included in this section. Failure to do so will seriously affect normal chain life.

The electric motor will provide many hours of trouble free service. It is provided with sealed ball bearings which are pre-lubricated for their lifetime.

Periodically, the motor brushes should be inspected and cleaned. The carbon dust and dirt should be blown out of motor. When brushes are worn they should be replaced. Approximately 3000 hours operating life may be expected from a new set of brushes. To determine when to replace worn brushes, proceed as follows:

- 1. For motors equipped with brushes having end pigtails and side hooks, replace brush when hook is within 1/16 inch from bottom of hook slot.
- 2. For motors equipped with brushes having side pigtails only, replace brush when pigtail is within 1/16 inch from bottom of pigtail slot.

Inspect commutator for roughness or undue wear as arcing and shortened brush life will result from this condition.

Check wiring terminals for cleanliness and tightness. A loose connection will cause burning of the respective terminal and can induce motor failure. DO NOT PERFORM THIS MAINTENANCE WHILE BATTERIES ARE BEING CHARGED.

Refer to Maintenance Guide (Section 4) and Service and Adjustment (Section 11) for further recommendations on motor care.

The mechanical brake assembly located on the differential pinion shaft will require a periodic inspection for lining wear and consequently periodic adjustment. Refer to Service and Adjustment Section 11 of this manual for proper procedures.

A few drops of oil on the clevis pin and pivot pins of the mechanical linkage is recommended on a monthly basis. Great care must be taken that no oil is allowed to contact the brake band or drum as it will seriously impair the braking ability. If the braking surfaces become oily or contaminated for any reason it will be necessary to remove the brake band and clean all parts thoroughly. Refer to the appropriate section of this manual for the correct procedure to follow.

A periodic tightening of all bolts and nuts, especially those which fasten the drive to the chassis, should be made, BUT NOT WHILE BATTERIES ARE BEING CHARGED.

CAUTION: BEFORE PERFORMING SERVICE AND ADJUSTMENTS, DISCONNECT BATTERY LEADS FROM MAIN POSITIVE AND MAIN NEGATIVE TERMINALS.

#### ADJUSTMENT OF BRAKE BAND TO COMPENSATE FOR NORMAL LINING WEAR

IMPORTANT NOTE: Observe position of Speed Control J-Hook and brake lever arm when treadle is depressed to "Full-On" position. The J-Hook must be centered on the high speed power bar with plus or minus 1/8 inch, and simutaneously the brake lever arm must contact the gear case cover, preventing further, forward travel of the J-Hook. If this condition does not exist, then it will be necessary to adjust the brake rod as described in the next subsection.

If J-Hook and brake lever arm are positioned as described, it will not be necessary to change brake rod adjustment.

- 1. Tighten nut or brake band anchor bolt sufficiently so that full vehicle braking force is applied when the rear edge of the J-Hook is 1/4 to 1/2 inch forward of the rear edge of the neutral bar.
- 2. Check brake release. Operate the treadle through its full stroke several times, then position the treadle so that the J-Hook is just starting to make contact with the first speed power bar. In this position the brake band should not contact the brake drum. Should drag occur, loosen the brake band anchor bolt nut sufficiently until drag is just eliminated as the J-Hook starts to contact the first speed power bar.
- 3. Adjust brake band centering screw to bring band as close to drum as possible without causing brake drag. If band is too far from drum, brake will grab in the forward direction.

CAUTION: NEVER BEND the brake band anchor bolt. Any bending of the bolt may result in unexpected failure of the bolt and complete loss of Drive Line braking action.

#### ADJUSTMENT OF BRAKE ROD AND J-HOOK TRAVEL (REFER TO FIGURES 5 AND 7)

- Loosen nut or threaded rod which joins clevises attached to brake lever arm and to brake arm of mechanical control linkage.
- 2. Remove clevis pin from brake lever arm.
- 3. Remove mechanical control linkage return spring.
- 4. Position and hold J-Hook in alignment with high speed power bar, and position and hold brake lever arm against gear case cover.
- 5. With J-Hook and brake lever arm in position described in Step 4, adjust threaded brake rod in clevises so that clevis holes line up with proper hole in brake lever arm, and install clevis pin and cotter pin.
- 6. Tighten nut on threaded rod against clevis.
- 7. Reassemble mechanical linkage return spring.
- 8. Adjust brake band as outlined in preceding subsection.
- 9. With power disconnected, or with forward-reverse switch in "OFF" possition, operate the treadle through its full stroke several times, and observe the action of the J-Hook and brake band. Readjust, if necessary, the brake rod and/or brake band to accommodate to the slack in mechanical control linkage, until speed control and braking action are as described in the preceding subsection.

## SERVICE AND ADJUSTMENTS

REFER TO FIGURE 5 - REAR AXLE, MOTOR AND BRAKES REFER TO FIGURE 7 - MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE

# REMOVE AND REPLACE BRAKE ASSEMBLY AND DRUM

- 1. Disconnect main negative and positive battery leads to prevent accidental engagement of power while servicing vehicle.
- 2. Remove mechanical linkage return spring.
- 3. Remove cotter pin and clevis pin which secure brake rod to brake lever arm.
- 4. Remove four bolts holding brake mounting assembly, and remove brake band centering screw bracket. Slide brake assembly off drum.
- Band and drum may now be cleaned, inspected, and if necessary parts may be replaced as needed.
- 6. Brake band lining is bonded to the band for long dependable service. When it wears to approximately 1/16 inch thickness the band should be replaced.
- 7. If the brake drum is scored, it should be removed and turned. It is recommended that a brake drum that has been severely scored or damaged should be replaced with a new drum. To remove drum, remove pinion shaft nut and washer. Slide drum from pinion shaft.
- 8. Inspect seal in gear case cover. If worn or damaged, replace with new one. It is recommended that new seal be pre-soaked in light oil for several hours before installation. Use small amount of oil resistant sealer on seal opening in cover when pressing seal into place.
- 9. Re-assemble drum and spacer on pinion shaft,. Tighten to 100 pound foot torque.
- 10. Replace brake assembly in the reverse order from which it was removed.
- 11. Replace mechanical linkage return spring.
- 12. Adjust brake band as outlined on previous page.

#### ADJUSTMENT OF DRIVE CHAIN TENSION

- 1. Disconnect main negative and positive battery leads to prevent accidental engagement of power while servicing vehicle.
- 2. Tighten three motor mount nuts.
- 3. Loosen and unscrew each nut exactly one full turn.

NOTE: This procedure is very important: If the nuts are too loose or too tight, an error will result in the final adjustment which will seriously reduce life of the chain.

- 4. Loosen adjusting set screw locknut. Using standard socket set screw wrench turn set screw clockwise until tight. (If torque wrench is available tighten to 80 inch pound torque). Without a torque wrench bear in mind that a standard socket set screw wrench is approximately 4 inches long. An average person will only be able to develop the required torque necessary if he tightens it as far as possible with his hands and does not use any extended handle on the wrench.
- 5. After developing the required torque, unscrew the adjusting screw exactly 2-1/2 turns. It is also very important to be exact on this adjustment.
- 6. Tighten locknut. DO NOT allow adjusting screw to move while tightening locknut.
- 7. Be certain that motor has moved all the way back and adjusting screw is in contact with back plate. If necessary tap motor lightly to assure this condition.
- 8. Tighten three motor mount nuts securely.

Perform this adjustment procedure regularly as listed below to assure long and trouble free life from your "Power Traction" drive.

SCHEDULED ADJUSTMENT	AFTER	COMMENTS
lst Adjustment	1 month	New unit or after installing new chain
2nd Adjustment	3 months	Normal running conditions
3rd Adjustment	6 months	Normal running conditions
Thereafter	Every 6 months	Normal running conditions

## SERVICE AND ADJUSTMENTS

REFER TO FIGURE 5 - REAR AXLE, MOTOR AND BRAKES REFER TO FIGURE 7 - MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE

#### REMOVE MOTOR

- 1. Disconnect main negative and positive battery leads to prevent accidental engagement of power while servicing unit.
- 2. Drain oil from gear case by removing drain plug.
- Identify motor leads for proper connection when reassembling. Remove motor leads.
- 4. Remove mechanical linkage return spring.
- 5. Remove brake rod clevis from brake lever arm.
- Operate brake lever arm to lock pinion shaft while loosening pinion shaft nut.
- 7. Remove brake band centering bracket, brake assembly brackets, and brake band from gear case cover.
- 8. Remove pinion shaft nut and washer, and slide brake drum from pinion shaft.
- Remove remaining bolts and nuts from front of gear case cover. Remove gear case cover.
- 10. Remove the three nuts and washers which fasten motor to backplate. Disengage chain from motor sprocket. Remove motor, motor mounting plate, and sprocket assembly. Remove "O" ring.
- 11. For information on maintenance of motor, refer to subsection titled "Motor Maintenance" and "Motor Disassembly and Reassembly".
- 12. If a new motor is to be installed in place of the old motor, remove motor mounting plate from old motor. Also remove shaft nut, washer, sprocket, key and spacers. Note location of motor terminals relative to mounting plate to assure proper positioning of mounting plate when assembling it to motor.

#### INSTALL MOTOR

- If installing new motor, clean motor surface and install motor mounting plate to motor with four flat-head cap screws. Tighten screws to 30 foot pound torque, and stake head in place with center punch.
- 2. If installing new motor, or if motor sprocket has been removed in order to repair motor, assemble spacers, key, sprocket, washer, and shaft nut to motor shaft., Tighten shaft nut to 75 foot pound torque.
- 3. Place "O" ring in motor mounting plate opening, and attach motor and mounting plate assembly to back plate with three nuts and washers. Engage chain with sprocket and tighten nuts.

NOTE: Chain Tension Adjustment is covered in a later step.

- 4. If seal in gear case cover is worn or damaged, install a new seal. It is recommended that the new seal be pre-soaked in light oil for several hours before installation. When pressing new seal into cover, use a small amount of oil resistant sealer on seal opening in cover.
- Install gear case cover to backplate and pinion shaft. Assemble, but do not tighten, retaining bolts and nuts.
- 6. Place centering tool 41-532-50, (for centering pinion shaft seal to brake drum hub) on pinion shaft and into seal retainer.
  - NOTE: If centering tool is not available, slide brake drum unto pinion shaft and into seal. Install pinion shaft washer and nut and tighten to 100 ffoot pound torque. Position gear case cover so that seal pressure is uniform around hub of brake drum. Tighten gear case cover retaining bolts and nuts. Omit steps 7 through 10.
- 7. Install pinion shaft washer and nut, and tighten to 100 foot pound torque.
- 8. Tighten gear case cover tetaining bolts and nuts.
- 9. Remove pinion shaft nut and washer, and remove centering tool.
- 10. Install brake drum, washer, and pinion shaft nut. Tighten nut to 100 foot pound torque.
- 11. Install brake band, brake assembly brackets, and brake band centering bracket to gear case cover and tighten retaining bolts.
- 12. Adjust drive chain tension as described in preceding subsection.
- 13. Reconnect brake rod and brake lever arm with clevis pin and cotter pin.

#### SERVICE AND ADJUSTMENTS

REFER TO FIGURE 5 - REAR AXLE, MOTOR AND BRAKES REFER TO FIGURE 7 - MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE

- 14. Install mechanical linkage return spring.
- 15. Adjust brake band as described previously in this section.
- 16. Fill gear case with oil. Refer to Lubrication Diagram.
- 17. Connect motor leads as follows: IMPORTANT!!
  - A. Check that each motor terminal stud nut is tightened securely but not over-tightened as this could bend or twist the terminal post and cause an electrical short within the motor.
  - B. Install motor leads on correct motor terminals post.
  - C. Install a second nut on each terminal post and finger tighten.
  - D. To avoid bending, twisting or breaking-off a terminal post, use a thin pattern 9/16 inch wrench to hold the bottom nut from moving while tightening the top nut. Carefully tighten the top nut so as to make a good connection between the terminal post and motor lead.
- 18. Connect battery leads.

#### MOTOR MAINTENANCE - GENERAL

Maintenance of electric motors should be referred to personnel with appropriate experience and equipment. Procedures covering maintenance of brushes, bearings, and commutator are covered in the following sections. Should it be necessary to order replacement parts, include complete motor name plate data with order.

#### MOTOR MAINTENANCE - BRUSH INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

- Remove cover, exposing brush assemblies. Lift brush from holder for inspection.
- 2. If brushes are worn to less that 1/2 inch length, remove, and install new brushes. Use fine sand paper to "seat in" new brushes to commutator.
- Check operation of each brush to assure that brush slides freely and does not bind in holder.
- 4. Replace cover.

### MOTOR DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove motor from vehicle as described in appropriate subsection.
- 2. Determine if witness marks on end bell and stator housing are present. If not, mark end bell and housing to assure proper relation of brushes and commutator when reassembling.
- 3. Remove cover, exposing brush assemblies. Lift brushes from brush holders.
- 4. Remove bolts holding end bells and remove end bell and rotor. (Pull from shaft extension end). Take care not to damage any coils or armature wires when handling motor parts.
- Press or pull old bearings off by using bearing press or bearing puller.
   Do not damage shaft while removing bearings.
- 6. Install new bearings onto shaft by gentle pressure or tapping with proper tool on inner race only. Bearing will be damaged if pressed or driven by outer race or seals.
- On "Power Traction" model, replace motor seal in shaft extension end bell housing.
- 8. If the commutator is worn or "burned" it should be turned, the mica undercut, and the commutator polished.
- 9. Oil bearing housing lightly to aid in re-assembly.
- 10. Re-assemble motor taking care that all parts are kept clean.
- 11. Install brushes and seat in with fine sand paper.
- 12. Check operation of each brush to assure that brush slides freely in holder.
- 13. Replace cover.

#### DISASSEMBLE AND REASSEMBLE PRIMARY DRIVE

- 1. Perform step 1 through 10 in subsection titled "Remove Motor".
- Remove chain, pinion sprocket, and spacers from pinion shaft. Note spacer locations for proper reassembly.
- 3. If axle or differential maintenance requiring further disassembly is required, remove back plate and gasket by removing the five bolts which retain backplate to differential carrier. Refer to subsection which covers axle and differential disassembly and reassembly.
- 4. To reassemble, install back plate and gasket to differential carrier with five bolts. Use gasket sealer. Tighten bolts to 50 foot pound torque.
- 5. Perform steps 3 through 18 in subsection entitled "Install Motor".

## REMOVE AND INSTALL REAR WHEEL BEARINGS

- Disconnect main negative and main positive bvattery leads to prevent accidental engagement of power while servicing vehicle.
- Remove wheel and tire assembly.
- Remove four bolts which attach axle retainer plate and spacer. Pull axle from housing.
- Remove bearing gasket. Pull bearing retainer ring and bearing from axle shaft. Leaver axle retainer plate and spacer on axle shaft.
- Press new bearing to shoulder on axle shaft. Press bearing retainer ring into position on axle shaft.
- 6. Install new gasket over bearing retainer ring.
- 7. Install axle into axle housing and differential assembly.
- 8. Install axle retainer plate and spacer to axle housing with four bolts.
- 9. Install wheel and tire assembly.
- 10. Reconnect battery lead.

## REMOVE AND INSTALL REAR AXLE AND DRIVE ASSEMBLY

- 1. Disconnect main positive and main negative battery leads to prevent accidental engagement of power while servicing vehicle.
- 2. Clearly mark motor leads to ensure proper location when re-assembling.
- 3. Remove motor leads.
- 4. Remove mechanical control linkage return spring.
- 5. Remove clevis pin which connects brake rod to brake lever arm.
- 6. Remove four bolts and nuts which attach axle housing to chassis.
- 7. Remove axle and drive assembly from chassis.
- 8. Install axle and drive assembly in reverse order of removal. Adjust brakes as outlined in appropriate subsection before connecting battery leads.

### DISASSEMBLY OF REAR AXLE AND DIFFERENTIAL ASSEMBLY

- Remove rear axle and drive assembly from chassis and remove primary drive and brake components, as described in appropriate subsections.
- 2. Remove bolts on each end holding axle retainer and pull both axles.
- Remove nuts around differential carrier housing and remove carrier from axle housing.
- 4. Mark one differential bearing cap and bearing support to ensure proper assembly. Remove adjusting nut locks, bearing caps and adjusting nuts. Lift differential out of carrier.
- 5. Remove drive gear from differential case.
- 6. Drive out differential pinion shaft retainer and separate the differential pinion shaft and remove gears and thrust washer.
- 7. Remove drive pinion retainer from carrier. Remove "O" ring from retainer.
- 8. Remove pinion locating shim. Measure shim thickness with micrometer.
- 9. If the drive pinion pilot bearing is to be replaced, drive the pilot end and bearing retainer out at the same time. When installing, drive the bearing in until it bottoms. Install a new retainer with the concave side up.

#### DISASSEMBLY OF REAR AXLE AND DIFFERENTIAL ASSEMBLY continued

- 10. Press the pinion shaft out of front bearing cone and remove spacer.
- 11. Remove pinion bearing cone.
- 12. Do not remove pinion bearing cups from retainer unless they are worn or damaged. The flange and pilot are machined by locating on these cups after they are installed in the bores. If new cups are to be installed, make sure they are seated in the retainer by trying to insert a .0015 inch feeler gauge between cup and bottom of bore.

#### REASSEMBLY OF REAR AXLE AND DIFFERENTIAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Differentail Case: Place a side gear and thrust washer in the differential case bore. LUBRICATE ALL PARTS LIBERALLY WITH AXLE BUBRICANT DURING ASSEMBLY. With a soft faced hammer, drive pinion shaft into case only far enought to retain a pinion thrust washer and pinion gear. Place the second pinion and thrust washer in position. Drive the pinion shaft into place. Be careful to line up pinion shaft retainer holes. Place second side gear and thrust washer in position and install differential case cover. Install retainer. A pinion or axle shaft spline can be inserted in side gear spline to check for free rotation of differential gears. Insert two 7/16 inche X 2 inch bolts through differential flange and thread them three or four turns into the drive gear as a guide in aligning the drive gear bolt holes. Press or tap the drive gear into position. Install and tighten the drive gear bolts evenly and alternately across the gear to 60-65 pound foot torque.
- If the differential bearings have been removed, use a suitable press to install them.
- 3. Install pinion gear bearing cone on the pinion shaft. Install spacer with shims on the shaft. Place the bearing retainer on the pinion shaft, and install the front bearing cone. Lubricate both bearings with differential oil.
- 4. Place spacers, sprocket, and brake drum on pinion shaft spline. Assemble washer and shaft nut, and tighten to 100 foot pound torque. NOTE: The bearing should spin freely without end play. If it is too tight or too loose, adjust by using shims.
- 5. Shim Selection: Manufacturing tolerances in the pinion bore dimensions and in the best operating postion of the gears make an adjustment shim This shim is placed between the pinion retainer and the necessary. carrier, Figure 5. An increase in the thickness of the shim moves the pinion away from the drive gear. Manufacturing objectives are to make axles requiring a .0015 inch shim and if a new assembly is being built, a .0015 inch shim should be used for a tentative build-up. Shims are available in .010 inch to .021 inch thicknesses in steps of .001 inches. Pinions and drive gears are marked, when matched, with the same number. Following the number on the pinion is a minus (-) or (+) followed by a number. If the pinion is marked "-1" it indicates that a shim .001 inches thinner than a standard shim for this carrier is required, a minus number means the pinion should be be moved closed to the drive gear and a thinner shim is required. A plus number means the pinion should be moved farther from the drive gear and a thicker shim is required. A pinion marked zero  $(\emptyset)$  is a standard pinion. To select a shim, measure the original shim with a micrometer. Note the dimensional mark on the original pinion. the mark on the original pinion with the mark on the new pinion to determine how the original shim should be modified. For example, if the original shim is .015 inches and the original pinion is marked " -1", the new pinion requires a +1 shim. Therefore, the new pinion requires a .002 inch thicker shim, and a .017 inch shim should be used. If the new pinion is marked the same as the old pinion, no shim change is required.

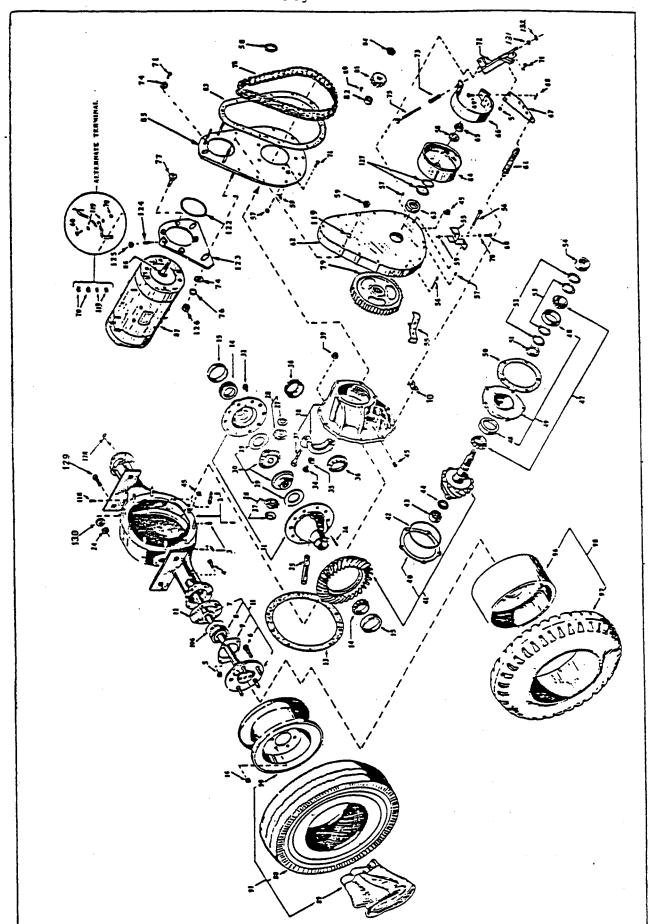
SECTION 11

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#### REASSEMBLE OF REAR AXLE AND DIFFERENTIAL ASSEMBLY continued

- 6. After the proper selection of shims, insert "0" ring seal and pinion retainer assembly into differential carrier. Tighten 5 retainer bolts to 50 pound foot torque.
- 7. Install differential case, bearing cups, adjusting nuts, and bearing caps being sure that each cap is located in the same position from which it was removed. (Use marks as guide.)
- 8. ADJUST bearing nuts so that differential case will be free to revolve. It is very important that there will be no bearing play or looseness, as this will in time lead to gear noise and wear. Gear backlash must be set at the same times to a tolerance of .005 inches to .009 inches.
- 9. Install nut locks.
- 10. Install differential carrier assembly in axle housing using new gasket and gasket sealer.
- Install axles, bearing retainers, and gaskets.
  NOTE: Axles are equipped with special sealed bearings. Should there be evidence of seal leakage, it is recommended that the bearing be replaced. It is also recommended that gasket located between bearing and bearing seat in axle housing be replaced at the same time. Refer to Figure 5.
- 12. Remove pinion shaft nut, washer, spacers, brake drum, and sprocket. Remove five bolts from pinion bearing retainer. Install primary drive components as described is subsection entitled "Disassemble and Reassemble Primary Drive."
- 13. Fill housing with oil. Refer to Section 5, Figure 1.

REAR AXLE, MOTOR AND BRAKES Figure 5



# POWER TRACTION DRIVE AXLE FIGURE 5

FIG.I.D.	T-D PART NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	41-290-00	HOUSING REAR AXLE WITH BOLTS BOLT-DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER TO HOUSING DRAIN AND LEVEL PLUG (1/8 INCH PIPE) HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 3/8 ICNH X 1 INCH N.C. LOCK NUT 3/8 INCH N.C. (HEX) BOLT - 1/2 INCH N.F. (SPECIAL) REAL HUB RETAINER RING REAR AXLE BEARING REAR AXLE BALL BEARING RETAINER PLATE REAR AXLE SPRING CLIP, REAR AXLE AXLE ASSEMBLY WITH AXLE RETAINER RING, RETAINER PLATE, BEARING GASKET AND OIL SEAL	1
2	96-330-00	BOLT-DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER TO HOUSING	10
3	41-997-00	DRAIN AND LEVEL PLUG (1/8 INCH PIPE)	2
4	88-100-11	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 3/8 ICNH X 1 INCH N.C.	8
5	88-109-81	LOCK NUT 3/8 INCH N.C. (HEX)	10
6	96-331-00	BOLT - 1/2 INCH N.F. (SPECIAL) REAL HUB	10
7	32-515-00	RETAINED DING DEAD AYLE BEADING	2
8	80-503-00	PEAR AYLE RALL BEARING	2
9	32-514-00	DEMATMED DIAME DEAD AVIE	2
10	01-500-00	CODING GITD DEAD AVID	2
11	41-163-20	AVIE ACCEMENT MITTER AVIE DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION	2
	41-103-20	PLATE, BEARING GASKET AND OIL SEAL	1
		AXLE ASSEMBLY WITH AXLE, RETAINER RING, RETAINER PLATE, BEARING, GASKET AND OIL SEAL	
13	45-042-00	GASKET (HOUSING TO DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER) TAPERED ROLLER BEARING - CARRIER	1
14	80-511-00	TAPERED ROLLER BEARING - CARRIER	2
		(SMALL 1.628 I.D.)	
	80-512-00	TAPERED ROLLER BEARING - CARRIER	2
15	80-127-00	TAPERED BEARING RACE - CARRIER (SMALL) TAPERED BEARING RACE - CARRIER (LARGE) NUT 1/2" N.F. (LUG) LOCK NUT 1/2 INCH N.C. (HEX) DIFFERENTIAL PINION SHAFT PIN	2
15	80-128-00	TATERED BEARING RACE - CARRIER (SHREE)	2
16	97-236-88	NIM 1/2" N P (IIIC)	10
24	97-230-00	TOOK NUM 1/2 TYOU N C /NEW)	10
24	43 749-61	LOCK NOT 1/2 INCH N.C. (HEX)	OR 4
24	41-700-00	DIFFERENTIAL PINION SHAFT	1
20	41-701-00	PIN	Ť
27	41-702-00	THRUST WASHER - DIFFERENTIAL PINION SHAFT	2
		DIFFERENTIAL SHAFT PINION KIT (TWO DIFFERENTIAL GEARS AND TWO THRUST WASHERS)	
29	41-704-00	THRUST WASHER - DIFFERENTIAL SIDE GEAR	2
3Ø	41-705-00	THRUST WASHER - DIFFERENTIAL SIDE GEAR DIFFERENTIAL SIDE GEAR KIT (TWO DIFFERENTIAL SIDE GEARS AND TWO THRUST WASHERS	1
31	41-117-00	DIFFERENTIAL SIDE GEAR CASE ASSEMBLY (SMALL	1
31	41-713-00	CARRIER BEARINGS 1.628 INCH I.D. DIFFERENTIAL GEAR CASE ASSEMBLY (LARGE CARRIER BEARINGS 1.784 INCHE I.D.	i
01	41 /10 00	CADDIED DEADINGS 1 704 INCHE I D	ī
2.2	99_134_14	UPV UPAD CAD CODEN 7/16 INCH V 7/0 INCH N D	iø
34	9989419	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 7/16 INCH X 7/8 INCH N.F. HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 5/16 INCH X 3/8 INCH N.C.	16
35	43 766 66	HEA HEAD CAP SCREW 5/16 INCH X 3/8 INCH N.C.	2
	41-706-00	DIFFERENTIAL BEARING ADJUSTMENT LOCK NUT	
36	41-707-00	NUT-DIFFERENTIAL BEARING ADJUSTMENT 3-1/8 INCHES - 16 THREAD (FOR SMALL CARRIER	2
		BEARING 1.628 INCH I.D.)	•
36	41-708-00	NUT-DIFFERENTIAL BEARING ADJUSTMENT 3-5/16 INCH - 16 THREAD (FOR LARGE CARRIER	2
30	43 700 70	BEARING 1.784 INCH I.D.)	-
38	41-709-00	DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY (FOR SMALL CARRIER BEARINGS 1.628 INCH I.D.)	1
38	41-710-00	DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY (FOR LARGE CARRIER BEARINGS 1.784 INCH I.D.)	1
39	88-119-80	NUT - 3/8 INCH N.F. (HEX)	14
40	41-711-00		
41	31-235-00		10 3
41	31-236-00	RING AND PINION GEAR SET 2.75 RATIO	1
41		RING AND PINION GEAR SET 3.10 RATIO	_1
	31-237-00	RING AND PINION GEAR SET 3.25 RATIO	1
41 41	31-238-00	RING AND PINION GEAR SET 3.50 RATIO	
	31-239-00	RING AND PINION GEAR SET 5.43 RATIO	1
42	80-702-00	"O" RING - DRIVE PINION BEARING RETAINER	
43	80-555-00	BALL BEARING - REAR, PINION PILOT	1

# POWER TRACTION DRIVE AXLE FIGURE 5

FIG.I.D.	T-D PART NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
44	41-714-00	DRIVING PINING PILOT BEARING RETAINER	1
	41-996-00	PLUG - (LEVEL) 1/2" WITH RECESSED TOP 1	OR 3
47	80-554-00	TAPERED ROLLER BEARING - PINION SHAFT	2
48	80-125-00	TAPERED BEARING RACE - PINION SHAFT	2
49	44-340-90	PINION BEARING CASE ASSEMBLY AND BEARING RACES	1
5Ø	45-021-00	GASKET GEAR CAST TO PINION BEARING ASSEMBLY	1
51	16-415-00	SPACER PINION SHAFT (.440 INCH THICK)	1
52	16-410-00	SPACER PINION SHAFT (.020 INCH THICK) 2	TO 6
	16-411-00		
	16-414-00		į
54	16-417-00		1
	41-371-00	BRAKE ALIGNMENT BRACKET	2 9 2
56 57	88-080-20	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 5/16 INCH X 3 INCH N.C.	9
	41-989-00		2
	88-228-61		
	88-089-81	LOCK NUT 5/16 INCH N.C. (HEX)	14 2
6Ø 61	88-080-11 85-270-00	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 5/16 INCH X 1 N.C.	-
		EXTENSION SPRING, 1-1/4 O.D. X 4-3/8 LONG	1
62 63	43-201-00 45-331-00	GEAR CASE COVER	1
			1
	41-532-00 97-250-00	NUT - PINION 3/4 INCH - 20 EXTRA FINE THREAD	ì
	41-661-68	KIT, FULL BRAKE BAND FOR 6 INCH DRUM, DRIVE	ī
00	41-001-00	SHAFT - BRAKE	-
67	50-656-00		1
68	88-517-11	COTTER PIN 3/32 INCH X 1 INCH	ī
69	96-771-00	CLEVIS PIN 3/8 X 3/4 INCH FACE TO HOLE	1
70	88_889_88	NUT - 5/16 INCH N.C. (HEX)	īø
71	88-100-13	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 3/8 INCH X 1-1/4 INCH N.C.	7
72	41-372-10	•	1
7.3	85-060-10		1 3
74	88-108-60	WASHER 3/8 INCH FLAT CUT	3
/5	96-245-10	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 1/2 INCH X 5 N.F.	1
	88-108-62		7
77	88-103-09	FLAT HEAD SOCKET CAP SCREW	4
		3/8 INCH X 3/4 INCH N.C.	_
78	30-506-00	CHAIN - 36 LINKS (FOR 42 TOOTH SPROCKET) CHAIN - 41 LINKS (FOR 59 TOOTH SPROCKET)	1
78	30-507-20	CHAIN - 41 LINKS (FOR 59 TOOTH SPROCKET)	1
78	30-508-20	CHAIN - 48 LINKS (FOR 81 TOOTH SPROCKET)	,
79	30-091-00	SPROCKET - 42 TOOTH WITH SPLINED HUB	1
79	30-092-00	SPROCKET - 59 TOOTH WITH SPLINED HUB	1
79	30-093-00	SPROCKET - 81 TOOTH WITH SPLINED HUB	÷
8Ø	97-100-00	WOODRUFF KEY - 3/16 INCH	1 1 1
81 81	30-080-00	SPROCKET - 15 TOOTH X 3/4 INCH BORE SPROCKET, 14 TOOTH X 3/4 INCH BORE	
82	30-081-00 17-110-10	SHAFT COLLAR - 3/4 INCH WITH KEYWAY	1 1 1
83	45-002-00	GASKET - GEAR CASE COVER	î
84	88-239-82	JAM NUT - 3/4 N.F. (HEX)	ī
85	44-352-53	GEAR CASE BACK PLATE (ANGLE MOTOR MOUNT)	ī
	. – <b></b>	ADJUSTABLE	
86	45-506-00	OIL SEAL (G.E. MOTOR)	1
87	70-049-00	MOTOR, 4.5/6.0 H.P., 24/36 VOLT 1800/2800 R.P.M.	1
87	70-054-00	MOTOR, 6.7/10 H.P., 24/36 VOLT 1800/2800 R.P.M.	1
87	70-054-30	MOTOR, PRESTOLITE, 6.7/10 HP 24/36 VOLT	1
		1800/2800 R.P.M.	

# POWER TRACTION DRIVE AXLE FIGURE 5

FIG.I.D.	T-D PART NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
	NOTE: REFER	TO SECTION 10 FOR TIRE/WHEEL INFORMATION	
106	45-044-00	GASKET, REAR AXLE BEARING	2
118	88-527-11	COTTER PIN 1/8 X 1 (AXLE VENT)	1
119	88-088-61	WASHER 5/16 SAE	11
122	80-703-00	"O" RING MOTOR MOUNT SEAL	ī
123	70-454-00	MOTOR MOUNT PLATE	1
124	88-067-11	SOCKET SET SCREW 1/4 N.C. X 1	ī
125	88-069-80	NUT, 1/4 N.C. HEX	1
126	88-109-80	NUT, 3/8 N.C. HEX	3
127	16-400-00	SPACER, 1-1/4 I.D. X .125 THICK	Ø - 1 OR 2
128	88-140-14	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 1/2 X 1-1/2 N.C.	2
129	88-140-20	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 1/2 X 3 N.C.	2
13Ø	88-148-62	1/2 LOCKWASHER	4
131	88-159-84	LOCK NUT, 1/2 -20 N.F.	1
132	88-159-82	JAM NUT, 1/2 -20 N.F.	1

# MOTOR MAINTENANCE, SERVICE AND ADJUSTMENT ELECTRIC MOTORS - FIGURE 5M

Detailed service procedures covering maintenance of bearing brushes and commutator are covered in this section. DO NOT PERFORM THIS PROCEDURE WHILE BATTERIES ARE BEING CHARGED.

Maintenance of electric motors should be referred to personnel with experience and equipment. Should it be necessary for you to order replacement parts for your motor, IT IS NECESSARY TO INCLUDE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA WITH ORDER.

#### MOTOR MAINTENANCE - BRUSH INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

- Remove cover, exposing brush assemblies. Lift brush from holder for inspection.
- 2. If brushes are worn, remove, install new brushes. Use fine sandpaper to "seat in" new brushes to commutator. To determine when to replace worn brushes, proceed as follows:
  - a. For motors equipped with brushes having end pigtails and side hooks, replace brush when hook is within 1/16" from bottom of hook slot.
  - b. For motors equipped with brushes having side pigtails only, replace brush when pigtail is within 1/16" from bottom of pigtail slot.

NOTE: When one brush is replaced in a motor, it is considered good maintenance practive to replace all brushes.

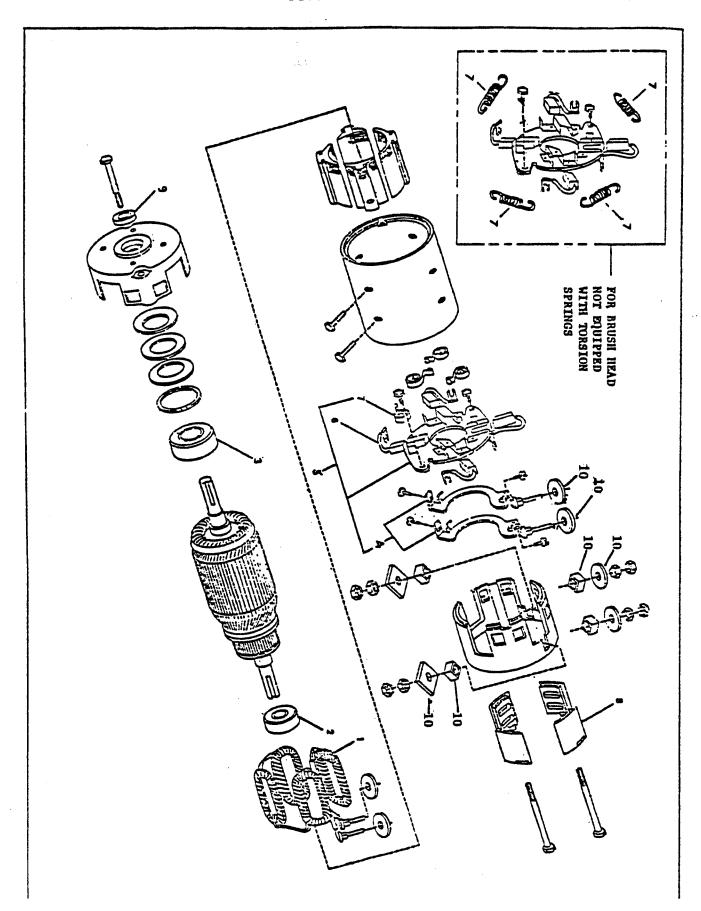
- 3. Check operation of each brush to assure that brush slides freely and does not bind in holder.
- 4. Replace cover.

#### MOTOR DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove motor from vehicle as described in Section 11.
- Determine if witness marks on end bell and stator housing are present. If not, mark end bell and housing to assure proper relation of brushes and commutator when reassembling.
- 3. Remove cover, exposing brush assemblies. Lift brushes from brush holder.
- 4. Remove bolts holding end bells and remove end bell and rotor. (Pull from shaft extension end). Take care not to damage any coils or armature wires when handling motor parts.
- 5. Press or pull old bearings off by using bearing press or bearing puller. Do not damage shaft while removing bearings.
- 6. Install new bearings onto shaft by gentle pressure or tapping with proper tool on inner race only. Bearing will be damaged if pressed or driven by outer race or seals.
- 7. If the commutator is worn or "burned" it should be turned, the mica undercut and the commutator polished.
- 8. Oil bearing housing lightly to aid in reassembly.
- 9. Reassemble motor taking care that all parts are kept clean.
- 10. Install brushes and "seat in" with fine sandpaper.1
- 11. Check operation of each brush to assure that brush slides freely in holder.
- 12. Replace cover.
- 13. Reassemble to vehicle as described in preceding subsection.

NOTE: If motor terminal studs were removed for inspection, refer to Section 11 for correct procedure to avoid damaging this.

G.E. MOTOR PARTS FIGURE 5M



# ELECTRIC MOTORS REFER TO FIGURE 5M

For D.C. Motor replacement parts,  $\underline{\text{IT}}$   $\underline{\text{IS}}$   $\underline{\text{NECESSARY}}$   $\underline{\text{TO}}$   $\underline{\text{INCLUDE}}$   $\underline{\text{COMPLETE}}$   $\underline{\text{MOTOR}}$   $\underline{\text{NAME}}$   $\underline{\text{PLATE}}$   $\underline{\text{DATA}}$   $\underline{\text{WITH}}$   $\underline{\text{THE}}$   $\underline{\text{ORDER}}$ .

FIG. I.D	. T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
Replacem	ent parts for G	.E. motor 5BC48JB550 and 5BC48JB582	
1 1 2 3 4	70-201-00 70-202-00 80-200-00 80-504-00 70-195-00	FIELD COIL SET (NOT USED ON G.E. MOTOR 5BC48JB582) FIELD COIL SET (FOR G.E. MOTOR 5BC48JB582) BALL BEARING - COMMUTATOR END BALL BEARING - PULLEY END SET OF TWO ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTORS, NOT USED ON MOTOR 5BC48JB55Ø WITH SUFFIX LETTER "C" OR "D". TWO REQUIRED PER MOTOR	1 1 1 2
4	70-196-00	(INCLUDED IN 70-188-00) ARMATURE TERMINAL AND BRUSH PAIR CONNNECTOR, USED ONLY WITH MOTOR 5BC48JB550 WITH SUFFIX LETTER "C" OR "D". TWO REQUIRED PER MOTOR (INCLUDED 70-184-00)	<u>2</u>
5	70-184-00	BRUSH HOLDER, WITHOUT BRUSHES, INCLUDING BRUSH SPRINGS, ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTORS USED ONLY ON MOTOR 5BC48JB55Ø WITH SUFFIX LETTER "C" OR "D".	1
5	70-188-00	BRUSH HOLDER, WITHOUT BRUSHES, INCLUDING BRUSH SPRINGS, ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTORS NOT USED ON MOTOR 5BC48JB55Ø WITH SUFFIX LETTER "C" OR "D".	1
6	70-101-00	MOTOR BRUSH	4
7	85-412-00	BRUSH SPRING, TORSION	4
8	30-801-00	BRUSH INSPECTION COVER	4
9	45-506-00	OIL SEAL	1 1
10 Replacem	70-210-62 ment Parts for G	MOTOR TERMINALS INSULATOR KIT	ı
1	70-204-00	FIELD COIL SET	1
2		BALL BEARING, COMMUTATOR END	1
3	80-504-00	BALL BEARING, PULLEY END	1
5	70-172-00	BRUSH HOLDER ASSEMBLY WITH BRUSH SPRINGS 1 BUT WITHOUT BRUSHES	
7		SPRING BRUSH	4
0		ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTOR	2
9	45-506-00	OIL SEAL	1
With ne inches inches be inser wear rem	w brushes, A 1, into brush meas ted 1.56 inch inaining.	edure for 726 Motor 716" inch drill rod can be inserted approximatel urement holes. Brushes should be replaced when ronto hole. This leaves approximately 1/8 inch allo	d can
		G.E. Motor 5BC49JB399	_
1	70-203-00	FIELD COIL SET	1
2	80-200-00 80-504-00	BALL BEARING, COMMUTATOR END	1
3	8Ø-5Ø4-ØØ	BALL BEARING, PULLEY END	1 2
4 5	70-195-00 70-188-00	ARMATURE TERMINAL TO BRUSH BRUSH HOLDER ASSEMBLY	1
6	70-188-00	MOTOR BRUSH	4
7	85-412-00	BRUSH EXTENSION SPRING	4
. 8	30-802-00	BRUSH INSPECTION COVER	4
9	45-506-00	OIL SEAL	i
1ø	70-210-62	MOTOR TERMINALS INSULATOR KIT	ī
<del></del>		The same of the sa	

### ELECTRIC MOTORS REFER TO FIGURE 5M

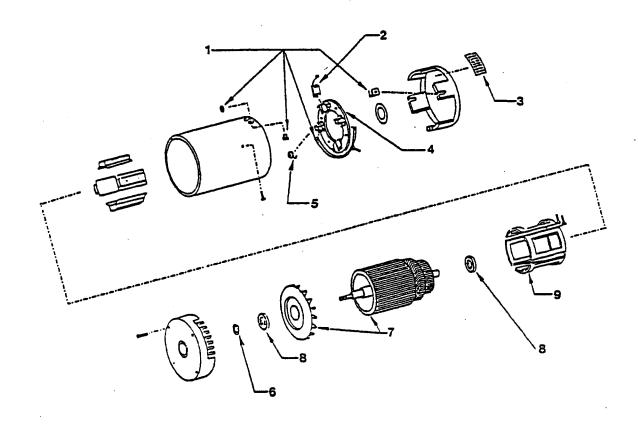
For D.C. Motor replacement parts, IT IS NECESSARY TO INCLUDE COMPLETE MOTOR NAME PLATE DATA WITH THE ORDER..

G. I.D	T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
placem	ent parts for G	E.E. motor 5BC48JB550 and 5BC48JB582	
1	70-201-00	FIELD COIL SET (NOT USED ON G.E. MOTOR 5BC48JB582)	1
1	70-202-00	FIELD COIL SET (FOR G.E. MOTOR 5BC48JB582)	1
2	80-200-00	BALL BEARING - COMMUTATOR END	1
3	80-504-00	BALL BEARING - PULLEY END	1
4	70-195-00	SET OF TWO ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTORS, NOT USED ON MOTOR 5BC48JB550 WITH SUFFIX LETTER "C" OR "D". TWO REQUIRED PER MOTOR (INCLUDED IN 70-188-00)	2
4	70-196-00	ARMATURE TERMINAL AND BRUSH PAIR CONNNECTOR, USED ONLY WITH MOTOR 5BC48JB55Ø WITH SUFFIX LETTER "C" OR "D". TWO REQUIRED PER MOTOR (INCLUDED 7Ø-184-ØØ	<u>2</u>
5	70-184-00	BRUSH HOLDER, WITHOUT BRUSHES, INCLUDING BRUSH SPRINGS, ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTORS USED ONLY ON MOTOR 5BC48JB55Ø WITH SUFFIX LETTER "C" OR "D".	1
5	70-188-00	BRUSH HOLDER, WITHOUT BRUSHES, INCLUDING BRUSH SPRINGS, ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTORS NOT USED ON MOTOR 5BC48JB550 WITH SUFFIX LETTER $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	1
6	70-101-00	MOTOR BRUSH	4
7	85-412-00		4
8	30-801-00	BRUSH INSPECTION COVER	4
9	45-506-00	OIL SEAL	1
1Ø	70-210-62	MOTOR TERMINALS INSULATOR KIT	1
-		G.E. Motor 5B6A8JB726	
1	70-204-00		1
2	80-209-00	BALL BEARING, COMMUTATOR END	1
3		BALL BEARING, PULLEY END	1
5	70-172-00	BRUSH HOLDER ASSEMBLY WITH BRUSH SPRINGS 1 BUT WITHOUT BRUSHES	
7	85-412-00	SPRING BRUSH	4
		ARMATURE TERMINAL & BRUSH PAIR CONNECTOR	2
9	45-506-00	OIL SEAL	1
th ne	w brushes, A l	edure for 726 Motor /16" inch drill rod can be inserted approximatel	
inser	into brush meas ted 1.56 inch i maining.	urement holes. Brushes should be replaced when roon nto hole. This leaves approximately 1/8 inch allow	wab:

Replacement Parts for G.E. Motor 5BC49JB399 1 70-203-00 FIELD COIL SET 1 1 80-200-00 BALL BEARING, COMMUTATOR END 3 80-504-00 BALL BEARING, PULLEY END 1 2 1 4 70-195-00 ARMATURE TERMINAL TO BRUSH 5 70-188-00 BRUSH HOLDER ASSEMBLY 4 6 MOTOR BRUSH 70-101-00 7 BRUSH EXTENSION SPRING 4 85-412-00 8 BRUSH INSPECTION COVER 4 30-802-00 9 1 45-506-00 OIL SEAL 10 1

MOTOR TERMINALS INSULATOR KIT

70-210-62



D.C. MOTOR PRESTOLITE

ITEM NO.	T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
	70-054-30	D.C. MOTOR 6.7 HP AT 24 VOLT PRESTOLITE MVB 4001	
1	70-210-65	KIT TERM STUD	4
2	70-105-10	BRUSH 10 HP PRESTOLITE	4
3	30-802-20	COVER, BRUSH INSPECTION	4
4	70-188-10	ASSEMBLY, BRUSH HOLDER W/O BRUSHES OR SPRINGS	1
5	85-412-10	SPRING, BRUSH, PRESTOLITE	4
6	45-508-20	SEAL, PRESTOLITE	1
7	70-054-31	ARMATURE, W/FAN, PRESTOLITE	1
8	80-504-20	BEARING, BALL, COMMUTATOR AND PULLEY	2
9	70-203-20	FIELD COILS (SET)	1

SECTION 13 Page 1

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES FIGURE 7 MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE

The mechanical control linkage operates the various controls and mechanisms located throughout your vehicle.

The speed control and braking systems are inter-connected, both being operated by movement of the treadle, which transmits motion to brake and speed control systems by means of a rigid strap, causing rotation of the speed control arm and brake arm. Connections of the moving parts are made with clevis pins.

The system is returned to a "brake on - speed control off" position by means of a spring which is anchored to the frame at one end, and to the speed control arm at its other end.

All wear points should be lubricated as outlined in Sections 4 and 5, Maintenance Guide and Lubrication Diagram. Proper attention in this area will assure trouble free operation and minimal maintenance expense.

For service and adjustments of the systems operated by the control linkage refer to this section and also to the following sections:

Section 11 - Adjustment of Brake Rod and J-Hook

Section 16 - Adjustment of Speed Control J-Hook Pressure

## REPLACE TREADLE TO CONTROL ARM CONNECTING BAR

NOTE: The treadle to control arm connecting bar will not normally require replacement during the life of the vehicle. However, should it become excessively worn through lack of lubrication at wear points, or become accidentally damaged or destroyed, replacement could become necessary. The replacement part supplied by the factory will have a hole at one end only, and will require that the hole at the other end be drilled at time of installation to the vehicle. The position of the drilled hole must be carefully located in accordance with the following instructions.

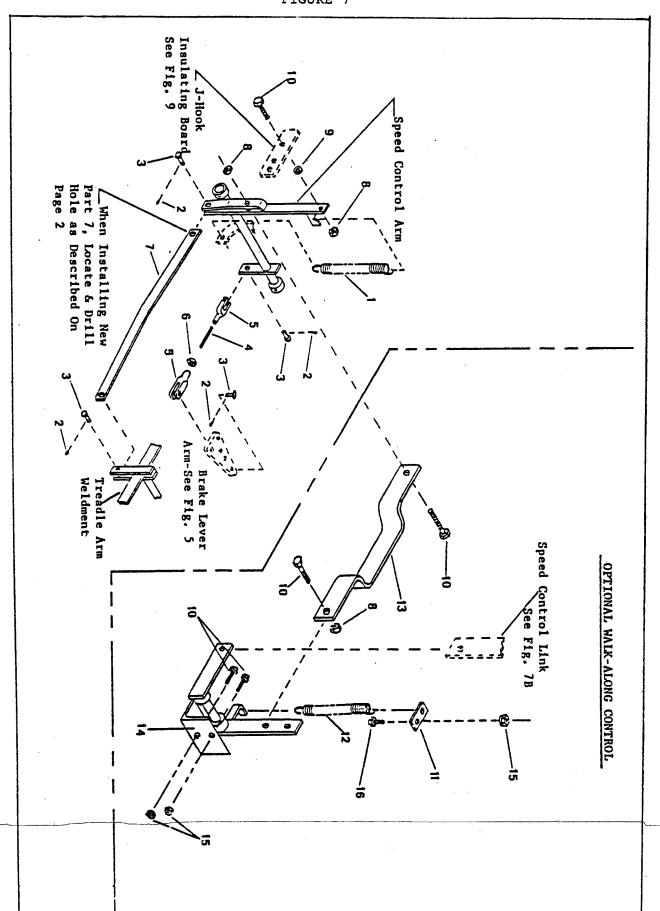
- 1. Disconnect main positive and negative battery terminals to prevent accidental power engagement during servicing.
- 2. Install new connecting bar to treadle arm with clevis pin and cotter pin, leaving it free at the forward end.
- 3. Position and hold the speed control arm so that the speed control J-Hook is in full contact with the high speed power bar.
- 4. Position and hold the speed control arm so that the speed control J-Hook is in full contact with the high speed power bar.
- 5. With the speed control J-Hook and treadle positioned as indicated in steps 3 and 4, place the front end of the bar in proper relation to the speed control arm, and match drill a 3/8 diameter hole in the connecting bar to mate with the holes at the bottom of the speed control arm.
- Install front end of connecting bar to speed control arm, using a clevis pin and cotter pin.
- Lubricate clevis pins at both ends of connecting bar.

## ADJUSTMENT OF OPTIONAL WALK-ALONG CONTROL

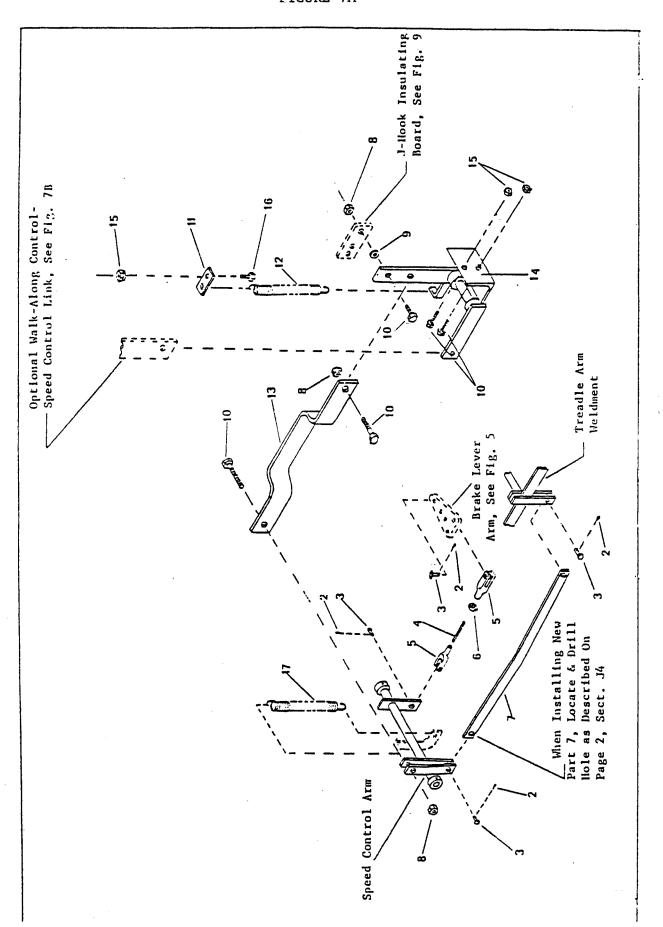
NOTE: Adjustment of walk-along controls should be made after all other control linkage adjustments have been completed.

1. Adjust clevis on accelerator link so that the control handle moves freely throughout the full operating range of the treadle.

MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE FIGURE 7



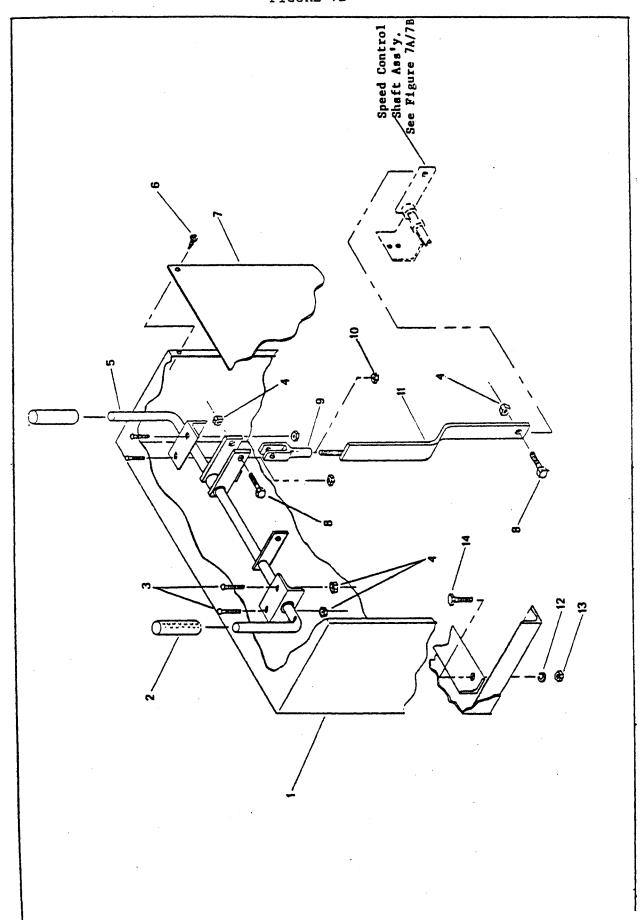
# MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE FIGURE 7A



# MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE FIGURE 7 & 7A

FIG.I.D.	T-D PART	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	85-280-00 88-517-11 96-772-00 50-028-00 96-762-00 88-119-80 50-429-00 88-109-81 88-108-61 88-100-13 85-490-00 85-290-00	SPRING EXTENSION 1-3/8 X 7-3/4 LONG COTTER PIN 3/32 X 1 PIN, CLEVIS 3/8 X 1 THREAD ROD, 3/8 N.F., 1-1/2 LONG CLEVIS, CAST 3/8 3/8 NF HEX HEAD NUT CONNECTING BAR, 3Ø-1/2 LONG 3/8 NC LOCKNUT 3/8 SAE WASHER 3/8 X 1-1/4 NC HEX HEAD SCREW SPRING TAB SPRING EXTENSION, 1-1/4 OD X 4-3/8 LONG CONNECTING BAR SPEED CONTROL SHAFT ASSEMBLY	1 5 4 1 2 1 3 1 5 1 1 1
16 17	88-102-15 85-270-00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1

OPTIONAL WALK-ALONG CONTROL FIGURE 7B



# MECHANICAL CONTROL LINKAGE FIGURE 7B

FIG.I.D.	T-D PART	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	50-644-20	CONSOLE, WALK-ALONG	1
2	98-350-00	HAND GRIP, 3/4 X 4-1/2 LONG	2
3	88-102-11	3/8 X 1 NC CARRIAGE BOLT	4
4	88-109-87	3/8 FASTITE NUT	5
5 ·	50-644-00	HANDLE ASSEMBLY, WALK-ALONG	1
6	88-837-Ø9	#14 X 3/4 PAN HEAD SHEET METAL SCREW	6
7	50-644-24	COVER, WALK-ALONG CONSOLE	1
8	88-101-18	3/8 X 2-1/2 NC HEX HEAD CAP SCREW, HEAT TREATED	2
9	96-762-00	CLEVIS, CAST 3/8	1
10	88-109-80	3/8 NC HEX HEAD NUT	1
11	50-644-23	SPEED CONTROL LINK	1
12	88-068-62	1/4 LOCK WASHER	6.
13	88-069-80	1/4 NC HEX HEAD NUT	6
14	88-060-11	1/4 X 1 NC HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	6

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES - FORWARD/REVERSE SWITCH FIGURE 8

The forward/reverse switch on your vehicle serves the same purpose as does the transmission in your automobile. It should be treated with the same respect, for abusive treatment will not only shorten its life, but will seriously effect the life of the motor, drive gears and differential.

# DO NOT SHIFT POSITION OF SWITCH FROM FORWARD TO REVERSE OR VICE-VERSA WHILE VEHICLE IS IN MOTION.

It will require very little maintenance if properly used. Every month check contact fingers and rotor contacts for cleanliness and to insure that they are making snug and even contact. If they show evidence of abnormal pitting or burning they should be replaced.

Refer to Service and Adjustment in this section for replacement procedures.

It is recommended that an occasional small quantity of lubricant be placed on the cam and cam follower of the switch. Refer to figure 8.

An occasional application of powdered graphite or similar key lock lubricant will keep your key and lock in good working order.

CAUTION: Whenever service work is to be conducted on the switch or any part of you vehicle wiring system, disconnect the positive lead at your battery or unplug power leads on vehicles so equipped.

#### REMOVAL, DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY OF SWITCH

- 1. Remove handle screw in center of handle and then remove handle and spacer.
- Remove 2 screws in center of face plate, this will release switch unit from frame. Then lift switch clear of frame noting that the end plate will be free to lift off of switch.
- 3. Remove cover.
- 4. If you wish to remove contact fingers or finger-boards at this time, then it will be necessary to follow steps 5,6,8 and 9. If you will only be servicing the rotor assembly it will not be neckessary to remove wires.
- 5. Note position of wires and mark their respective locations to insure that they will be properly placed on reassembly.
- Remove 4 wires from switch terminals and slide out of switch housing.
- Pull cam follower away from cam on rotor and lift rotor assembly from switch housing.
- 8. If you wish to replace finger-boards at this time, tap them out of their slots in the direction of the handle end of switch taking care to catch thre wedges as they come free of the frame.
- 9. Install new finger board in the rfeverse manner outlined in step 8, noting that notch on end of board is located on handle end of switch. Tap wedges into place to lock finger boards to frame.
- 10. Inspect cam and spring. If necessary replace with new parts.
- 11. Remove nut on end of rotor shaft and disassemble spacers and rotor contacts. NOTE: It is very important to to observe the position of each part as you remove it from rotor shaft to insure its proper reassembly. The rotor contacts look similar but are actually a p@air consisting of a left and a right contact.
- 12. Reassemble rotor parts on rotor shaft in their proper order and lock into place by tightening 1/4 inch nut at end of shaft. Use care in tightening nut as undue strain could shear the locking ring on opposite end of shaft.
- 13. Install rotor assembly into frame moving cam follower enough to allow cam to set in position.

NOTE: It will ease the rotor installation if you will place it in neutral position, i.e. the contacts will be free from finger contacts and the low side of cam will enghage cam follower.

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES - FORWARD/REVERSE SWITCH FIGURE 8

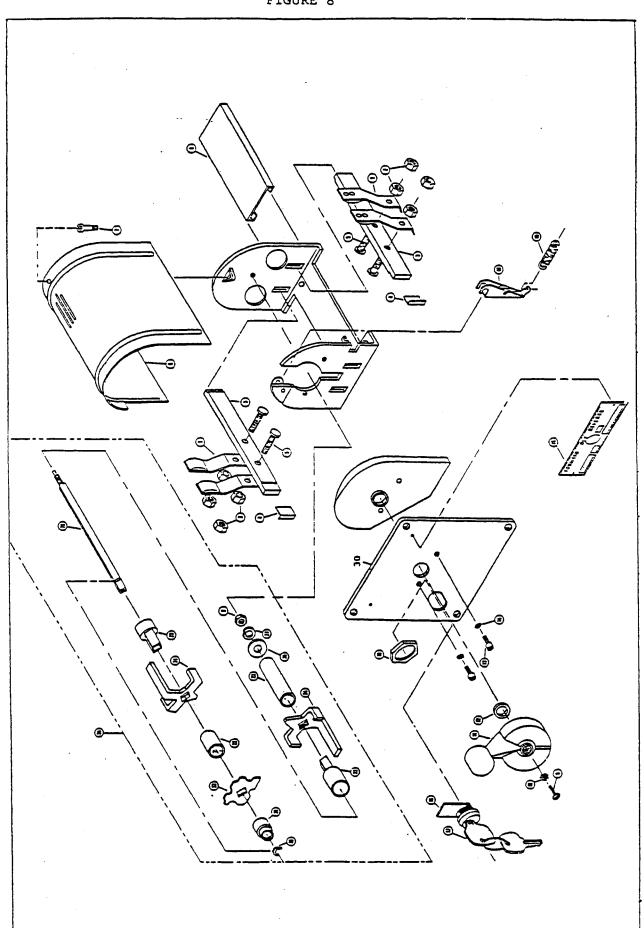
### REMOVAL, DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY OF SWITCH continued

- 14. Install wires onto their respective terminals and tighten securely.
- 15. Replace cover.
- 16. Replace end plate and slide switch unit back into place against face plate.
- 17. Replace 2 screws. It may be necessarry to exert sufficient pressure and joggle switch unit into alignment with screw holes as cam dspring tends to hold the switch out of position. A simple method to align the face plate and switch frame together, is to slip a medium size nail or ice pick into one hole through both pieces. Align second hole, insert screw, and tighten. Remove nail or ice pick from first hole and install screw and tighten.
- 18. Replace spacer and handle and tighten into position with center screw.

#### REPLACEMENT OF CONTACT FINGERS ONLY

- Remove cover. NOTE: On some vehicles it will benecessary to remove switch from mounting plate to gain access to cover.
- 2. If you will be removing more than one finger at a time, it is recommended that you note the position of the wires and mark their respective locations.
- 3. Remove terminal nut and wire.
- 4. Remove nut holding finger to finger-board and remove finger.
- 5. Install new finger and replace nuts and wires in the reverse order to which they were removed.

FOWARD/REVERSE SWITCH FIGURE 8

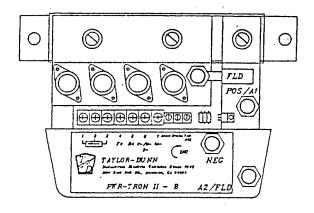


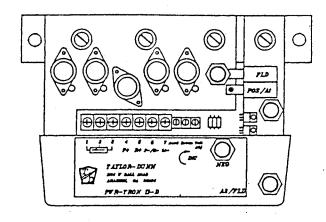
# FORWARD REVERSE SWITCH - FIGURE 8

FIG.	I.D. T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
Ø	71-040-00	FORWARD AND REVERSE SWITCH COMPLETE (4 FINGERS)	1
1	71-040-60	SWITCH FINGER - SILVER PLATED WITH 1/4 · INCH HOLE	4
2	88-079-80	NUT 1/4 INCH NF (HEX)	9 2
3	71-040-61	FINGER BOARD WITH 1/4 INCH HOLES	2
4	71-040-69	FINGER BOARD WEDGE	2
5	71-040-71	BOLT-FINGER MOUNTING (1/4 INCH NF X 7/8 INCH SPEC SWITCH COVER	) 4
6	71-040-65	SWITCH COVER	1
7	71-040-73	COVER SCREW (10-32 X 1/2 INCH FILISTER HEAD)	1
8	71-040-70		1
9	88-Ø25-Ø6	SCREW 8-32 X 1/2 INCH TRUSS HEAD	1
10	88-028-64 71-040-62	WASHER 8-32 (EXTERNAL STAR LOCK)	1
11			
. 12	71-040-59	SPACER WASHER	1 2 2 1
13	71-040-72		2
14	88-Ø48-62	LOCK WASHER 10-32	2
15	94-305-00	FPRWARD/REVERSE SWITCHPLATE	1
16	94-305-00 71-040-55 71-040-87	LOCK ASSEMBLY WITH TWO KEYS	1
16	71-040-87	TUBULAR LOCK ASSEMBLY WITH TWO KEYS	1 2
17			2
18		CAM	1
19	71-040-54	SPRING - CAM	1
2Ø		SNAP RING - 1/4 INCH	1
21	71-040-68	BUSHING	1
22		CAM INDEX	1
23		PLASTIC SPACER SET (SOLD ONLY AS SET OF 4 PIECES)	
24	71-040-58	ROTOR CONTACTS (SET OF 2, 1 RIGHT AND 1 LEFT)	1
25		ROTOR SHAFT (ONLY)	1
26	88-Ø68-61	WASHER, SAE	1
27			1
28		ROTOR ASSEMBLY	1
3Ø	· <del>-</del>	FACE PLATE	1
	71-040-76	KIT CONVERSION TO SIX FINGER SWITCH	1
	CH HANDLE PARTS		
9	71-040-80	EXTENSION ROD 8-32 X 6-1/2 INCHES LONG	1
_		EXTENSION TUBE 11/16 OD X 5-1/2 INCHES LONG	1
11		SWITCH POSITION INDICATOR	1
		BRACKET - EXTENSION SUPPORT	1
	88-029-80	NUT 8-32 (HEX)	1

# PWR-TRON II INTRODUCTION

The PWR-TRON II is developed and available only from Taylor-Dunn and is warranted for one full year. Modifications to the control unit, drive or power system will void the warranty.





PT 220 (STD FOR SC 1-75)

24 VOLTS
RECOMMENDED FOR
USE UP TO 6.7
HP MOTORS
(INTERMITTENT)

PT 290

24 OR 36 VOLTS RECOMMENDED FOR USE UP TO 10 HP MOTORS (INTERMITTENT)

# PWR-TRON II ELECTRIC VEHICLE CONTROL

# INTRODUCTION

PWR-TRON II transistorized control is a solid state voltage regulator designed specifically for use on electric vehicles. Its essential function is to regulate the power fed from battery to motor so as to provide full control of the vehicle speed under all operating conditions.

The PWR-TRON II unit is connected in between the motor and the battery. Power fed to the motor is regulated by switching the motor on and off at high speed. By adjusting the ON time with respect to the OFF time the average voltage applied to the motor can be varied. This switching is done using power transistors.

## **FEATURES**

Current Limit - Cold current limit is  $180~\mathrm{A}$ , for type A,  $220~\mathrm{A}$  for type B and  $290~\mathrm{A}$  for type D.

Thermal Roll-Back - Continuous overloading will reduce the current limit progressively above 150 degrees F (65 degrees C).

Acceleration Limit - Built in acceleration ramp to prevent jack-rabbit starts (can be factory set for various applications, or may be adjustable).

Automatic Plug Braking - Built in plugging control to give smooth reversals and prevent operator injury or equipment damage with inadvertent direction changes (plugging level can be set for various applications or may be adjustable).

Bypass Enables and Time Delay - Built in circuitry give on-demand bypass (1A) facility and plugging hold-off.

Special Feature - Faulty transistor detection helps prevent vehicle runaway or dangerous starts.

Add-on Protection - Supression diodes for the Forward/Reverse and By-pass Contactor Coils are incorporated in the PWR-TRON II unit. If the vehicle has other contactors for power steering, pumps, etc., these coils must also be suppressed by fitting a diode across them.

The PWR-TRON II unit may have a number of adjustments enabling a control to be custom set for a particular installation. The adjustments do not override any of the safety functions, hence the control unit will not be damaged by incorrect setting of the following functions:

Acceleration - The rate of acceleration can be preset by means of the ACCEL trimpot on the logic. This cannot be overridden by rapid depression of the accelerator.

**Brake** - The brake control adjusts the deceleration rate in the plug braking mode. This trimmer has most effect in the high speed braking region. The braking effect at very low speeds and about the truck direction change is non-adjustable.

**Volts Adjust/Low Speed** - This trimmer is used to adjust for different supply voltages and when incorrectly set, will cause a delay between the operation of the accelerator and the movement of the vehicle and may cause instability during plug braking mode.

## PWR-TRON II

#### GENERAL

The PWR-TRON unit is readily accessible under the deckboard. The PWR-TRON unit performs two functions; forward-reverse and acceleration via mechanical linkage to the foot pedal. You will notice the PWR-TRON unit is a transistorized supply that regulates the voltage fed from the battery through the accelerator module to provide the necessary signal to the motor. This gives the operator full control of the vehicle at all speeds and braking under all conditions.

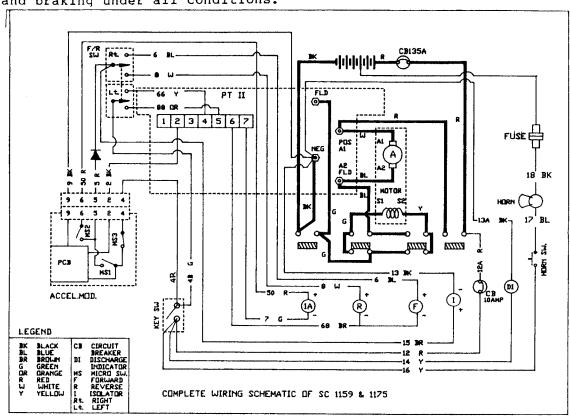


FIGURE 1

# CIRCUITRY AND OPERATION

There are two circuits included in the operation of the PWR-TRON II, the control circuit and the power circuit.

The control circuit (light gauge wire) includes key switch, micro switch, MS-1; activated by the accelerator module, the PWR-TRON solid state controller, forward-reverse switch and solenoid panel.

The power circuit (heavy gauge wire) includes the batteries, forward reverse switch and motor.

The two circuits operate as follows: (See wiring schematic) Circuits are the same for PT220 and PT290.

CONTROL CIRCUIT (See figure 1, Shown in light lines) Wire Harness 75-146-15

Forward Operation. 1) Turn key to "ON" position and move forward-reverse switch to forward position. 2) As the accelerator is depressed, a cam, MS1 closes providing a current path to the forward solenoid coil and closing forward contact on the forward-reverse solenoids. 3) The magnetic sensor on the PCB board will increase the PWR-TRON signal voltage moving vehicle forward.

Reverse Operation. 1) Turn key to "ON" position and move forward reverse switch to reverse position. 2) As the accelerator is depressed, a cam MS1 closes providing a current path to the reverse solenoid coil and closing reverse contact on the forward-reverse solenoid. 3) The magnetic sensor on the PCB board will increase the PWR-Tron signal voltage moving vehicle in reverse.

#### PWR-TRON II

# POWER CIRCUIT (See Figure 1) WIRE HARNESS 75-147-15

Forward operation. When the control circuit is energized and the solenoid contacts are closed current flow is then channeled through the PWR-TRON II and then to the power wiring. Motor speed is controlled by voltage output from the PWR-TRON II PCB board.

Reverse operation. The same circuit is used as forward operation except the forward-reverse switch is moved to reverse current flow through the motor.

### OPERATING YOUR PWR-TRON II

To put your vehicle into operation, turn ignition key to "ON". Select direction you wish to travel by moving forward/reverse switch to desired position. Release parking brake, slowly depress accelerator pedal until vehicle is moving at desired speed.

You will notice your vehicle has a smooth transition form start to high speed operation. This is a built-in characteristic of the PWR-TRON II speed control, avoiding "jack-rabbit" starts.

"Plug braking" is an additional feature of the PWR-TRON. It is not necessary to come to a complete stop before reversing the vehicle. It is only necessary to reverse the vehicle while it is in motion and accelerator is fully depressed. The vehicle will automatically slow to an immediate stop and reverse itself to full acceleration. "Plug braking" should be done in an obstruction free area until the operator gets the feel for this maneuver. This maneuver does no damage to the PWR-TRON II. It is recommended when starting the vehicle to be sure to always turn ignition key on first then select direction of travel with the forward-reverse switch, before depressing the accelerator pedal.

# PWR-TRON II PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

# WARNING: BEFORE WORKING ON THE PWR-TRON UNITS OR ANY PART OF THE VEHICLE SYSTEM, DISCONNECT BOTH THE MAIN POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE BATTERY LEADS. PLACE THE FORWARD-REVERSE LEVER IN NEUTRAL, TURN OFF AND REMOVE KEY. ALWAYS SET PARKING BRAKE.

No regular maintenance is required.

Be sure ignition key is on before depressing accelerator pedal. <u>DO NOT</u> depress pedal then turn on key. This is unsafe operation.

# CAUTION:

Do not steam clean or spray with water.

Make sure all wire conntection are secure.

There are three modules as part of this system, solenoid panel, accelerator module and PWR-TRON II module. These are all easily removable for replacement and service.

Only qualified service personnel should perform any replacement, adjustments or servicing of the PWR-TRON II module, solenoid panel or the accelerator module. This will avoid the possibility of voiding your warranty on the PWR-TRON 220 and 290.

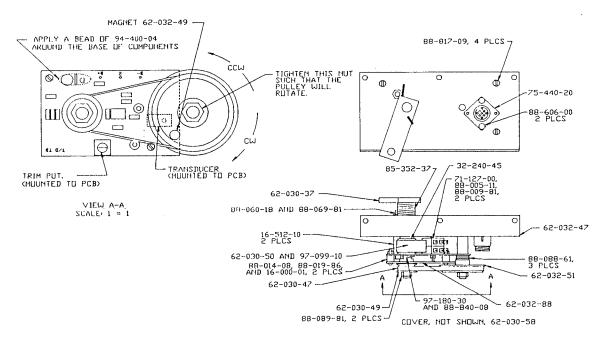
When returning vehicle to pre-service configuration make certain batteries are properly connected to avoid damage.

### PWR-TRON II PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

### 1. REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

If replacement of semi-conductors, i.e. transistors or diodes becomes necessary, the following points must be rigidly adhered. The serviceman is advised that in the event of uncertainty over repair procedures, it is better to change the complete control unit, rather than risk further damage with an improper repair.

- (a) Transistors These are available as a factory approved spare consisting of a matched set of transistors. Only factory approved spares must be used. Replayement of individual transistors invalidates warranty.
- (b) Insulation The insulation material (fibreglass reinforced teflon) must be kept absolutely clean. The electrical isolation between heatsink and baseplate must be checked with an Ohm meter after assembly. Check that the resistance is greater that 1 Megohm (1,000,000 Ohms).
- (c) <u>Wiring</u> The positions of all wires and lugs should be noted and marked prior to removal so that there is no confusion on re-assembly.
- (d) Component Polarity Transistors can be damaged by quite modest currents incorrectly applied and are destroyed by reverse currents. If replacing transistors ensure that polarity is correct.
- (e) Connections Check all connections for tightness on completion.
- (f) Final Checks Prior to the first switch on, check battery polarity. Use test light to ensure safety.
- \* NOTE: Any controllers that will be used in ambient temperature above 104 degrees F or 40 degrees C should be brought to the attention of the truck manufacturer.



62-032-18

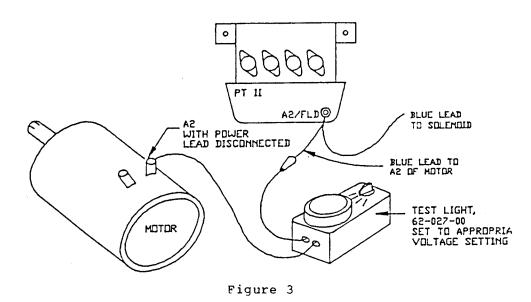
### ACCELERATOR MODULE

### GENERAL FEATURES

This item is a solid state module, factory adjusted. The accelerator mounts directly to the accelerator pedal eliminating the need for any intermediate linkage. Should it become necessary to adjust the solid state accelerator, remove the accelerator from the vehicle.

<u>Double Check Battery</u> <u>Polarity</u> Severe damage will result if the battery polarity is reversed.

It is always good practice to use the test light (part number 62-027-00) in series with the motor, prior to initial turn on. This will indicate any abnormalities in the control. Install the light in series with the single power lead going to the transistor heatsink (labeled FLD) on the PWR-TRON II.



CONTINUITY AND POWER CHECK

NOTE: VEHICLE DRIVE WHEELS MUST BE JACKED UP OFF THE FLOOR FOR THE FOLLOWING TEST.

CAUTION: THIS IS A FACTORY CHECKOUT PROCEDURE AND SHOULD ONLY BE MADE BY A OUALIFIED MECHANIC.

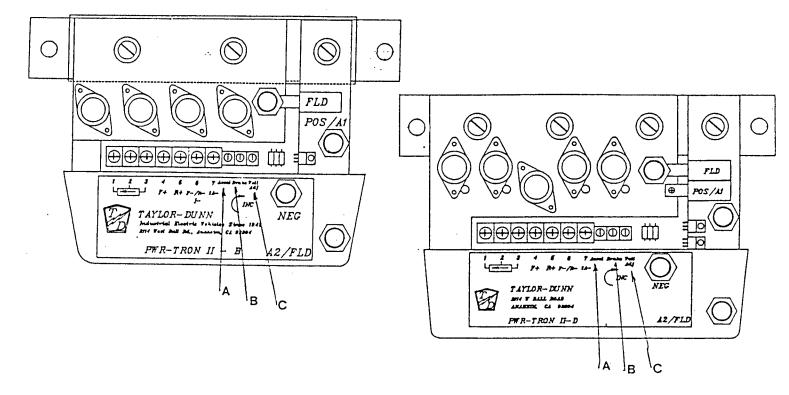
After the PWR-TRON II system has been installed, a preliminary power check is required, prior to fine tuning of the PWR-TRON. The vehicle should be ready for basic operation at this time.

Lift blue lead at A2 (refer to Figure 1) and place test light in series with A2 and field pole on PWR-TRON II. Place forward/reverse switch in forward. Initiate accelerator slowly, light should come up to maximum brilliance at full acceleration. Repeat same step for reverse. If problems are encountered, see "Trouble Shooting" in this section. Also check acceleration rate by quickly depressing accelerator full. Light should come to full brilliance in 3 seconds. (CAUTION, do not perform plugging with light attached).

When both steps are completed satisfactorily, place vehicle on floor, prepared for operation and fine tuning of the PWR-TRON II unit. Proceed to the page on "Trimpot Adjustment".

PT 220

PT 290

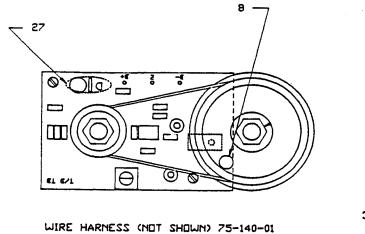


# PWR-TRON II TRIMPOT ADJUSTMENTS

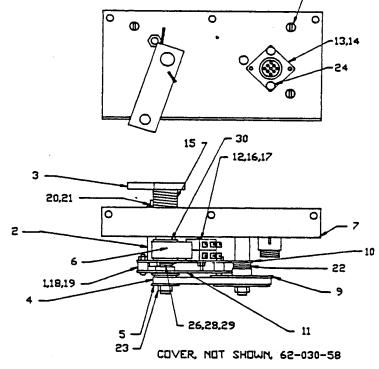
- A. ACCELERATOR Turn full direction of arrow
- B. BRAKE Turn full opposite direction of arrow to start. Turn up 1/4 in direction of arrow.
- CREEP Adjust trimpot so motor whines but does not turn when accelerator switch is first closed.

AFTER ALL POTS HAVE BEEN FINAL ADJUSTED, COAT POTS WITH WHITE SILICONE SEALANT.

25

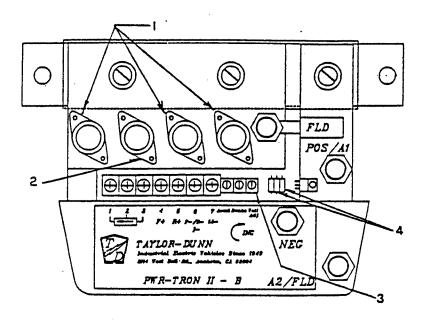


COLOR	FROM	TO
WHETE	PAD HOLE	RECEPTICAL
RED	Lon 2N HOPPED	PECEPTICAL POSITION No.4
ORANGE -	Soft 2N HOMMOD	PC3 PAD B+
DRANGE	Lon ZX N340 N	RECEPTICAL POSITION No.5
DRANGE	Lon 2M N DPEN	Son 2N
DLUE	N CLOSED	RECEPTICAL POSITION No.6
BLACK	PC3	PECEPTICAL PUSITION No.3



ACCELERATOR, MAGNETIC (COVER NOT SHOWN) 62-032-18

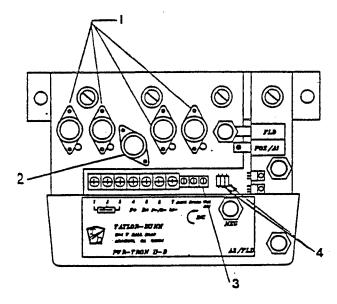
FIG ID	T-D PART	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1.	16-000-01	SPACER, 5/32 ID X .295 LONG	2
2.	16-512-10	SPACER, .257 ID X .405 OD X .900	2 1
		ROTOR, ACCELERATOR MODULE	1
		BELT, 126T, .080 PITCH	1
		PULLEY, 32T, .080 PITCH	1
		CAM 11 INCH ROD, TWO MICRO SWITCHES	1
		COVER, ACCELERATOR MODULE (NOT SHOWN)	1
7.	62-032-47	ASSEMBLY BACKING PLATE, MAGNETIC A	1
		MAGNET, 1/4 DIAMETER X 3/8 LONG	1
	62-032-51		1
		PLATE, SUPPORT, PCBLID STATE	1
11.	62-032-88	PCB, MAGNETIC ACCELERATOR, TB W/C	1
		SWITCH, SNAP ACTION MINIATURE	2
		RECEPTACLE, SQUARE FLANGE, 9	1 1 1 2
		SEAL, RECEPTACLE, 9 POS. AMP	1
15.	85-352-37	SPRING, TORSION, .840 ID, X .800 LENGTH	1
16.	88-005-11	4-40 X 1-1/4 TRUSS HEAD SCREW 4-40 LOCKNUT	_
17.	88-009-81	4-40 LOCKNUT	2 2 2 1
18.	88-014-08	6-32 X 5/8 ROUND HEAD SCREW	2
		6-32 LOCKNUT-FIBRE INSERT	2
		1/4 X 2-1/2 NC HEX HEAD SCREW	
		1/4 NC LOCKNUT	1 3 2 2
		5/16 SAE WASHER	. 3
24.	00-808-00	5/16 NC LOCKNUT	2
		CLIP, CANOE, .125 X .16 GRIP	4
		#8 X 3/4 PAN HEAD METAL SCREW RING SNAP 1/2 EXT	1
			. 05
	94-400-04		1
		KEY, WOODRUFF 1/8 X 1/2	
		WASHER, NYLON 1/2 ID X .031 THICK BUSHING, 1/2 ID X 7/8	1
30.	34-240-45	BUSTING, 1/2 ID A //O	-



PARTS LIST

PWR-TRON II MODEL 220 PART NO. 62-022-00

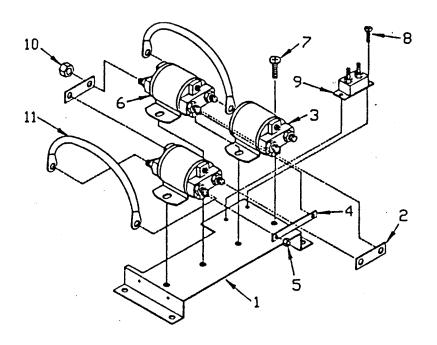
FIG. ID	T-D PART	DESCRIPTION.	QTY.
1 2	62-022-32 62-022-31	POWER TRANSISTORS (3) DRIVER TRANSISTOR	1 (SET) 1 3
3 4	69-020-30 69-056-92	TRIMPOT, 20K OHM (3/8 SQUARE) RESISTOR, 5.6 OHM, 1/2 WATT (2)	1 (SET)



PARTS LIST

PWR-TRON II MODEL 290, PART NO. 62-029-00

FIG. ID	T-D PART	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 , 2	62-029-32 62-029-31	POWER TRANSISTORS (4) DRIVER TRANSISTOR	l (SET)
3 4	69-029-31 69-056-92	TRIMPOT, 20 K OHM (3/8 SQUARE) RESISTOR, 5.6 OHM 1/2 WAT (2)	3 1 (SET)



24 VOLT SOLENOID PANEL ASSEMBLY PART NO. 72-560-02

FIG.ID	T-D PART	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	72-560-50	PANEL, SOLENOID MOUNTING PLATE	1
2	61-838-51	BUSS BAR 5/8 X 1-3/8 HC	2
3	72-501-24	SOLENOID, SPST, 24 VOLT, 100 AMP	1
4	61-838-50	BUS-BAR, CU 3/8 X 2-1/2 HC	1
5	88-049-80	10-32 HEX NUT	4
6	72-501-25	SOLENOID, 24 SPDT, 100 AMP	2
7	88-838-06	#14 X 1/2 PAN HEAD SCREW TYPE A THREAD	4
8	88-818-06	#8 X 1/2 PAN HEAD SCREW TYPE B THREAD	2
9	79-840-00	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 10 AMP, AUTO	1
10	88-089-91	5/16 NC HEX HEAD JAM NUT	9
11	75-235-20	JUMPER, 4 GAUGE, 4-1/4 LONG	2
**	72-501-24	#10 LOCK WASHER (NOT SHOWN) SOLENOID, 1 REQUIRED, IS USED (NOT ON PANEL) FOR 1A BYPASS	4

Before proceeding with any trouble shooting, read the manual; understand the basic principles of operation and be familiar with component testing and replacement procedures. The PWR-TRON II controller, when operating correctly, will emit a clear whistle, the frequency of which is related to the frequency of the ON/OFF chopper action. The pulsing of the equipment is too fast to measure with conventional equipment and the following fault procedure is based on the use of simple tools.

# TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- (a) Test light, part number 62-027-00
- (b) Clip leads.
- (c) Multimeter

### PHYSICAL INSPECTION

Check controller for physical damage, loose or broken wiring, evidence of component overheating, etc. Pay particular attention to adjustment of accelerator switch and potentiometer operation.

Prior to touching any electrical components DISCONNECT BATTERY AND CONNECT LIGHT BULB IN SERIES WITH MOTOR ARMATURE.

Reconnect battery as needed for carrying out any specific tests.

# SYMPTOM POSSIBLE CAUSE

- 1. Vehicle will not reach full speed

  Check that the accelerator is set up correctly and the voltage swing at logic pin 2 is correct (6.3 volts to 11 volts)
  - Check acceleration setting on PWR-TRON II.
- 2. Vibration or roughness Incorrectly adjusted BRAKE TRIMPOT. See Trimpot when braking Adjust in this section.
- 3. Weak and uneven braking Incorrectly adjusted BRAKE TRIMPOT. See Trimpot forward and reverse. Adjust in this section.
- 4. Very strong braking Incorrectly adjusted BRAKE TRIMPOT. See Trimpot Adjust in this section.

Armature and Field connections interchanged.

Armature and Field cables not independently routed back to controller.

- Strong braking on freshly charged battery

  BRAKE TRIMPOT set too high.
- Delay between operation CREEP TRIMPOT not set properly. of accelerator and motion of vehicle
- 7. Vehicle accelerates when key switch is on. No accelerator movement is necessary

CREEP TRIMPOT not set properly.

Accelerator stop rest (mono directional) /center off rest position (Bi-directional) or linkages not correctly set up.

Microswitch in accelerator not adjusted correctly.

### LOW OR NO MOTOR TORQUE

NO TEST VOLTAGES, FIRST PLACE TEST LIGHT IN SERIES WITH THE MOTOR.

### SYMPTOM

# POSSIBLE CAUSE

 Solenoids do not operate. No voltage at solenoid coils. Check power and control fuses. Replace if defective.

Check for power at both sides of key switch.

Check for power at both sides of direction switch.

Check for power at both sides of brake switch.

Check for flat or reversed battery.

If there is voltage at requested solenoid

Check that there is no short between S2 (FIELD) and NEG, e.g. shorted transistor.

Check that battery voltage is reaching terminals 4 (Forward), 5 (Reverse) as relevant.

Solenoid close.
 No power and no transistor whistle when speed is wound up.

Check circuit breaker. Battery voltage should appear at both ends of fuse.

Check battery volts.

Check accelerator circuit and operation of speed pot - To do this, place test light in series with the armature and wind the speed up and down with accelerator pedal. The voltage at logic terminal 2 should move from 6.3 volts to 11 volts. If it stays at 6.3 volts the fault is in the accelerator wiring. If voltage stays high, accelerator may be bad or it has lost negative lead to battery.

Check motor circuit. If the voltage at S2 (FIELD) terminal is lower than B+ then examine the motor circuit for worn brushes, sticking brushes, loose cable connections, etc. Also low voltage may indicate loss across contactor (solenoid) tips. Check resistance.

 Solenoids close, little or no power. High frequency whistle. Check motor circuit for short circuits.

Check for loose connections.

Check for interchanged armature and field connections.

 Solenoids close.
 Vehicle accelerates to full speed but lacks power. Check battery voltage under load. Check voltage on transistor heatsink, S2. If low to full speed but lacks power (approx. 2 volts) when accelerating, check motor circuit. If high, check for loose connections.

# SYMPTOM

# POSSIBLE CAUSE

# FULL MOTOR TORQUE AVAILABLE - GENERAL FAULTS

TO TEST VOLTAGES, FIRST PLACE TEST LIGHT IN SERIES WITH ARMATURE.

1. Solenoid closes and full speed.

Check accelerator circuit and voltage at pin 2. Should swing from 6.3 to 11 Volts with depression of accelerator.

 Unequal braking in either direction, or unequal power in each direction. Misadjusted motor brushes. Rotate brush gear to give equal braking in each direction.

Dirty or burned direction solenoid contacts.

# STANDARD LOGIC VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO B-

TO TEST VOLTAGES, FIRST PLACE LIGHT BULB IN SERIES WITH ARMATURE.

LOGIC TERMINAL

NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	VOLTAGE*
1.	Speed Pot Reference	Key switch open Key switch and solenoid closed	ov ~ 11∨
2.	Speed Pot Signal	Key switch open Key and solenoid closed, slow speed Key and solenoid closed, fast speed	ov ~ 6.3 v ~ 11v
3.	Speed Pot Reference	Key switch open Key switch and solenoid closed	0 <b>V</b> 6 <b>V</b>
4.	Forward Solenoid Coil Positive	Key switch closed, forward selected	B+
		Key switch closed, reverse selected	<b>~</b> ov
5.	Reverse Solenoid Coil Positive	Key switch closed, reverse selected	B+
		Key switch closed, forward selected	~ ov
6.	Forward/Reverse Solenoid Coil Negative	Key switch closed, direction not selected	∼ ov
7.	Bypass Solenoid Coil Negative	Key switch closed, direction selected. For <.5 sec., brief rise to After .5 sec., falls back to Key switch closed, direction selected. Faulty transistor Key switch & direction solenoid closed. Bypass requested Key switch & direction requested solenoid closed. ** Bypass requested before 3 secs.  after 3 secs.	~ 7v ~ Ø B+ ~ ov - ov
NEG.	Battery Negative	A11	0
POS/Al	Battery Positive	After key switch & solenoid closed	B+
A2/FLD	Armature & Forward/Reverse Solenoid Normally Closed	Key switch & solenoid closed - Vehicle at rest	B+
	-	Key switch & solenoid closed - Vehicle at full speed	<b>~</b> 2∨
FLD	Field, i.e. Forward/Reverse Solenoid Normally Open	Key switch open Key switch closed and solenoid open	OV B+

<sup>\*</sup>B+ = Battery Positive - Voltages are measured with respect to Battery Negative.

<sup>\*\* =</sup> This delay is set by Acceleration Trimpot.

PWR-TRON II
SC 1-75 SUGGESTED SPARE PARTS LIST

		NO. OF CARTS		
T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	1-20	21-50	50-UP
62-022-00	PT 220 SPEED CONTROLLER	1	1	2
62-022-31	DRIVER TRANSISTOR	1	2	4
62-022-32	POWER TRANSISTOR SET	1	2	4
62-029-00	PT 290 SPEED CONTROLLER	1	1 2	2
62-029-31	DRIVER TRANSISTOR	1		4
62-029-32	POWER TRANSISTOR SET	1	2	4
72-560-02	24 VOLT SOLENOID PANEL ASSY	1	1	2
72-501-24	SOLENOID, SPST 24V 100 A	1	1 2	2 4
72-501-25	SOLENOID, SPDT 24V 100 A	2	2	4
75-235-20	JUMPER, 4 GA 4-1/4 INCH LONG	1	1	2 2
61-838-50	BUS-BAR 3/8 X 2-1/2	1	1	2
61-838-51	BUS BAR 5/8 X 1-3/8	1	1	2
62-032-18	ACCELERATOR, (MAGNETIC)	1	1	2
62-030-58	COVER, ACCELERATOR	Ø	Ø	1
75-146-15	CONTROL HARNESS	Ø	Ø	1
75-147-15	POWER HARNESS	Ø	Ø	1

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES RHEOSTAT SPEED CONTROL FIGURE 9

The rheostat controls the speed of your vehicle through the use od coils of nichrome resistance wire. With this type of resistance control, you use approximately the same amount of power from batteries in low speed as you do in high speed. The flat copper bars and a movable J-Hook are the major parts in the rheostat. With proper adjustment and lubrication the rheostat will give many months of trouble free use. When J-Hook is worn ot 1/8 inch thickness, replace J-Hook and power bars.

It is recommended that all terminal connections be checked and tightened at least once a month. If a terminal bolt or wire becomes loose, k sufficient heat will be generated to cause permanent damage to the connection. Care should also be taken at each inspection to ensure that proper contact is maintained between J-Hook and power bars.

J-Hook and accelerator linkage should work freely allowing return spring to always return J-Hook to neutral bar when accelerator is released.

The speed control and braking systems are both operated from a single treadle, and must be closely coordinated in their operating adjustments.

Refer to Section 11 for adjustment of J-Hook traven and brake rod length. Other adjustments to the rheostat are outlineed in this section of the manual.

#### CLEANING AND LUBRICATION

CAUTION: Before servicing the speed control switch or any part of the electrical system, disconnect both main battery leads, place forward/reverse switch in nuetral, turn key off and remove from switch. Set parking brake.

# CLEANING PROCEDURE:

The following procedure should be done monthly or sooner depending upon the build-up of contaminants in the switch area.

Clean off all grease and contaminants from space in and around power bars and J-Hook assembly by steam cleaning, if available. (Take extrfeme caution not to let the metal steam cleaning nozzel contact the switch components.) If preferred, use an electrically non-conductive tool such as a wooden stick, piece of plastic, rag, cotton swab, etc. to do the cleaning. It is very important to remove the contaminated grease that is lodged between the power bars as it can cause shorting between the bars and result in unpredictable vehicle operation.

CAUTION: Never use a flammable agent to clean switch components or any part of the electrical system.

## LUBRICATION PROCEDURE:

Apply a small amount of electrically non-conductive grease ( $\underline{no}$  graphite grease, etc.) such as Taylor-Dunn greazse  $94-421-\emptyset\emptyset$  to power bars and J-Hook contact areas. This can be done with a soft non-metalic paint brush, stick, piece of plastic or any object that is composed of non-metalic material.

Refer to Section 5 for further details.

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES RHEOSTAT SPEED CONTROL FIGURE 9

# ADJUSTMENT OF J-HOOK PRESSURE BAR

CAUTION: Whenever service work is to be performed on the electrical system, disconnect the battery by unplugging power leads.

1. Disconnect J-Hook insulating board from speed control irm and slide J-Hook near the anchor bolt at neutral bar end. Anchor bolt is held in position by 2 nuts. Loosen 1 nut and adjust the other until J-Hook may be moved with a minimum of effort but not allowed to "jiggle" freely. At the opposite end of the pressure bar, adjust the spring pressure to maintain snug contact between J-Hook and power bars. Too musch spring pressure will tend to make the J-Hook bomd amd stick. Too little pressure will promote poor contact, causing burning and pitting to occur. Re-connect insulating board to speed control arm and check operation of switch. J-Hook should slide smoothly with very little noise. If noticeable clincking noises occur as J-Hook passes over power bars, it is usually indicative of poor J-Hook alignment. If necessary, bend or twist connecting strap until J-Hook contacts power bars in a flat and smooth manner.

CAUTION: Every time adjustments are made to rheostat switch, always check the operation of the treadle. The J-Hook <u>MUST</u> return completely to neutral bar when treadle is released from any position. Lubricate as outlined in Section 5.

#### REPLACEMENT OF J-HOOK

- With power disconnected, remove 2 bolts attaching J-Hook to connecting strap.
- Slide J-Hook to full position and open pressure bar by pulling against spring pressure.
- Roll J-Hook out from between presssure bar and power bars.
- 4. Replace J-Hook following reverse procedure.

# REPLACEMENT OF RHEOSTAT SWITCH

- 1. Note location of wires connected to switch and mark accordingly, to insure their return to original location of re-assemble.
- 2. Remove wires at respective terminals.
- 3. Remove bolts connecting J-Hook insulator to operating link.
- 4. Remove 3 bolts holding switch to bracket and remove switch.
- 5. Replace switch in the reverse manner to which it was removed.
- 6. Check and adjust J-Hook pressure bar as outlined above. Check and adjust J-Hook travel and brfake rod length as outlined in Section 11.

# REPLACEMENT OF POWER BARS

- 1. With power disconnected, remove terminal bolt and holding bolts.
- 2. Slide bar out of rheostat.
- 3. Clean switch thoroughly and install new bar.

NOTE: Power bars tend to wear at the same rate, except when 1 bar may become excessively burned because of poor contact. When replacing with new power bard, it is important that all bars bne fo the smae thickness. Binding and sticking will occur when bars are not of uniform thickness.

It is recommended that power bars be replaced as a set rather than individually to avoid the above condition.

Minor high points may be removed with a fileto produce smooth switching action.

4. Follow adjustment procedures previously outlined.

SPEED CONTROL RHEOSTAT FIGURE 9

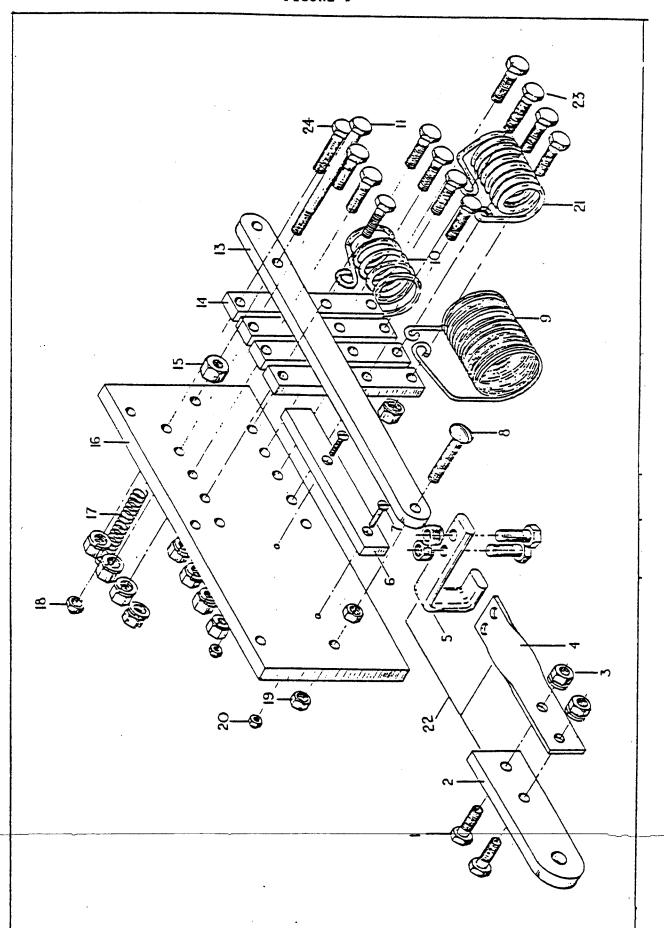


FIGURE 9 - SPEED CONTROL RHEOSTAT - FOUR SPEED

FIG. I.D.	T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
	61-837-25	FOUR SPEED SLIDING BAR RHEOSTAT ASSEMBLY WITH 78-212-55, 71-212-56, 71-212-57 COILS, LESS J-HOOK ASSEMBLY	1
1	88-060-11	1/4 X 1 N.C. HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	14
2	61-834-00	INSULATING BOARD	1
3		1/4 N.C. FASTITE	16
4		J-HOOK TWISTED STRAP	1
4 5		SLIDING J-HOOK BAR	1
6	61-935-14	NEUTRAL BAR - 4 SPEED	ī
7		8-32 X 3/4 FLAT HEAD SLOT SCREW	2
8		1/4 x 1-1/4 N.C. TRUSS HEAD MACHINE SCREW	ī
9		RESISTOR COIL, #9 WIRE	1
1ø		RESISTOR COIL, #6 WIRE	ī
11		1/4 X 3-1/2 N.C. HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	1
13		PRESSURE BAR	ī
14	61-831-00		4
15		3/8 N.C. HEX HEAD NUT	i
	61-837-00		1
17		SPRING, COMPRESSION - 7/16 O.D. X 2" LONG	ī
18	88-069-86	1/4 N.C. FLEXLOCK NUT	. 1
19		1/4 N.C. HEX HEAD NUT	ī
20		8-32 FLEXLOCK NUT	2
21		RESISTOR COIL, #5 WIRE	1
22	61-832-10	SLIDING J-HOOK ASSEMBLY 61-832-00,	1
		61-833-00, 61-834-00 (FOR SC 1-75 ONLY)	1
23	88-060-13	1/4 X 1-1/4 N.C. HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	1
23	61-832-12	SLIDING J-HOOK ASSEMBLY, 61-832-00	1
		61-833-00 AND 61-834-00 (FOR SC 1-75 ONLY)	1
24	88-060-14	1/4 X 1-1/2 N.C. HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	1

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES GENERAL ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Your electrical system has been installed with care, utilizing quality materials for safe trouble free service. Proper fuses have been located where necessary to prevent unsafe overloads and protedct the wiring from being damaged from short circuits.

Little care will be required, except for an occasional visual inspection for loose connections or some unusual condition causing the insulation to be rubbed off on a wire.

Normal replacement parts such as light bulbs, fuses, flasher etc. have been arranged for simple changing by plug in devices or conviently located terminals.

### CAUTION:

A blown fuse is usually indicative of a short circuit or faulty device. Care should be exercised to remove the faulty condition before replacing fuse. DO NOT place larger capacity fuses or "jumpers" to overcome the condition as werious wiring damage can occur.

Refer to the following sections for more detailed information on the main power and electrical components:

Section 7 - Wiring Diagram

Section 8 - Batteries

Section 9 - Charger

Section 12 - D.C. Motor

Section 14 - Forward/Reverse Switch

Section 15 - PWR-TRON II Speed Control

Section 16 - Speed Control and Main Power Switching

# SUGGESTED SPARE PARTS

FIG. I.D.	. T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION 1-20	QTY. VEH.
REFER TO	FIGURE 3 - FRONT	FORK, WHEELS AND STEERING	
8		3/4 N.C. LOCKNUT	3
23	30-400-00	MASTER LINK FOR #40 CHAIN	2
25		TURNBUCKLE, STEERING CHAIN	2
3Ø			2
	45-308-00	SEAL FOR 3/4" BEARINGS	2
31	80-015-00 11-030-00	3/4 I.D. ROLLER BEARING	
		TUBE FOR 4.80 X 8 TIRE	1
36	13-739-00	TIRE, TUBE & DEMOUNTABLE SPLIT-RIM WHEEL, 4.80 X 8, 6 PLY STEELGUARD TIRE WITH 5 HOLES 1/2 INCH ON 4-1/2 INCH BOLT CIRCLE	1
REFER TO	FIGURE 5 - REAR A	XLE, MOTOR AND BRAKES	
3	41-997-00	DRAIN AND LEVEL PLUG (1/8 INCH PIPE)	1
11	41-163-20	DRAIN AND LEVEL PLUG (1/8 INCH PIPE) AXLE ASSEMBLY, W/AXLE, RETAINER RING AND PLATE, BEARING, GASKET AND OIL SEAL, 13-1/4 INCH LENGTH	ī
11	41-162-20	AXLE ASSEMBLY, WITH AXLE, RETAINER RING AND PLATE BEARING, GASKET AND OIL SEAL, 10-13/16 INCH LENGTH	1
13	45-042-00	GASKET (HOUSING TO DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER)	1
42		"O" RING - DRIVE PINION BEARING RETAINER	ī
45	41-996-00	PLUG - (LEVEL) 1/2 INCH WITH RECESSED TOP	ī
5Ø	45-021-00		î
	43-021-00	GASKET GEAR CASE TO PINION ASSEMBLY PLUG (FILLER LEVEL & DRAIN) 1/4 INCH N.P.T.	i
57			
63	45-331-00		2
64	41-532-00	BRAKE DRUM (SPLINED)	1
66	41-661-61	FULL BRAKE BAND FOR 6 INCH DRUM	1
73	85-060-00	COMPRESSION SPRING 5/8 INCH O.D. X 2-1/2 INCH LONG	1
83	45-002-00	GASKET - GEAR CASE COVER	1
87	70-049-00	MOTOR 4.5/6 H.P. 24/36 VOLT 1800/2800 R.P.M.	1
87	70-054-00	MOTOR 6.7/10 H.P. 24/36 VOLT 1800/2800 R.P.M.	1
	70-054-30	MOTOR, 6.7/10 HP 24/36 VOLT 1800/2800	4
106	45-044-00	GASKET - REAR AXLE BEARING	2
122		"O" RING MOTOR MOUNT SEAL	ī
124	88-067-11		i
124	00-00/-11	SOCKET SCREW 1/4 INCH NC X 1	_
REFER TO	FIGURE 7 - MECHAN	ICAL CONTROL LINKAGER	
1	85-280-00	EXTENSION SPRING, 1-3/8 O.D. X 7-3/4 LONG	2
2	88-517-11	3/32 X 1 STEEL COTTER PIN	4
3	96-772-00	CLEVIS PIN 3/8 X 1 INCH	2
4	50-028-00	3/8 N.F. THREADED ROD, 1-1/2 INCHES LONG	2
5	96-762-00	CAST CLEVIS 3/8	ī
REFER TO	FIGURE 8 - FORWARI	D/REVERSE SWITCH	
1	71-040-60	SWITCH FINGER - SILVER PLATED WITH 1/4 INCH HOLE	4
5	71-040-71	BOLT-FINGER MOUNTING (1/4 INCH NF X 7/8 INCH SPEC.)	4
11	71-040-62	SWITCH HANDLE - METAL (RED COLOR)	1
19	71-040-62		1 1
28		SPRING - CAM	_
20	71-040-52	ROTOR ASSEMBLY	1

# SUGGESTED SPARE PARTS LIST

FIG.	I.D. T-D PART NO.	DESCRIPTION 1-20	QTY. VEH.
REFER	TO FIGURE 9 - SPEED CON	TROL RHEOSTAT	
2	61-834-00	INSULATING BOARD FOR J-HOOK - 2 HOLE PATTERN	1
5 9	61-832-00	SLIDING J-HOOK BAR	1 1
9		RESISTOR COIL (#9 WIRE - 10 TURNS)	1
10	78-212-56	RESISTOR COIL (#6 WIRE - 9 TURNS)	2
13	61-836-00	PRESSURE BAR	1
14	61-831-00	POWER BAR	4
17	85-034-00	SPRING - COMPRESSION 7/16 INCH O.D.	1
		X 2 INCHES LONG	
21	78-212-57	RESISTOR COIL (#5 WIRE - 6 TURNS)	1
REFER	TO GENERAL ELECTRICAL -	SECTION 17	
	71-100-00		1
		4 INCH SEALED BEAM HEADLIGHT BULB (12 VOLT)	1 1
		STOP AND TAILLIGHT FIXTURE, 4 INCH RUBBER	2
		MOUNT (12 VOLT)	
	71-501-00	HORN BUTTON	1
	75-231-00		1 4 1
	78-010-00	SECONDARY FUSE AND HOLDER (INLINE TYPE)	1
		FUSE - BUSS TYPE 20 AMP	5
REFER	TO BATTERIES AND CHARGE	R - SECTIONS 8 AND 9	
		CHARGINE RECEPTACLE, 30 AMP, 3 PRONG	1
	77-200-00		1 1 1
	77-201-00		1

### PARTS ORDERING PROCEDURE

Parts may be purchased from your local authorized Taylor-Dunn Dealer. When ordering parts, be sure to specify the full Taylor-Dunn part number, description of part and quantity of parts required. You will find a complete listing of parts numbers and descriptions in this manual. When ordering parts for the drive motor, also include the specifications found on the motor name plate. Be sure to give complete shipping and billing address on all orders. Example:

- 1 PART NO. 86-501-98 BALL JOINT (LEFT HAND THREAD)
- 1 SET OF 4 PART 70-101-00 MOTOR BRUSHES FOR G.E. MOTOR 3-1/2 H.P., 24 VOLT, SPECIFICATION NO. 5BC49JB399

Above parts are for model SC 1-75, SERIAL NUMBER XXXXX

Parts ordered under warranty must be placed with your authorized Taylor-Dunn dealer. Be sure to include original invoice number, date of shipment of vehicle and vehicle serial number.

NOTE: On contracts with national federal government agencies, Defense general supply agency and United States Post Office Department, orders for all warranty parts must be placed directly with the Taylor-Dunn factory in Anaheim, California.

Taylor-Dunn Manufacturing Company 2114 West Ball Road Anaheim, California 92804

Phone: 714-956-4040 Telex: 65-5393

# MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES BODY AND TRIM PARTS

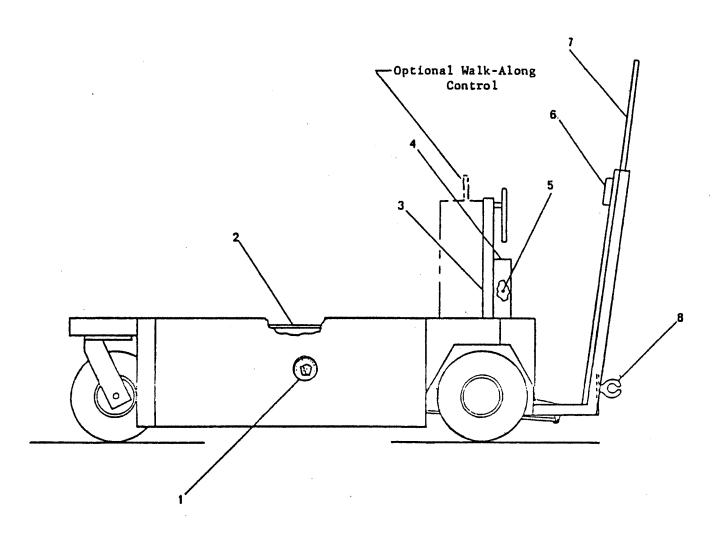
Your vehicle has been finished with several coats of durable baked on enamel.

It will require the same care as you would give your automobile. The chrome trim is also resistant to corrosion and will require an occasional cleaning.

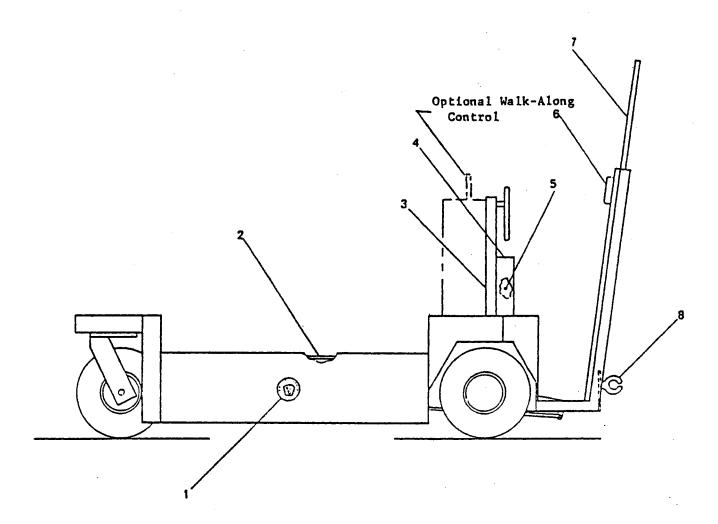
It is recommended that your vbehicle be washed with a mild soap and warm water. For long life a good automotive type of wax will extend the life of the finish and maintain lasting beauty.

For identification of body and trim parts available for repair and replacement, refer to the following pages in this section.

BODY AND TRIM PARTS FIGURE 11 SC 1-75



# BODY AND TRIM PARTS FIGURE 11A SC 1-76



QTY.

8

DESCRIPTION

FIG. I.D. T-D PART NO. NOTE: The parts listed below are common to the SC 1-75 and SC 1-76 except where identified separately. 94-301-00 TAYLOR-DUNN DECAL 2 90-458-10 DECKBOARD 30-1/2 INCH X 42-3/4 INCH. USED ON MODEL SC 1-76 WITH 105 INCH WHEELBASE AND MODEL SC 1-75 48 OR 105 INCH WHEELBASE (DIAMOND PLATE) DECKBOARD 30-1/2 X 57 INCH. USED ON MODEL 2 90-461-10 SC 1-76 WITH 80 INCH WHEELBASE AND MODEL SC 1-75 WITH 105 INCH WHEELBASE (DIAMOND PLATE) 2 DECKBOARD 30-1/2 X 63-3/4 INCH. USED ON 90-462-10 MODEL SC 1-75 WITH 69 INCH WHEELBASE (DIAMOND PLATE) DECKBOARD 30-1/2 X 74-3/4 INCH. USED ON 2 90-463-10 MODEL SC 1-75 WITH 80 INCH CONSOLE (DIAMOND PLATE) 3 SWITCH CONSOLE COVER 71-599-00 FORWARD/REVERSE PLATE 94-305-00 5 30-702-00 CHAIN GUARD BACKREST - 6 X 16-3/4 INCH (BLACK) 6 90-000-00 7 97-813-00 DETACHABLE 4 STEP LADDER 97-804-00 8 HITCH, PINTLE TYPE 97-808-00 AUTOMATIC COUPLING DECAL, BATTERY WARNING 94-313-00 94-330-00 NAMEPLATE, MOTOR SERIAL NUMBER PLATE, SERIALIZED 94-371-00 94-373-00 DATA PLATE, VEHICLE DATA PLATE, BATTERY BOX 1 94-378-00 PAINT (1) QUART CAN, SPECIFY COLOR 95-952-XX 95-953-XX PAINT (1) GALLON, SPECIFY COLOR 95-954-XX PAINT SPRAY CAN, STANDARD COLORS (16 OUNCE) PAINT TOUCH-UP KIT, STANDARD COLORS 95-955-XX ATTACHING HARDWARE USED WITH FIGURE I.D. NUMBER INDICATED 4 4 88-727-06 5/32 DIAMETER X 1/2 ALUMINIUM POP RIVET 88-837-09 #14 X 3/4 PHILLIPS PAN HEAD SCREW 88-140-13 1/2 X 1-1/4 N.C. HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 4 8 8 7 7 1/2 LOCK WASHER 88-148-62 88-149-80 1/2 N.C. HEX HEAD NUT 88-Ø82-11 5/16 X 1 CARRIAGE BOLT 88-Ø88-62 5/16 LOCK WASHER 88-Ø89-8Ø 5/16 N.C. HEX HEAD NUT

# NOTICE OF CHANGE

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